

INTERIM REMEDIAL MEASURES WORK PLAN

Study Area Bounded by Pyrex Street, E. Pulteney Street, Post Creek and Chemung River Corning, NY

NYSDEC Project ID 851046

Corning Christian Academy Property

November 10, 2016

Prepared for:

Corning Incorporated Corning, New York

Prepared by:

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W.O. No. 02005.056.002.0001



Certification

I, Michael H. Corbin, certify that I am currently a New York State registered professional engineer as defined in 6 NYCRR Part 375 and that this Interim Remedial Measures Work Plan was prepared in accordance with all applicable standards and regulations and in substantial conformance with the DER Technical Guidance for Site Investigation and Remediation (DER-10).

Executed on the 10th day of November, 2016

Weston Solutions, Inc.

Technical Director, P.E.





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LIST OF ACRONYMS

CAMP Community Air Monitoring Plan

cfs cubic feet per second

EPA Environmental Protection Agency

FEMA Federal Emergency Management Agency

ft amsl feet above mean sea level
ft bgs feet below ground surface
GPS global positioning system
HASP Health and Safety Plan

IDW investigative derived waste in bgs inches below ground surface IRM Interim Remedial Measure mg/Kg milligram per kilogram

mg/L milligram per liter

NYSDEC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation

NYSDOH New York State Department of Health

NYSNPDES New York State Pollutant Discharge Elimination System

PC public-conservation zoning
PCBs polychlorinated bi-phenyls

QA Quality Assurance

QAPP Quality Assurance Project Plan

QC Quality Control

RCRA Resource Conservation Recovery Act

SCO Soil Cleanup Objectives

SOP standard operating procedure

SVOCs semi-volatile organic compounds

TAL Target Analyte List

TCL Target Compound List

TCLP Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure

TOGS New York State Division of Water Technical Operation and Guidance

Series

TPH total petroleum hydrocarbons



LIST OF ACRONYMS (Continued)

USACE U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

USEPA U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

USGS U.S. Geological Survey

 $\mu g/Kg \hspace{1cm} microgram \hspace{1cm} per \hspace{1cm} kilogram$

VOCs volatile organic compounds

WESTON® Weston Solutions, Inc.



1. INTRODUCTION

The Study Area is located in the City of Corning, New York, and is bounded by Pyrex Street on the west, E. Pulteney Street on the north, Post Creek on the east and the Chemung River on the south, as illustrated on Figure 1-1. The Corning Christian Academy property, subject of this Interim Remedial Measure (IRM) Work Plan, neighbors the Corning-Painted Post School District property in the southern portion of the Study Area, as illustrated on Figure 1-2.

On June 27, 2014 Corning Incorporated entered into an Order on Consent and Administrative Settlement (Order on Consent) with the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) to perform preliminary characterization activities within the Study Area. Weston Solutions, Inc. (WESTON®) prepared, on behalf of Corning Incorporated, a Study Area Characterization Work Plan dated June 2014, which was Attachment B to the Order on Consent (WESTON, 2014a). Subsequent to the Order on Consent, the NYSDEC approved Study Area Work Plan Addendum 3 (Work Plan Addendum 3) for additional characterization activities in the Corning Christian Academy property (WESTON, 2015). Collectively, the June 2014 Study Area Characterization Work Plan and its Addenda, as modified, amended and approved by NYSDEC will be referred to herein as the Study Area Work Plan.

In accordance with Section II.5 and Appendix A, Section III of the Order on Consent, an IRM is proposed for the Corning Christian Academy property based on analytical data collected during field investigation activities performed from July 2014 through June 2015 under the Study Area Work Plan.

1.1 ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING

1.1.1 Land Use

The Corning Christian Academy property is an approximately 2.6 acre parcel. The land is owned by the Corning Christian Academy and is zoned Public-Conservation (PC). The Corning Christian Academy property is primarily used for educational purposes. As illustrated on Figure 1-3, the surface area for the Corning Christian Academy property is covered by the Corning Christian Academy buildings, a variety of impervious surfaces (i.e., concrete sidewalks, asphalt roadways



and asphalt parking areas), and areas of pervious surfaces (i.e., grass covered areas, mulch-covered playground, etc.).

1.1.2 Topography

The Corning, New York 1976 U.S. Geological Service (USGS) 7.5-minute topographic quadrangle map indicates that the Corning Christian Academy property is approximately 929 feet above mean sea level (ft amsl). Within approximately one mile radius of the Corning Christian Academy property, the ground surface elevation ranges from 915 ft amsl to 1,459 ft amsl.

The Corning Christian Academy property location neighbors the Corning-Painted Post School District property which is adjacent to the Chemung River. The Corning Christian Academy property is located outside the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) 100-year and 500-year flood zones (FEMA, 2002).

1.1.3 Geology

The Corning Christian Academy property is located in the Chemung River valley which contains predominately sand and gravel deposits of glaciofluvial origin and more recent alluvial deposits. In the vicinity of the Corning Christian Academy property, a low permeability, lacustrine silt and clay layer (approximately 10 feet thick) appears to be present about 30 feet below ground surface (ft bgs) in the Chemung River valley-fill deposits (Miller, 1982). The river valley deposits are on the order of 100 feet thick in the vicinity of the Corning Christian Academy property. These river valley deposits are underlain by low permeability shale/siltstone bedrock (Miller, 1982).

1.1.4 Hydrology

The saturated portions of the Chemung River valley deposits are recharged principally by infiltration of precipitation. This valley-filled glacial/alluvial aquifer is generally unconfined (i.e., the water table forms the upper boundary of the aquifer) and saturated approximately to the level of nearby rivers (such as the Chemung River) (Olcot, 1995). No groundwater wells are installed on the Corning Christian Academy property; however the depth to the water table at the Corning-Painted Post School District property, which neighbors the Corning Christian Academy property on three sides, ranges from approximately 16 to 21 ft bgs. Groundwater in the valley aquifer



generally flows toward and discharges to nearby rivers/creeks; however, groundwater flow directions can be locally altered by supply well withdrawals from the valley aquifer.

1.1.5 Ecological Setting

The Corning Christian Academy property is composed of a terrestrial cultural ecological community created and maintained by human activities and has been modified by human influence to such a degree that the physical conformation of the substrate and the biological composition of the resident community is substantially different from the character of the substrate or community as it existed prior to human influence.

1.2 ORGANIZATION OF THIS DOCUMENT

This Work Plan is organized into the following sections:

- **Section 1 Introduction.** This section contains an introduction to the project and environmental setting information.
- Section 2 Current Conditions. This section contains a description of characterization activities conducted at the Corning Christian Academy property, including the location, types and number of samples collected.
- Section 3 Interim Remedial Measure Approach. This section contains a description of the approach and objectives of the proposed IRM.
- Section 4 Interim Remedial Measure Activities and Methodologies. This section contains a description of the activities to be conducted, including the locations, rationale for design, and execution of the planned work.
- **Section 5 Project Management.** This section contains information regarding the scheduling of the work as well as the reporting schedule. Additionally, this section provides details about project logistics, including project controls, management and public relations.
- Section 6 References.

Generally, tables and figures are provided at the end of each section for ease of review.

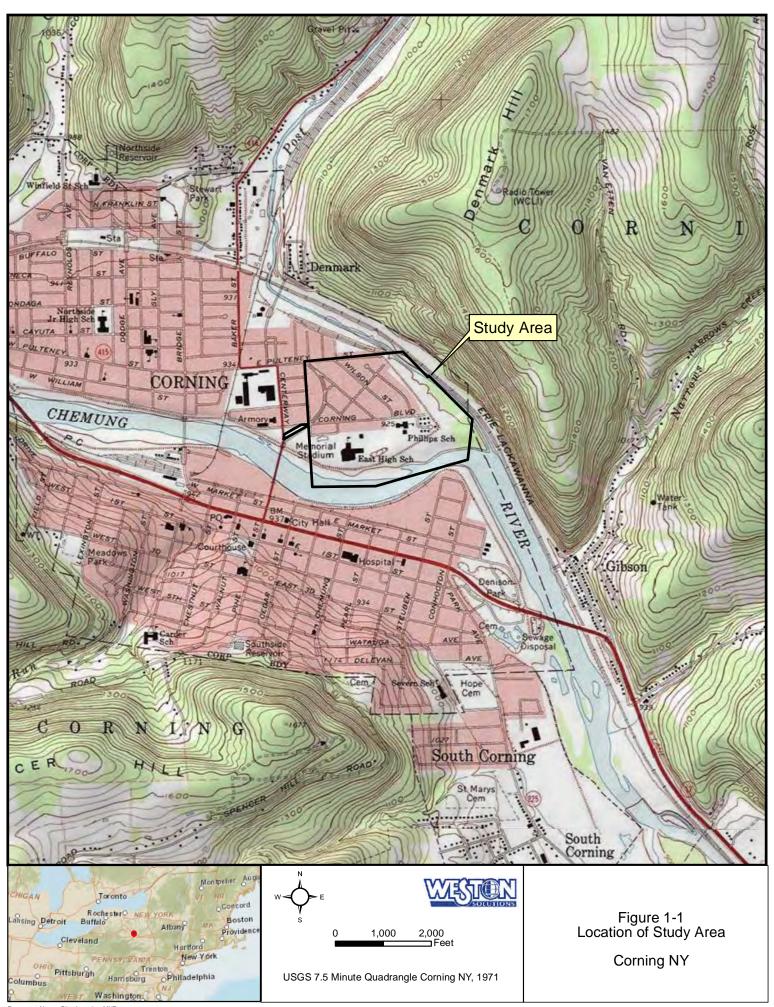
Tables of validated analytical results for samples collected on the Corning Christian Academy property are provided in Appendix A.



