Chemical and Physical Characteristics for Corning® 33 Clear Borosilicate Glass Tubing

Table 1: Glass Composition (approximate oxide weight [%])				
Oxide Component	Symbol	Corning® 33 Tubing		
Silicon Dioxide	SiO ₂	80.0		
Boron Oxide	B_2O_3	12.7		
Aluminium Oxide	Al ₂ O ₃	2.6		
Calcium & Magnesium Oxide	CaO + MgO	< 0.1		
Sodium Oxide	Na ₂ O	4.3		
Potassium Oxide	K ₂ O	0.1		
Iron Oxide (*)	Fe ₂ O ₃	< 500 ppm		
Barium Oxide (*)	ВаО	< 400 ppm		
Titanium Dioxide (*)	TiO ₂	< 400 ppm		

^(*) Not introduced in the batch composition

Table 2: Chemical Resistance Classifications				
Hydrolytic Resistance (Glass Grain)	Ph. Eur. (3.2.1B) / USP <660>	Туре 1		
Hydrolytic Resistance (Glass Grain)	ISO 720	HGA1		
Soluble Alkali Test	JP 7.01	Complies		
Acid Resistance Class	DIN 12116	Class S1		
Alkali Resistance Class	ISO 695	Class A2		
ASTM Laboratory Glass Class	ASTM E 438	Class A		

Table 3: Physical Properties				
Name	Unit	Corning® 33 Tubing		
Average Linear T.E.C.	10 ⁻⁷ K ⁻¹	32.5		
Density	g cm ⁻³	2.23		
Relative Refractive Index	(number) *	1.47		

^{*} λ at 587.6nm

Table 4: Viscosity Curve — Characteristic Temperatures			
Name	Viscosity [Poise]	Corning® 33 Tubing	
Working Point	10 4.0	1240 °C	
Softening Point	10 7,6	825 °C	
Annealing Point	10 13,0	565 °C	
Strain Point	10 14,5	515 °C	

Table 5: Heavy Metals / Arsenic / Antimony

Heavy Metals

Contents of Pb, Cd, Hg, Cr^{VI} is below the 100 ppm limit value stated by the US Toxics in Packaging Clearing House (TPCH) and European Parliament and Council Directive Article 11 of 94/62/ EC of 10. Dec. 1994 on packaging and packaging waste with updates 2001/171/EC and 2006/340/EC.

Arsenic and Antimony

Corning Pharmaceutical Glass does not introduce any arsenic nor antimony in the batch composition of its glasses. Tests performed as per U.S. and European Pharmacopoeia prescriptions on containers made from Corning clear glass tubes give the following results: As = Not detectable; Sb = Not detectable