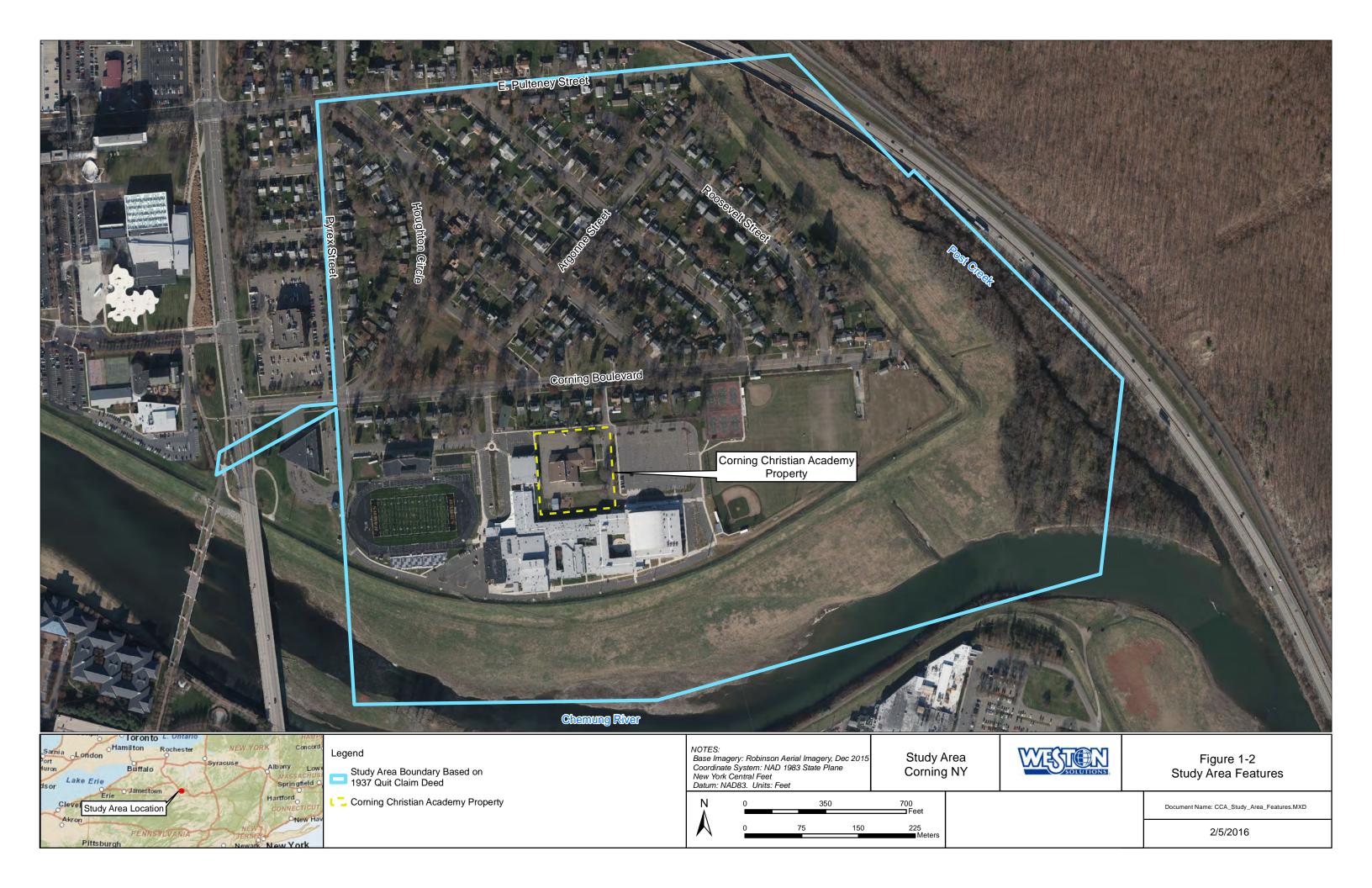
SECTION 1

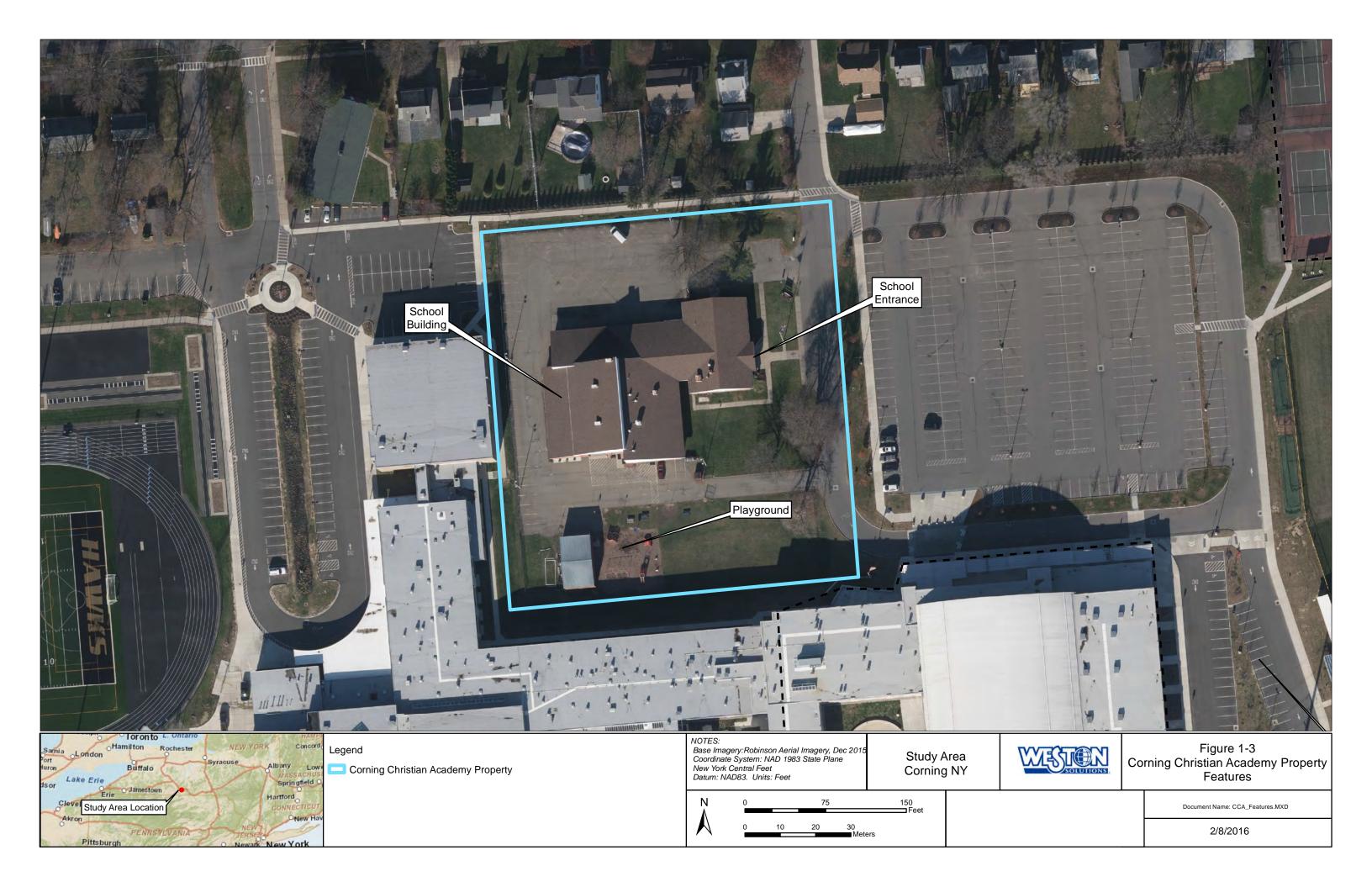
FIGURES

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Document Name: Site Location.MXD







2. CURRENT CONDITIONS

2.1 CHARACTERIZATION ACTIVITIES

In accordance with the Study Area Work Plan and Work Plan Addendum 3, WESTON on behalf of Corning Incorporated has installed nine soil borings and collected soil samples from 14 surface soil sampling locations on the Corning Christian Academy property. Although no groundwater monitoring wells are installed on the Corning Christian Academy property, four groundwater monitoring wells have been installed on the neighboring Corning-Painted Post School District property, which surrounds the Corning Christian Academy property on three sides, in accordance with the Study Area Work Plan and the NYSDEC-approved Groundwater Wells Plan (WESTON, 2014b).

Cumulatively, a total of 55 soil samples, along with associated quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) samples have been collected at the Corning Christian Academy property. Samples were analyzed for Target Analyte List (TAL) metals plus mercury, Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP) Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) metals, total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH), polychlorinated bi-phenyls (PCBs), Target Compound List (TCL) semi-volatile organic compounds (SVOCs), and volatile organic compounds (VOCs), or a subset thereof. The locations of the soil sampling locations and soil boring locations are illustrated on Figure 2-1. Tables of validated analytical results for soil samples collected on the Corning Christian Academy property are provided in Appendix A.

2.1.1 Surface and Shallow Soil Sampling

Fourteen surface soil sampling locations (CCASS001 to CCASS014) were sampled throughout the Corning Christian Academy property. Of these fourteen locations, twelve were located in grass covered areas of the property, and two were collected in the mulch-covered playground. For each sampling location, a surface (0 to 2 inches bgs [in bgs]) and a shallow (2 to 24 in bgs or refusal) soil sample was collected. A summary of the surface soil analytical results is provided in Appendix A.

At thirteen of the fourteen sampling locations, including the two sampling locations in the playground, all analytical results for both the surface (0 to 2 inches below ground surface [in bgs])



and shallow (2 to 24 in bgs) soil samples were less than or equal to the NYSDEC restricted residential Soil Cleanup Objectives (NYSDEC restricted residential SCOs; NYSDEC Subpart 375-6). At one sampling location (CCASS005), collected in the grassy area south of the school entrance, arsenic was detected in the shallow soil sample at a concentration greater than the NYSDEC restricted residential SCO of 16 mg/Kg. Analytical results from the corresponding surface soil sample at this location were less than or equal to NYSDEC restricted residential SCOs.

2.1.2 Soil Boring Sampling

Of the nine soil borings advanced to approximately 16 ft bgs on the Corning Christian Academy property, seven soil borings were advanced in the grassy area south of the school entrance, one was advanced in a grassy area along the northern property boundary, and one was advanced in grassy area near the southern property boundary and east of the playground. The locations of the soil borings are illustrated on Figure 2-1. The seven soil borings advanced south of the school entrance were installed around surface soil sampling location CCASS005 to delineate the extent of the area with soil concentrations greater than NYSDEC restricted residential SCOs. Two to four samples were collected from each soil boring in accordance with the Study Area Work Plan. A summary of the soil boring analytical results is provided in Appendix A and a summary of the soil boring logs is in included in Table 2-1.

No layer of fill material containing ash, brick and/or glass was observed in the soil boring advanced in the grassy area along the northern property boundary (CCASS001) or the soil boring advanced in the grassy area near the southern property boundary and east of the playground (CCASS002). Analytical results for all soil samples collected from these two soil borings were less than or equal to the NYSDEC restricted residential SCOs.

No layer of fill material containing ash, brick and/or glass was observed at two of the seven soil borings (CCASB007 and CCASB009) advanced in the grassy area south of the entrance to the Corning Christian Academy. CCASB007 and CCASB009 were the southern-most and eastern-most soil borings advanced south of the school entrance. Analytical results for all soil samples collected from these two soil borings were below the NYSDEC restricted residential SCOs.



A layer of fill material containing ash, brick and/or glass was observed at the other five soil borings advanced south of the entrance to the Corning Christian Academy, in the vicinity of surface sampling location CCASS005 (CCASB003, CCASB004, CCASB005, CCASB006 and CCASB008). See Table 2-1 for boring specific information. At soil boring CCASB006, analytical results for all soil samples collected were less than or equal to the NYSDEC restricted residential SCOs. At the other four soil borings locations (CCASB003, CCASB004, CCASB005, and CCASB008) concentrations of arsenic, cadmium, lead, barium and/or mercury, or a subset thereof exceeded the NYSDEC restricted residential SCOs for one or more soil samples collected in the identified layer of fill material containing ash, brick, and/or glass. In all four of these soil borings, concentrations were less than or equal to the NYSDEC restricted residential SCOs for samples collected immediately below the identified later of fill material containing ash, brick and/or glass.

In addition, the samples collected in the fill material containing ash, brick and/or glass were analyzed using USEPA TCLP method. TCLP lead was detected in the samples of the fill material containing ash, brick and/or glass at soil borings CCASB004 and CCASB008 at concentrations of 12.1 mg/L and 6.6 mg/L, respectively. The USEPA TCLP method is used to determine the appropriate disposal method under current NYSDEC and USEPA regulations. Excavated material will need to be characterized for disposal profiling.

2.1.3 Groundwater Sampling Results

Although no groundwater monitoring wells were installed on the Corning Christian Academy property, four groundwater monitoring wells were installed on the neighboring Corning-Painted Post School District property. Analytical results from sampling events on the Corning-Painted Post School District property indicate that the groundwater has not been impacted by the layers of fill material containing ash, brick and/or glass. Arsenic, cadmium and lead, the primary constituents, were not detected in the groundwater at concentrations greater than the TOGS standards.

2.2 SUMMARY OF CURRENT CONDITIONS

Based on the characterization activities at the Corning Christian Academy property, one area has been identified where soil concentrations of arsenic, cadmium and/or lead were detected at concentrations greater than the NYSDEC restricted residential SCOs (See Figure 2-2). This area is located south of the Corning Christian Academy school building entrance. This area



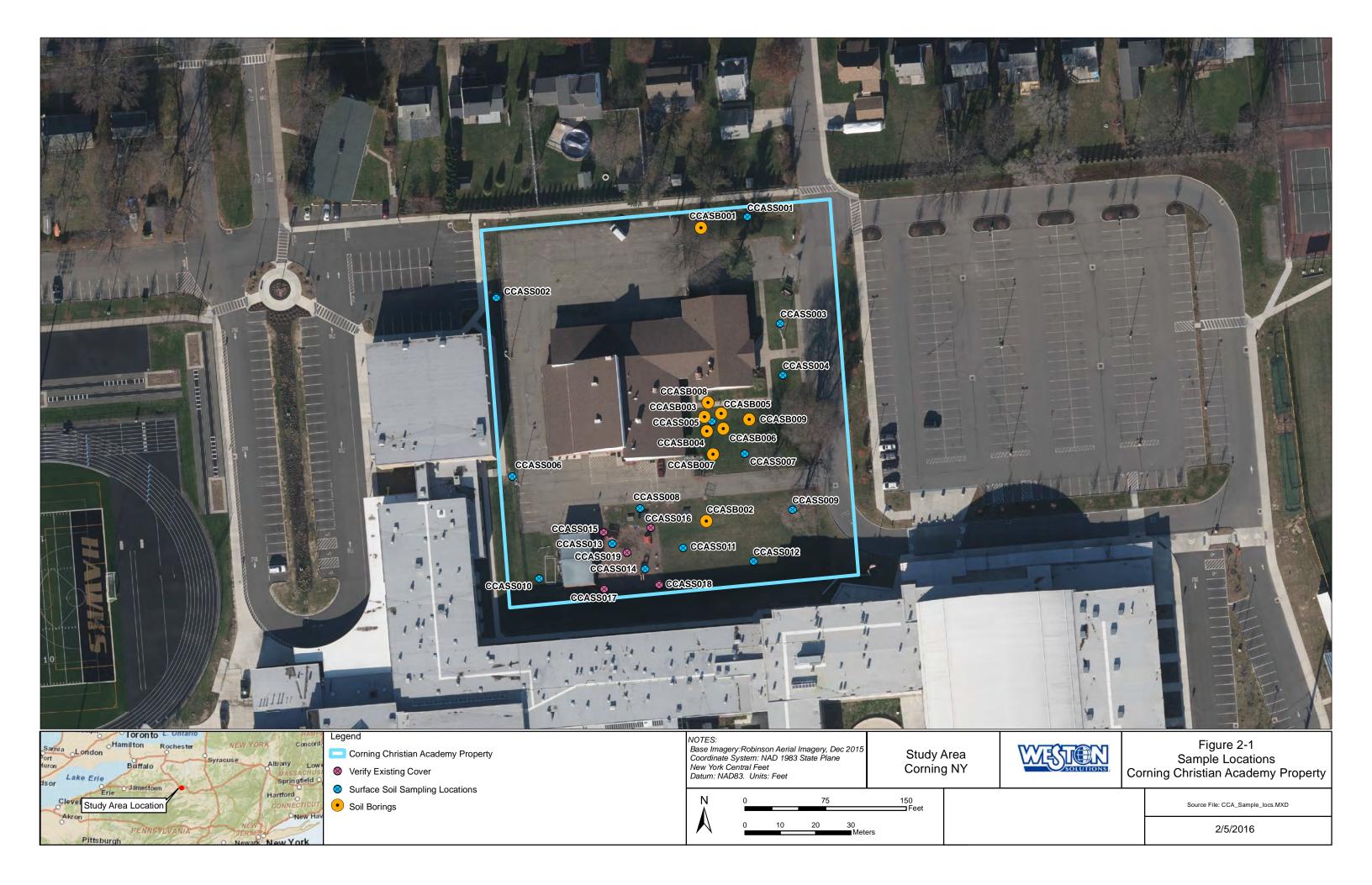
encompasses the five soil borings and one surface soil sample with concentrations greater than NYSDEC restricted residential SCOs. This area is bounded by the Corning Christian Academy on the north and west sides, by soil boring location CCASB007 to the south and soil boring location CCASB009 to the east. All other soil samples collected on the Corning Christian Academy Property were less than the NYSDEC restricted residential SCOs.



SECTION 2

FIGURES

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SECTION 2

TABLES

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Table 2-1: Soil Boring Log Summary Study Area, Corning, NY

O-marks I - seathers	Observance of ash, coal, brick, and/or glass pieces			Depth to	Total Boring				
Sample Location	Comment / Notes	Interval (ft bgs)	Thickness (ft)	Native Soil (ft bgs)	Depth (ft bgs)				
Corning Christian Academy Property (CCA)									
CCASB001	None			3.4 ft	16.0 ft				
CCASB002	None			1.3 ft	16.0 ft				
CCASB003	Coal, brick and glass	2.3 to 4.5 ft	2.2 ft	6.2 ft	8.0 ft				
CCASB004	Brick and glass	3.2 to 6.1 ft	2.9 ft	6.1 ft	8.0 ft				
CCASB005	Ash, coal, brick, and glass	0.5 to 9.0 ft	8.5 ft	10.5 ft	12.0 ft				
CCASB006	Ash, brick, and glass	0.5 to 4.0 ft	3.5 ft	4.0 ft	8.0 ft				
CCASB007	Piece of coal	-	-	3.9 ft	15 ft				
CCASB008	Ash, brick, and glass	3.8 ft - 6.0 ft	2.2 ft	6.0 ft	15 ft				
CCASB009	Piece of glass	-	-	6.5 ft	15 ft				



3. INTERIM REMEDIAL MEASURES APPROACH

3.1 INTERIM REMEDIAL MEASURES OBJECTIVE

An IRM is proposed to be conducted at the Corning Christian Academy Property to "mitigate potential environmental or human exposure" to soils with concentrations greater than the NYSDEC restricted residential SCOs [DER-10 1.11(a)1]. In accordance with the NYSDEC DER-10 Technical Guidance for Site Investigation and Remediation (DER-10) a "non-emergency" IRM is being proposed because the potential exposure to soils and fill material containing glass, ash and/or brick with concentrations greater than NYSDEC restricted residential SCOs can be effectively addressed before completion of the ongoing investigation activities in the Study Area [DER-10 1.11(c)1].

The specific objective of the IRM is to provide a two foot soil cover in the area with soil sample concentrations greater than the NYSDEC restricted residential SCOs in the area south of the entrance to the Corning Christian Academy.

3.2 INTERIM REMEDIAL MEASURES APPROACH

Two feet of soil will be excavated and removed from the area identified on Figure 3-1 ("defined limits of excavation"). The area of soil to be excavated was identified by radiating outward from the sampling locations with soil concentrations greater than the NYSDEC restricted residential SCOs to sampling locations where soil concentrations were below the NYSDEC restricted residential SCOs or to the building structure. Final excavation limits will be established based on utility clearance and accessibility.

Following completion of the IRM activities, the Corning Christian Academy has committed to impose an institutional control in the form of an Environmental Easement restricting use of the Corning Christian Academy property to Restricted Residential Uses and requiring compliance with a NYSDEC-approved Site Management Plan (SMP) that will be prepared by Corning Incorporated.



SECTION 3

FIGURES





4. INTERIM REMEDIAL MEASURES ACTIVITIES & METHODOLOGIES

4.1 WRITTEN ACCESS CONSENT

The Corning Christian Academy property is not owned by or under the control of Corning Incorporated or NYSDEC, therefore, activities proposed in this IRM Work Plan will be performed under a written access agreement between Corning Incorporated and the Corning Christian Academy.

4.2 SOIL EXCAVATION ACTIVITIES

A map identifying where the IRM activities will be conducted at the Corning Christian Academy property under this IRM Work Plan is provided as Figure 3-1. The proposed IRM within the defined limits of excavation includes excavation to two feet below ground surface and placement of a demarcation layer followed by backfill and re-vegetation.

The vertical extent of excavation will be limited to 2 ft bgs. As analytical results from the characterization sampling activities indicate some of the soil below 2 ft bgs has concentrations greater than NYSDEC restricted residential SCOs, a demarcation layer will be installed in all excavation areas at the base of the excavation between the existing in-place soils and the imported backfill material.

4.2.1 Pre-Excavation Activities

Prior to the start of any excavation activities, construction health and safety perimeters will be established around the project work area (i.e. exclusion zone) to prevent unauthorized personnel from entering. The perimeters will be established through the use of temporary barriers, fencing and/or signage to prevent access to the area during excavation and backfilling activities.

The established perimeter will encompass an area large enough to provide a safe construction buffer and for excavation equipment to operate freely to perform the excavation as well as the staging of the excavated soils. The exclusion zone will also provide an area of protection around the open excavation and have temporary construction fencing with signage to prevent trespassers from entering the established exclusion zone. The exclusion zone will remain in place until backfilling of the excavation has been completed.



Prior to excavation activities, the locations of subsurface utilities will be identified by non-intrusive subsurface scans using a combination of geophysical methods to assist in identifying subsurface details.

Prior to and/or during excavation activities, temporary construction erosion and sedimentation control measures (i.e., silt fences, erosion eels) will be installed as needed, adjusted during the course of the work, and will be removed when the area is stabilized. It should be noted that the proposed work will not require a New York State Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NYSPDES) General Permit for Stormwater Discharges since less than one acre of soil disturbance is proposed.

4.2.2 Excavation Activities

Soil removal will generally be accomplished through the use of conventional earth moving equipment such as an excavator, backhoe, front-end loader, skid steer loader and/or other construction equipment. It is anticipated that smaller equipment (i.e., small to mid-size excavator and a skid steer loader) will be used for the excavation activities given the shallow excavation depth and location of the excavation relative to existing property structures and roadways. Excavation activities will be performed in a controlled manner to limit the exposed earthen areas and minimize the effect on soil erosion. Shovels, rakes and other hand tools will be used as needed for precise removal of material around existing property structures, foundations and utilities.

Staging of excavated soils will be conducted in a controlled manner such as (1) on a prepared pad lined with plastic sheeting (i.e., visqueen), bermed and tarped to provide containment and protection from precipitation, or (2) in roll-off containers. As described in the Community Air Monitoring Plan (CAMP) and subsection 4.3.1, additional actions will be undertaken as needed during hauling and excavation activities to manage dust generation. Wherever possible, excavated soil will be directly loaded onto trucks or into roll off containers for hauling to an appropriate landfill or staging area. Additional information about the handling of excavated soils is described in subsection 4.3. Where possible, care will be taken to allow traffic to pass around the staging and excavation areas and the Corning Christian Academy will be notified of planned excavation activities at least 48 hours prior to the start of activities. To the extent practicable, hauling will be



limited to off-peak school hours (i.e., minimize traffic during peak student arrival and departure times).

Erosion and sediment control measures will be implemented as needed and inspected weekly and after each major storm event during excavation activities. Maintenance and repair of the sediment and erosion control measures will be performed on an as needed basis. Excavation activities will be performed in a manner such that erosion is adequately controlled and soil and sediments are not allowed to flow into or onto any watercourse, adjacent properties, roadways, parking areas, walkways or storm and sanitary sewers. In most of the area, excavation will be conducted in a below grade manner which will minimize uncontrolled run-off. Soil staging/stockpiling areas will be bermed and covered/tarped. Water that collects in an excavation area will be allowed to infiltrate. Excavation will proceed in a manner to minimize water management, however excess water may have to be removed by pumping prior to backfill.

The demarcation layer, typically a geotextile membrane, will be placed at the base of excavation between the subsurface existing soil and the imported backfill material. The excavated area will then be initially backfilled with structural fill and graded to the natural surrounding topographic contours or pre-determined elevations. Grassy areas will be covered with a minimum of 6 inches of vegetative support soil (i.e., top soil, amended soil). Following placement of the vegetative support soil, sod will be installed at the ground surface or, in the event sod is not available due to time of year, a natural seed blanket will be installed and covered with a protective stabilization blanket composed of biodegradable materials.

The order of excavation activities on the Corning Christian Academy property will be determined based upon a variety of factors, typically including: weather, traffic, ongoing activities at the property and communication with the property owner. Backfilling could occur after part of the excavation is completed to minimize the time that excavation remains open. To prevent potential cross contamination, separate backfilling equipment will typically be used or equipment will be decontaminated prior to being utilized to move imported backfill material. Equipment decontamination will be conducted in accordance with Standard Operating Procedures included in Appendix D to the Study Area Work Plan (Weston, 2014a).



Prior to importing backfill material, analytical samples will be collected at the source to ensure the material meets the requirements for soil to be imported under DER-10 Section 5.4(e). These samples will be collected and analyzed in accordance with Quality Assurance Project Plan (QAPP). Analytical results for soil samples will be submitted to NYSDEC for approval prior to use during the IRM activities.

Confirmation sampling will not be collected in a horizontal direction during the execution of the IRM activities because the lateral extent of excavation is bound by sampling locations where soil concentrations are below NYSDEC restricted residential SCOs, or by property structures. Vertical confirmation sampling will not be necessary because soils will be excavated to a predetermined depth of two feet within the defined limits of excavation.

4.3 WASTE HANDLING

Excavated soil generated during removal activities will be direct loaded for disposal or loaded into roll-off containers and moved to a NYSDEC-approved Study Area staging area for disposal profiling and subsequent disposal. In lieu of moving soil to a staging area, soil can be directly loaded onto haul trucks for disposal in accordance with applicable NYSDEC waste regulations. For disposal profiling of the removed material, including decontamination water and/or solids, samples of the various excavated media will be collected and analyzed in accordance with the QAPP in place for the Study Area Work Plan for disposal profiling. Sampling for disposal profiling can include collection of *in situ* composite samples prior to excavation activities, to facilitate landfill pre-acceptance of material that is excavated and direct loaded for disposal. Excavated materials will be disposed in accordance with all applicable federal and state laws. If any material, including decontamination water, excavated soil and/or other solids are found to be characteristically hazardous based on disposal profiling sampling, a Study Area-specific USEPA Identification Number will be used for disposal documentation in accordance with all applicable federal and state laws.

Reasonable care will be taken by the equipment operator in handling and loading of excavated soils to minimize spillage and tracking. In the event of spillage or tracking of soils, hand shovels, brooms, a skid steer loader or an industrial street sweeper will be utilized to clean traffic areas.



4.3.1 Staging and Loading

Prior to any staging and loading activities, an exclusion zone will be established around the excavation area. To the extent practical, the exclusion zone will be set up in a manner to allow haul trucks to remain outside of the exclusion zone where they can be loaded by equipment located inside the exclusion zone. This will minimize the need for decontamination and potential for tracking soil out of the exclusion zone.

Staging and loading activities will be conducted on existing asphalt roadways/driveways to the extent practical. Transportation vehicles will not be permitted to be staged on the grass at the Corning Christian Academy property. If soils are directly loaded, all trucks will be operated by a licensed hauling company. A route of access will be determined for all truck vehicles going to or from the Corning Christian Academy property and WESTON will inspect all vehicles prior to departure to assure the load is secured to prevent spillage, leakage or airborne movement during transit. Staging of excavated soils at the NYSDEC-approved Study Area staging area will occur on an as needed basis.

Any construction water or accumulated precipitation collecting in the excavation will be allowed to infiltrate. Excavation will proceed in a manner to minimize water management, however excess water may have to be removed by pumping prior to backfill.

In the event of excessive dry conditions that could create dust, the spread of dust and dirt will be limited by the use of water mist or other suitable methods. Air monitoring will be performed by WESTON to ensure excessive migration of dust particles does not occur during the excavation activities. Ambient air concentrations greater than the action level will result in actions being taken to control fugitive emissions (see the CAMP).

4.4 SURVEY ACTIVITIES

The final limits of the excavation will be surveyed by a New York State licensed professional surveyor prior to backfilling. The professional surveyor will produce and stamp a set of "as-built" drawings to document the limits of removal.



4.5 INSPECTIONS

Following backfilling and restoration, WESTON will perform monthly inspections of the areas where the IRM excavation activity was performed under this IRM Work Plan to (1) initially ensure the stability of the area and reestablishment of vegetation in backfilled area and to (2) confirm that no visual indicators of soil disturbance at depth occurred. These monthly inspections will be conducted until a final remedy is implemented for the Corning Christian Academy property, unless otherwise approved by the NYSDEC.



5. PROJECT MANAGEMENT

The proposed activities will be performed by WESTON on behalf of Corning Incorporated. It is anticipated that this work, consistent with the activities performed to date in the Study Area, will be performed under the oversight of an NYSDEC field representative.

5.1 SCHEDULE

The activities described in this IRM Work Plan are scheduled to be performed following the NYSDEC approval of this IRM Work Plan and upon receipt of consent to access from the property owner. The anticipated project schedule is provided as Figure 5-1.

5.2 DOCUMENTATION

5.2.1 Field Logs

Essential project information pertinent to field activities will be recorded in bound field logbooks and/or field hauling inspection sheets (if applicable). Information pertinent to field activities may include the following: active excavation area, daily excavation and backfill volumes, inspection reports, equipment decontamination, placement of demarcation barrier, waste profiling, project manifests, etc.

5.2.2 Photo Log

A project photo log will be prepared and maintained throughout the IRM activities to provide photo documentation of field activities.

5.2.3 Field Measurements

The limits of excavation will be measured and documented as the work progresses primarily using GPS and survey controls. Final depth and limits of excavation will be measured prior to backfilling, to document extent of removal, in addition to the location of buried utilities or other structures encountered in the excavation area. After backfilling final elevations will be measured prior to placing sod or seeding.



5.2.4 Field Reports

NYSDEC and NYSDOH will be provided verbal updates of the field activities periodically and electronic copies of weekly work activity reports, including select supporting photographs, pursuant to the existing Study Area Work Plan. All air monitoring data will be recorded in the site field logbook, in designated field sheets, or digitally, and the results of the air monitoring will be communicated to the NYSDEC and New York State Department of Health (NYSDOH) on a scheduled basis (i.e. daily for levels which require actions, weekly for routine monitoring data).

5.2.5 Reporting

Following implementation of IRM activities, a Construction Completion Report documenting the work performed will be prepared and submitted to NYSDEC in accordance with DER-10 subdivision 5.8(b)-(d).

The aforementioned report will typically contain the following information:

- Summary description of the removal action as implemented pursuant to the IRM Work Plan
- Quantity of material removed and disposal facility
- Source of backfill and analytical test results
- A set of "as-built" survey drawings documenting the limits of removal (i.e., depth and extent) and final elevations after backfilling
- Description of institutional controls (if applicable)
- Documentation of any changes to the IRM Work Plan activities

5.3 HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN

The health and safety of field workers, visitors, and the community are of utmost importance. For the field work, it is planned that workers will be in Level D personal protection (i.e., coveralls or work clothes, work boots, safety glasses, and hard hats). All field activities will be conducted in accordance with the Health and Safety Plan (HASP) and CAMP contained in Appendices B and C. An exclusion zone will be established around the work area in accordance with the HASP. To the extent possible, haul trucks will operate outside of the exclusion zone to minimize the need for



decontamination and potential for tracking soils. As excavation areas are completed the exclusion zone will be adjusted accordingly.

5.4 TEMPORARY FIELD OFFICE

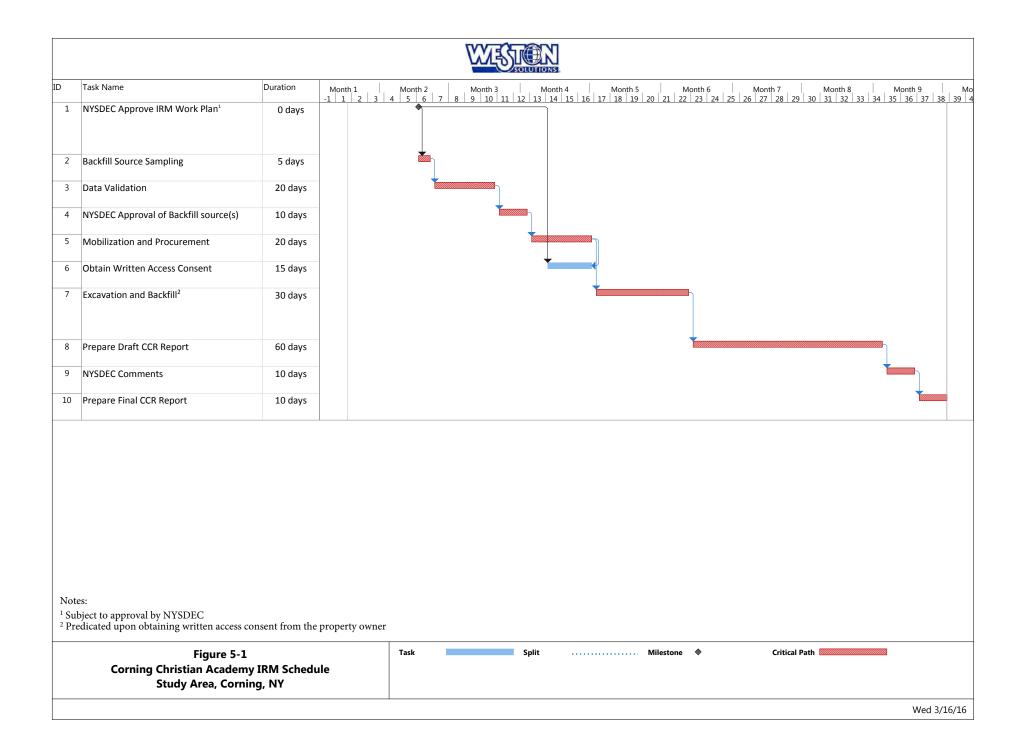
The excavation activities will involve mobilization of personnel and equipment. The temporary field office and equipment staging area, approved by NYSDEC for the ongoing Study Area work, will be utilized. This temporary field office area is surrounded by temporary fencing for security. The office area and access gate are closed and locked when not in use and consist of an office trailer and staging area for field equipment.



SECTION 5

FIGURE

CCA_IRM_WP_11-10-2016.docx November 10, 2016





6. REFERENCES

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WESTON, 2014b. Groundwater Wells, October 24, 2014. Prepared by Weston Solutions, Inc. for Corning Incorporated.

WESTON, 2015, Study Area Characterization Work Plan Addendum Number 3, 20 March 2015. Prepared by Weston Solutions, Inc. for Corning Incorporated.



APPENDIX A CHARACTERIZATION SAMPLING RESULTS



Location ID			CCASB00		CCASB001		CCASB001	CCASB002	CCASB002	CCASB003	CCASB003	CCASB003
Sample ID			CCASB001-0		CCASB001-0-02	0	CCASB001-1-020	CCASB002-0-000	CCASB002-0-020	CCASB003-0-000	CCASB003-0-002	CCASB003-0-020
Date			7/29/2014		7/29/2014		7/29/2014	7/29/2014	7/29/2014	12/18/2014	12/18/2014	12/18/2014
Sample Depth	Restricted		0 - 2 feet		2 - 8 feet		2 - 8 feet	0 - 2 feet	2 - 7 feet	0-2 inches	2-24 inches	2-6 feet
Sample Type	Residential	TCLP	0 - Primar	у	0 - Primary		1 - Duplicate	0 - Primary				
Matrix	Screening	Regulatory	SB		SB		SB	SB	SB	SB	SB	SB
Laboratory Sample ID	Levels ⁽¹⁾	Levels ⁽²⁾	480-64613-	23	480-64613-24		480-64613-25	480-64613-21	480-64613-22	480-73350-1	480-73350-2	480-73350-3
Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP) Metals, mg/L												
Arsenic, TCLP	~	5	0.0056	U	0.0056	U	0.0056 U	~	~	0.019	0.078	0.0061 J
Barium, TCLP	~	100	0.50		0.39		0.38	~	~	0.74	2.4	0.53
Cadmium, TCLP	~	1	0.0015	J	0.00077	J	0.00059 J	~	~	0.0043	0.088	0.00050 U
Chromium, TCLP	~	5	0.0099	J+		J+	0.0040 U	~	~	0.0076 J+	0.0040 U	0.0040 U
Lead, TCLP	~	5	0.021		0.0030	U	0.0030 U	~	~	0.085	1.8	0.0030 U
Mercury, TCLP	~	0.2	0.00012	U		U	0.00012 U	~	~	0.00012 U	0.00012 U	0.00012 U
Selenium, TCLP	~	1	0.0087	U	0.0087	U	0.0087 U	~	~	0.0087 U	0.0087 U	0.0087 U
Silver, TCLP	~	5	0.0017	U	0.0017	U	0.0017 U	~	~	0.0017 U	0.0017 U	0.0017 U
Total Metals, mg/Kg												
Aluminum, Total	~	~	8400			J+	7300 J+	~	~	9590	9280	8580
Antimony, Total	~	~	0.47	U		UJ	0.46 UJ	~	~	1.8 J	3.4 J	6.1 J
Arsenic, Total	16	~	6.7		4.7		4.4	6.6	3.6	12.1	44.6	48.0
Barium, Total	400	~	110		93		83	~	~	139	225	410
Beryllium, Total	72	~	0.47		0.42		0.38	~	~	0.50	0.50	0.49
Boron, Total	~	~	3.0		2.0	J	2.0 J	~	~	8.6	20.4	36.0
Cadmium, Total	4.3	~	0.37		0.13	J	0.11 J	0.30	0.074 J	1.0	3.7	6.8
Calcium, Total	~	~	1800		1200		1000	~	~	3480	3510	7750
Chromium, Total	180	~	9.8		10		8.2	~	~	12.1	13.4	21.0
Cobalt, Total	~	~	7.8		7.7		6.9	~	~	7.9	8.6	8.0
Copper, Total	270	~	12		10		9.3	~	~	18.1	43.7	49.0
Iron, Total	~	~	17000		16000		15000	~	~	17400	17800	17100
Lead, Total	400	~	40		13		11	29	6.6	164	407	914
Magnesium, Total	~	~	2300		2100		2000	~	~	2690	3480	3140
Manganese, Total	2000	~	510		440		380	~	~	466	467	421
Mercury, Total	0.81	~	~		~		~	~	~	0.14	0.23	2.0
Nickel, Total	310	~	17		15		14	~	~	19.1	35.4	30.9
Potassium, Total	~	~	630		510		540	~	~	1310	1000	954
Selenium, Total	180	~	0.47	U	0.49	U	0.46 U	~	~	0.86 J	0.57 J	0.48 U
Silver, Total	180	~	0.23	U		U	0.23 U	~	~	0.27 U	0.22 U	0.85
Sodium, Total	~	~	21	J	22	J	21 J	~	~	38.8 J	45.3 J	120 J
Thallium, Total	~	~	0.35	U	0.36	U	0.35 U	~	~	0.40 U	0.32 U	0.36 U
Vanadium, Total	10000	~	11		9.9		9.3 41	~	~	14.6	13.9	12.8 226
Zinc, Total	10000	~	56		43		41	~	~	122	162	220
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs), ug/Kg 1,1,1-Trichloroethane	100000											
		~ ~	~ ~		~ ~		~ ~	~	~	~	~ ~	~ ~
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane 1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane	~	~	~ ~		~ ~		~ ~	~	~	~	~	~ ~
1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-triffuoroethane	~	~	~ ~		~ ~		~ ~	~	~ ~	~ ~	~	~ ~
1,1,2-1 richloroethane	26000	~	~ ~		~ ~		~	~	~ ~	~ ~	~	~
1,1-Dichloroethane	100000	~	~		~ ~		~	~	~	~	~	~
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene, VOC	~	~	~		~ ~	-	~ ~	~	~	~	~	~
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	~	~	~ ~		~ ~		~ ~	~	~	~	~	~
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane 1,2-Dibromoethane	~	~	~ ~		~		~	~	~	~	~	~
1,2-Dichlorobenzene, VOC	~	~	~		~ ~		~	~	~	~	~	~
1,2-Dichloroethane	3100	~	~		~		~ ~	~	~	~ ~	~	~
1,2-Dichloropropane	~	~	~		~ ~		~	~	~	~	~	~ ~
1,3-Dichlorobenzene, VOC	~	~	~		~		~	~	~	~	~	~
1,4-Dichlorobenzene, VOC	~	~	~		~		~	~	~	~	~	~
2-Butanone	~	~	~		~		~	~	~	~	~	~
2-Dutanone			~				- -	1 ~				



Location ID			CCASB001	CCASB001	CCASB001	CCASB002	CCASB002	CCASB003	CCASB003	CCASB003
Sample ID			CCASB001-0-000	CCASB001-0-020	CCASB001-1-020	CCASB002-0-000	CCASB002-0-020	CCASB003-0-000	CCASB003-0-002	CCASB003-0-020
Date			7/29/2014	7/29/2014	7/29/2014	7/29/2014	7/29/2014	12/18/2014	12/18/2014	12/18/2014
Sample Depth	Restricted		0 - 2 feet	2 - 8 feet	2 - 8 feet	0 - 2 feet	2 - 7 feet	0-2 inches	2-24 inches	2-6 feet
Sample Type	Residential	TCLP	0 - Primary	0 - Primary	1 - Duplicate	0 - Primary				
Matrix	Screening	Regulatory	SB							
Laboratory Sample ID	Levels ⁽¹⁾	Levels ⁽²⁾	480-64613-23	480-64613-24	480-64613-25	480-64613-21	480-64613-22	480-73350-1	480-73350-2	480-73350-3
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs), ug/Kg (continued)	201010	2010.0	100 01010 20	100 01010 21	100 01010 20	100 01010 21	100 01010 22	100 10000 1	100 10000 2	100 10000 0
2-Hexanone	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Acetone	100000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Benzene	4800	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Bromodichloromethane	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Bromoform	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Bromomethane	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Carbon disulfide	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Carbon tetrachloride	2400	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Chlorobenzene	100000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Chloroethane	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Chloroform	49000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Chloromethane	49000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	100000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Cyclohexane	~ ~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
·			~	~	~	~		~	~	~
Cyclohexane, Methyl- Dibromochloromethane	~	~	~		~	~	~			
	~	~	~	~		~	~	~	~	~
Dichlorodifluoromethane	41000			~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Ethylbenzene		~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Isopropylbenzene	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Methyl acetate	100000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Methyl tert-butyl ether	100000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Methylene chloride		~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Styrene	19000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Tetrachloroethene	100000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Toluene		~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	100000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	21000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Trichloroethene	21000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Trichlorofluoromethane	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Vinylchloride	100000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Xylenes, Total	100000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds (SVOCs), ug/Kg			44	44	44			FO !!	40	42
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	~	~	41 U	41 U	41 U	~	~	50 U	43 U	43 U
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	~	~	12 U	12 U	12 U	~	~	15 U	13 U	13 U
2,4-Dichlorophenol	~	~	9.9 U	9.8 U	9.7 U	~	~	12 U	10 U	10 U
2,4-Dimethylphenol	~	~	51 U	51 U	50 U		~	62 U	53 U	54 U
2,4-Dinitrophenol	~	~	66 U	66 U	65 U		~	80 U	69 U	70 U
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	~	~	29 U	29 U	29 U		~	35 U	30 U	
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	~	~	46 U	46 U	45 U	~	~	56 U	48 U	49 U
2-Chloronaphthalene	~	~	13 U	13 U	12 U		~	15 U	13 U	
2-Chlorophenol	~	~	9.6 U	9.6 U	9.5 U	~	~	12 U	10 U	10 U
2-Methylnaphthalene	~	~	3.8 J	2.3 U	2.2 U		~	5.0 J	12 J	32 J
2-Methylphenol	100000	~	5.8 U	5.8 U	5.7 U	~	~	7.0 U	6.0 U	6.1 U
2-Nitroaniline	~	~	60 U	60 U	60 U	~	~	73 U	63 U	64 U
2-Nitrophenol	~	~	8.6 U	8.6 U	8.5 U	~	~	10 U	8.9 U	9.1 U
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	~	~	170 U	160 U	160 U	~	~	200 U	170 U	170 U
3-Nitroaniline	~	~	43 U	43 U	43 U	~	~	53 U	45 U	46 U



		1									
Location ID			CCASB001		CCASB001	CCASB001	CCASB002	CCASB002	CCASB003	CCASB003	CCASB003
Sample ID			CCASB001-0-0	00	CCASB001-0-020	CCASB001-1-020	CCASB002-0-000	CCASB002-0-020	CCASB003-0-000	CCASB003-0-002	CCASB003-0-020
Date			7/29/2014		7/29/2014	7/29/2014	7/29/2014	7/29/2014	12/18/2014	12/18/2014	12/18/2014
Sample Depth	Restricted		0 - 2 feet		2 - 8 feet	2 - 8 feet	0 - 2 feet	2 - 7 feet	0-2 inches	2-24 inches	2-6 feet
Sample Type	Residential	TCLP	0 - Primary		0 - Primary	1 - Duplicate	0 - Primary				
Matrix	Screening	Regulatory	SB		SB						
Laboratory Sample ID	Levels ⁽¹⁾	Levels ⁽²⁾	480-64613-23	3	480-64613-24	480-64613-25	480-64613-21	480-64613-22	480-73350-1	480-73350-2	480-73350-3
Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds (SVOCs), ug/Kg (continued)											
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	~	~	65	U	65 U	64 U	~	~	79 U	68 U	69 U
4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	~	~	60	U	60 U	59 U	~	~	73 U	62 U	63 U
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	~	~	7.7	U	7.7 U	7.6 U	~	~	9.4 U	8.0 U	8.2 U
4-Chloroaniline	~	~	55	U	55 U	54 U	~	~	67 U	57 U	58 U
4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	~	~	4.0	U	4.0 U	4.0 U	~	~	4.9 U	4.2 U	4.2 U
4-Methylphenol	100000	~	10	U	10 U	10 U	~	~	13 U	11 U	11 U
4-Nitroaniline	~	~	21	U	21 U	21 U	~	~	26 U	22 U	22 U
4-Nitrophenol, SVOC	~	~	46	U	46 U	45 U	~	~	55 U	47 U	48 U
Acenaphthene	100000	~	2.2	U	2.2 U	2.2 U	~	~	2.7 U	2.3 U	5.2 J
Acenaphthylene	100000	~	1.5	Ū	1.5 U	1.5 U		~	1.9 U	20 J	120 J
Acetophenone	~	~	9.7	Ū	9.6 U	9.5 U		~	12 U	10 U	10 U
Anthracene	100000	~	5.7	J	4.8 U	4.8 U	~	~	5.9 U	5.0 U	61 J
Atrazine	~	~	8.4	Ū	8.4 UJ	8.3 UJ		~	10 U	8.7 U	8.8 U
Benz(a)anthracene	1000	~	3.2	Ū	3.2 U	3.2 U		~	28 J	42 J	83 J
Benzaldehyde	~	~	21	Ū	21 U	20 U	~	~	25 U	21 U	22 U
Benzo(a)pyrene	1000	~	35	J	7.3 J	7.0 J	~	~	28 J	42 J	160 J
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1000	~	54	J	6.5 J	6.1 J	~	~	4.4 U	58 J	180 J
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	100000	~	28	J	3.4 J	2.2 U		~	31 J	79 J	210
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	3900	~	21	J	3.1 J	2.0 U		~	2.5 U	14 J	61 J
Biphenyl	~	~	12	Ū	12 U	12 U		~	14 U	12 U	12 U
bis (2-chloroisopropyl) ether	~	~	20	Ū	20 U	19 U	~	~	24 U	20 U	21 U
bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	~	~	10	Ū	10 U	10 U	~	~	12 U	11 U	11 U
bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	~	~	16	Ū	16 U	16 U	~	~	20 U	17 U	17 U
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	~	~	99	J	85 J	65 J	~	~	74 U	63 U	64 U
Butyl benzyl phthalate	~	~	51	U	50 U	50 U	~	~	61 U	53 U	53 U
Caprolactam	~	~	81	U	81 U	80 U	~	~	99 U	85 U	86 U
Carbazole	~	~	3.3	J	2.2 U	2.1 U	~	~	2.6 U	2.3 U	20 J
Chrysene	3900	~	40	J	1.9 U	6.3 J	~	~	34 J	55 J	130 J
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	330	~	8.1	J	2.2 U	2.2 U	~	~	2.7 U	2.3 U	30 J
Dibenzofuran	59000	~	2.7	J	2.0 U	1.9 U	~	~	2.4 U	2.0 U	12 J
Diethylphthalate	~	~	5.7	U	5.7 U	5.6 U	~	~	6.9 U	5.9 U	6.0 U
Dimethyl phthalate	~	~	4.9	U	4.9 U	4.8 U	~	~	6.0 U	5.1 U	5.2 U
Di-N-Butyl phthalate	~	~	65	U	65 U	64 U	~	~	79 U	68 U	69 U
Di-N-Octyl phthalate	~	~	4.4	U	4.4 U	4.3 U	~	~	5.4 U	4.6 U	4.6 U
Fluoranthene	100000	~	55	J	3.7 J	5.1 J		~	50 J	61 J	200
Fluorene	100000	~	4.3	Ū	4.3 U	4.3 U		~	5.3 U	4.5 U	28 J
Hexachlorobenzene	1200	~	9.4	Ū	9.3 U	9.2 U		~	11 U	9.7 U	9.9 U
Hexachlorobutadiene, SVOC	~	~	9.6	U	9.6 U	9.5 U	~	~	12 U	10 U	10 U
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	~	~	57	UJ	57 UJ	56 UJ		~	69 U	59 U	60 U
Hexachloroethane	~	~	15	U	15 U	14 U		~	18 U	15 U	15 U
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	500	~	27	J	5.2 U	5.1 U		~	38 J	46 J	130 J
Isophorone	~	~	9.4	Ū	9.4 U	9.3 U		~	13 J	9.8 U	9.9 U
Naphthalene. SVOC	100000	~	5.7	J	3.1 U	3.1 U		~	3.8 U	11 J	
Nitrobenzene	15000	~	8.3	Ū	8.3 U	8.2 U		~	10 U	8.7 U	8.8 U
N-Nitroso-di-N-propylamine	~	~	15	Ū	15 U	15 U		~	18 U	16 U	16 U
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	~	~	10	Ū	10 U	10 U	~	~	13 U	11 U	11 U
Pentachlorophenol, SVOC	6700	~	65	Ü	64 U	64 U		~	79 U	67 U	68 U
Phenanthrene	100000	~	30	J	3.9 U	3.9 U	~	~	21 J	29 J	140 J
Phenol	100000	~	20	Ü	20 U	20 U		~	24 U	21 U	21 U
Pyrene	100000	~	44	J	3.5 J	3.9 J		~	33 J	48 J	130 J
i yiono	100000		i T	-	0.0	0.0			00 0	.5 5	100



Location ID			CCASB001	CCASB001	CCASB001	CCASB002	CCASB002	CCASB003	CCASB003	CCASB003
Sample ID			CCASB001-0-000	CCASB001-0-020	CCASB001-1-020	CCASB002-0-000	CCASB002-0-020	CCASB003-0-000	CCASB003-0-002	CCASB003-0-020
Date			7/29/2014	7/29/2014	7/29/2014	7/29/2014	7/29/2014	12/18/2014	12/18/2014	12/18/2014
Sample Depth	Restricted		0 - 2 feet	2 - 8 feet	2 - 8 feet	0 - 2 feet	2 - 7 feet	0-2 inches	2-24 inches	2-6 feet
Sample Type	Residential	TCLP	0 - Primary	0 - Primary	1 - Duplicate	0 - Primary				
Matrix	Screening	Regulatory	SB							
Laboratory Sample ID	Levels ⁽¹⁾	Levels ⁽²⁾	480-64613-23	480-64613-24	480-64613-25	480-64613-21	480-64613-22	480-73350-1	480-73350-2	480-73350-3
Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PBCs), mg/Kg										
Aroclor-1016	~	~	0.0036 U	0.0035 U	0.0035 U	~	~	~	~	~
Aroclor-1221	~	~	0.0036 U	0.0035 U	0.0035 U	~	~	~	~	~
Aroclor-1232	~	~	0.0036 U	0.0035 U	0.0035 U	~	~	~	~	~
Aroclor-1242	~	~	0.0036 U	0.0035 U	0.0035 U	~	~	~	~	~
Aroclor-1248	~	~	0.0036 U	0.0035 U	0.0035 U	~	~	~	2	~
Aroclor-1254	~	~	0.0086 U	0.0085 U	0.0085 U	~	~	~	~	~
Aroclor-1260	~	~	0.0086 U	0.0085 U	0.0085 U	~	~	~	~	~
Aroclor-1262	~	~	0.0086 U	0.0085 U	0.0085 U	~	~	~	~	~
Aroclor-1268	~	~	0.0086 U	0.0085 U	0.0085 U	~	~	~	2	~
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons, mg/Kg										
TPH	~	~	43 U	44 U	44 U	~	~	~	~	~

Notes:

mg/Kg = milligram per kilogram.

mg/L = milligram per liter.

- U = The analyte was analyzed for but was not detected above the level of the detection quantitation limit.
- UJ = The analyte was analyzed for but not detected. The quantitation limit is approximate and may be inaccurate or imprecise.
- J = The positive result reported is estimated either because the result is less than the LOQ or because certain quality control criteria were not met.
- J+ = The result is an estimated quantity, but the result may be biased high because certain quality control criteria were not met.
- SB = Soil boring.
- SS = Surface soil.
- (1) New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NSYDEC) Subpart 375-6 Remedial Program Soil Cleanup Objectives (SCOs).
- (2) Federal Code of Regulations, Section 261.24 Toxicity characteristic. Context: Title 40 Protection of Environment. CHAPTER I ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY (CONTINUED). SUBCHAPTER I SOLID WASTES (CONTINUED). PART 261 IDENTIFICATION AND LISTING OF HAZARDOUS WASTE. Subpart C Characteristics of Hazardous Waste (2012-07-01).
- \sim = Analysis not performed or No standard or guidance value listed for this constituent.



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Location ID			CCASB00		CCASB004	CCASI		CCASB00		CCASB00		CCASB0		CCASB0		CCASB005
Sample ID			CCASB003-0		CCASB004-0-000	CCASB00		CCASB004-0		CCASB004-0		CCASB005-		CCASB005-		CCASB005-0-002
Date			12/18/2014	Į.	12/18/2014	12/18/2		12/18/201		12/18/201		12/18/20 ⁻		12/18/201		12/18/2014
Sample Depth	Restricted		6-8 feet		0-2 inches	2-24 in		2-6.1 fee		6.1-8 fee		0-2 inche		2-10.5 fe		2-24 inches
Sample Type	Residential	TCLP	0 - Primar	У	0 - Primary	0 - Priı		0 - Primar	у	0 - Prima	ry	0 - Prima	ry	0 - Prima	ry	0 - Primary
Matrix	Screening	Regulatory	SB		SB	SE		SB		SB		SB		SB		SB
Laboratory Sample ID	Levels ⁽¹⁾	Levels ⁽²⁾	480-73350-	4	480-73350-5	480-73	350-6	480-73350	-7	480-73350)-8	480-73350)-9	480-73350	-11	480-73350-10
Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP) Metals, mg/L			0.000		0.044	0.007		0.040		0.0070		0.044		0.000		0.000
Arsenic, TCLP	~	5	0.060		0.014 J			0.046		0.0073	J	0.044		0.090	J	0.022
Barium, TCLP	~	100	3.1 0.10		0.69 0.0044	1.4 0.010		1.5 0.36		0.50 0.00060		1.1 0.012		2.0 0.026		4.0 0.021
Cadmium, TCLP Chromium, TCLP	~	5	0.10	U	0.0044 0.0040 U		U	0.0092	J+	0.00060	J	0.0040	U	0.026	U	0.021 0.0040 U
Lead, TCLP	~	5	1.7	U	0.055	0.0040	- 0	12.1	JŦ	0.0058	J	0.0040	- 0	0.0040		0.35
Mercury, TCLP	~	0.2	0.00012	U	0.00012 U		U	0.00012	U	0.00012	U	0.00012	U	0.00012	U	0.00012 U
Selenium, TCLP	~	1	0.0087	U	0.0087 U		U	0.0087	U	0.0087	U	0.0087	U	0.0087	U	0.0087 U
Silver, TCLP	~	5	0.0017	U	0.0017 U		U	0.0017	U	0.0017	U	0.0017	Ū	0.0017	U	0.0017 U
Total Metals, mg/Kg		,	0.0011	J	0.0011	0.0017		0.0017		0.0017	J	0.0017		0.0017		0.0017
Aluminum, Total	~	~	9480		9800	9290		8360		9130		8520		8930		8240
Antimony, Total	~	~	1.1	J	1.5 J	1.8	J	3.5	J	0.83	J	1.8	J	1.8	J	2.3 J
Arsenic, Total	16	~	5.5	-	11.6	16.5		16.2	-	6.7	-	18.0		16.7	J	37.2
Barium, Total	400	~	102		141	149		154		98.0		108		97.7	J	142
Beryllium, Total	72	~	0.49		0.52	0.47		0.41		0.45		0.41		0.38		0.35
Boron, Total	~	~	17.5		6.7	8.3		17.0		26.2		10.4		11.7	J	8.9
Cadmium, Total	4.3	~	0.035	U	0.81	1.1		4.8		0.035	U	1.2		0.99		1.4
Calcium, Total	~	~	1360		3360	3820		1540		826		12600		15300	J	57700
Chromium, Total	180	~	10.9		12.0	11.1		10.9		10.3		15.8		11.9		9.9
Cobalt, Total	~	~	8.4		7.9	7.7		6.9		8.0		6.2		8.1		6.7
Copper, Total	270	~	10.8		16.9	15.5		14.3		10.2		21.2		25.0	J	32.0
Iron, Total	~	~	17600		18000	16100		14500		16900		15100		19600	J	15300
Lead, Total	400	~	12.6		165	221		867		10.1		167		125	J	163
Magnesium, Total	~	~	2440		2700	2670		2000		2410		5630		5420	J	3540
Manganese, Total	2000	~	534		480	442		375		448		362		459	J	423
Mercury, Total	0.81	~	0.010	U	0.096	0.075		0.060		0.010	J	0.18		0.13	J	0.21
Nickel, Total	310	~	18.5		18.8	18.4		15.9		17.7		16.6		22.4		16.4
Potassium, Total	~	~	937		1230	1000		1010		1330		1300		899	J	823
Selenium, Total	180	~	0.46 0.23	U	0.72 J 0.27 U		J U	0.47 0.23	U	0.46 0.23	U	0.62 0.27	J	0.44 0.22	U	0.43 U 0.21 U
Silver, Total	180 ~	~ ~	43.8	J	38.0 J		J	55.1	J	118	J	51.3	J	57.3		63.0 J
Sodium, Total Thallium, Total	~	~	0.35	U	0.41 U		U	0.35	U	0.35	U	0.40	U	0.33	U U	0.32 U
Vanadium, Total	~ ~	~	12.5	0	14.4	13.4		11.7		12.2		15.8		14.1		12.5
Zinc, Total	10000	~	49.3		94.4	78.2		66.7		47.4		144		103	J	99.7
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs), ug/Kg	10000		40.0		04.4	70.2		00.7		77.7		144		100		55.1
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	100000	~	~		~	~		~		~		~		~		~
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	~	~	~		~	~		~		~		~		~		~
1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane	~	~	~		~	~		~		~		~		~		~
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	~	~	~		~	~		~		~		~		~		~
1,1-Dichloroethane	26000	~	~		~	~		~		~		~		~		~
1,1-Dichloroethene	100000	~	~		~	~		~		~		~		~		~
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene, VOC	~	~	~		~	~		~		~		~		~		~
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	~	~	~		~	~		~		~		~		~		~
1,2-Dibromoethane	~	~	~		~	~		~		~		~		~		~
1,2-Dichlorobenzene, VOC	~	~	~		~	~		~		~		~		~		~
1,2-Dichloroethane	3100	~	~		~	~		~		~		~		~		~
1,2-Dichloropropane	~	~	~		~	~		~		~		~		~		~
1,3-Dichlorobenzene, VOC	~	~	~		~	~		~		~		~		~		~
1,4-Dichlorobenzene, VOC	~	~	~		~	~		~		~		~		~		~
2-Butanone	~	~	~		~	~		~		~		~		~		~



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Location ID			CCASB003	CCASB004	CCASB004	CCASB004	CCASB004	CCASB005	CCASB005	CCASB005
Sample ID			CCASB003-0-062	CCASB004-0-000	CCASB004-0-002	CCASB004-0-020	CCASB004-0-061	CCASB005-0-000	CCASB005-0-020	CCASB005-0-002
Date			12/18/2014	12/18/2014	12/18/2014	12/18/2014	12/18/2014	12/18/2014	12/18/2014	12/18/2014
Sample Depth	Restricted		6-8 feet	0-2 inches	2-24 inches	2-6.1 feet	6.1-8 feet	0-2 inches	2-10.5 feet	2-24 inches
Sample Type	Residential	TCLP	0 - Primary	0 - Primary	0 - Primary	0 - Primary	0 - Primary	0 - Primary	0 - Primary	0 - Primary
Matrix	Screening	Regulatory	SB	SB	SB	SB	SB	SB	SB	SB
Laboratory Sample ID	Levels ⁽¹⁾	Levels ⁽²⁾	480-73350-4	480-73350-5	480-73350-6	480-73350-7	480-73350-8	480-73350-9	480-73350-11	480-73350-10
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs), ug/Kg (continued)										
2-Hexanone	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	~	~	2	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Acetone	100000	~	2	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Benzene	4800	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Bromodichloromethane	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Bromoform	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Bromomethane	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Carbon disulfide	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Carbon tetrachloride	2400	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Chlorobenzene	100000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Chloroethane	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Chloroform	49000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Chloromethane	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	100000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Cyclohexane	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Cyclohexane, Methyl-	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Dibromochloromethane	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Dichlorodifluoromethane	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Ethylbenzene	41000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Isopropylbenzene	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Methyl acetate	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Methyl tert-butyl ether	100000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Methylene chloride	100000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Styrene	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Tetrachloroethene	19000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Toluene	100000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	100000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	21000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Trichloroethene	21000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Trichlorofluoromethane	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Vinylchloride Vylones, Total	100000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Xylenes, Total Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds (SVOCs), ug/Kg	100000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	~	_	45 U	51 U	41 U	43 U	44 U	49 U	40 U	42 U
2,4,5-1 richiorophenol	~	~ ~	14 U	15 U	12 U	13 U	13 U	15 U	12 U	13 U
2,4-Dichlorophenol	~		14 U	15 U	9.9 U	10 U	13 U	15 U	9.6 U	10 U
2,4-Dichlorophenol	~	~	56 U	63 U	9.9 U		55 U	60 U	9.6 U	52 U
2,4-Dinitrophenol	~	~	73 U	82 U	66 U		71 U	78 U	64 U	
2,4-Dinitroprierioi	~	~	32 U	36 U	29 U			34 UJ	28 U	
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	~	~	51 U	57 U	46 U	49 U	50 U	54 U	45 U	47 U
2-Chloronaphthalene	~	~	14 U	16 U	13 U		14 U	15 U	12 U	
2-Chlorophenol	~	~	14 U	10 U	9.6 U		10 U	13 U	9.3 U	9.7 U
2-Methylnaphthalene	~	~	12 J	2.8 U	8.0 J		2.5 U	7.8 J	9.3 U	4.8 J
2-Methylphenol	100000	~	6.4 U	7.2 U	5.8 U	6.1 U	6.2 U	6.8 U	5.6 U	5.9 U
2-Nitroaniline	~	~	66 U	7.2 U	60 U	6.1 U	6.2 U	71 U	5.6 U	61 U
2-Nitrophenol	~	~	9.5 U	11 U	8.6 U	9.1 U	9.3 U	10 U	8.4 U	8.8 U
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	~	~	180 U	210 U	160 U	170 U	180 U	200 U	160 U	170 U
3.Nitroaniline	~	~	48 U	54 U	43 U	46 U	47 U	51 U	42 U	44 U
יאוויטמוווווופ	~	1 ~	40 U	J-4 U	_ 0 U	_ 0 0	l 4/ U	J1 U	<u> </u>	1 44 0



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Location ID			CCASB003		CCASB004	CCASB004		CCASB004	CCASB		CCASB0		CCASB005		CCASB005
Sample ID			CCASB003-0-0	62	CCASB004-0-000	CCASB004-0-002		ASB004-0-020	CCASB004		CCASB005-		CCASB005-0-02	20	CCASB005-0-002
Date			12/18/2014		12/18/2014	12/18/2014		12/18/2014	12/18/2		12/18/201		12/18/2014		12/18/2014
Sample Depth	Restricted		6-8 feet		0-2 inches	2-24 inches		2-6.1 feet	6.1-8 fe		0-2 inche		2-10.5 feet		2-24 inches
Sample Type	Residential	TCLP	0 - Primary		0 - Primary	0 - Primary	(0 - Primary	0 - Prim	nary	0 - Prima	ry	0 - Primary		0 - Primary
Matrix	Screening	Regulatory	SB		SB	SB		SB	SB		SB		SB		SB
Laboratory Sample ID	Levels ⁽¹⁾	Levels ⁽²⁾	480-73350-4		480-73350-5	480-73350-6	4	80-73350-7	480-733	50-8	480-73350)-9	480-73350-11		480-73350-10
Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds (SVOCs), ug/Kg (continued)															
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	~	~	72	U	81 U	65 U		69 U	70	U	77	U	63	U	66 U
4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	~	~	66	U	75 U	60 U		63 U	65	U	71	U	58	U	61 U
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	~	~	8.5	U	9.6 U	7.7 U		8.2 U	8.3	U	9.2	U	7.5	U	7.9 U
4-Chloroaniline	~	~	61	U	69 U	55 U		58 U	59	U	65	U	54	U	56 U
4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	~	~	4.4	U	5.0 U	4.0 U		4.2 U	4.3	U	4.7	U	3.9	U	4.1 U
4-Methylphenol	100000	~	12	U	13 U	10 U		11 U	11	U	12	U	10	U	11 U
4-Nitroaniline	~	~	23	U	26 U	21 U		22 U	23	U	25	U	20	U	21 U
4-Nitrophenol, SVOC	~	~	50	U	57 U	46 U		48 U	49	U	54	U	44	U	46 U
Acenaphthene	100000	~	2.4	U	2.8 U	2.2 U		2.3 U	2.4	U	2.6	U	2.1	U	2.2 U
Acenaphthylene	100000	~	7.5	J	8.0 J	5.5 J		1.6 U	1.7	U	7.9	J	26	J	7.3 J
Acetophenone	~	~	11	U	12 U	9.7 U		10 U	10	U	11	U	9.4	U	9.8 U
Anthracene	100000	~	5.3	U	6.0 U	4.8 U		5.1 U	5.2	U	7.6	J	10	J	4.9 U
Atrazine	~	~	9.2	U	10 U	8.4 U	ĺ	8.9 U	9.0	U	9.9	U	8.1	U	8.5 U
Benz(a)anthracene	1000	~	42	J	38 J	3.2 U		3.4 U	3.5	U	35	J	23	J	3.3 U
Benzaldehyde	~	~	23	U	26 U	21 U		22 U	22	U	24	U	20	U	21 U
Benzo(a)pyrene	1000	~	37	J	34 J	24 J		11 J	4.9	U	37	J	22	J	15 J
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1000	~	48	J	62 J	38 J		18 J	3.9	U	52	J	23	J	25 J
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	100000	~	24	J	34 J	28 J		2.4 U	2.4	U	25	J	35	J	11 J
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	3900	~	15	J	17 J	13 J		2.2 U	2.2	U	23	J	2.0	U	9.1 J
Biphenyl	~	~	13	U	15 U	12 U		12 U	13	U	14	U	11	U	12 U
bis (2-chloroisopropyl) ether	~	~	22	U	24 U	20 U		21 U	21	U	23	U	19	U	20 U
bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	~	~	11	U	13 U	10 U		11 U	11	U	12	U	9.9	U	10 U
bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	~	~	18	U	20 U	16 U		17 U	18	U	19	U	16	U	17 U
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	~	~	67	U	76 U	61 U		64 U	65	U	72	U	59	UJ	62 U
Butyl benzyl phthalate	~	~	56	U	63 U	50 U		53 U	54	U	60	U	49	U	51 U
Caprolactam	~	~	90	U	100 U	81 U		86 U	88	U	96	U	79	U	83 U
Carbazole	~	~	23	J	2.7 U	2.2 U		2.3 U	2.3	U	6.8	J	2.1	U	2.2 U
Chrysene	3900	~	46	J	41 J	32 J		13 J	2.0	U	44	J	27	J	21 J
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	330	~	2.4	U	2.8 U	2.2 U		2.3 U	2.4	U	5.6	J	2.2	U	2.3 U
Dibenzofuran	59000	~	2.2	U	2.4 U	2.0 U		2.1 U	2.1	U	2.3	U	1.9	U	2.0 U
Diethylphthalate	~	~	6.3	U	7.1 U	5.7 U		6.0 U	6.1	U	6.7	U	5.5	U	5.8 U
Dimethyl phthalate	~	~	5.4	U	6.1 U	4.9 U		5.2 U	5.3	U	5.8	U	4.8	U	5.0 U
Di-N-Butyl phthalate	~	~	72	U	81 U	65 U		69 U	70	U	77	U	63	U	66 U
Di-N-Octyl phthalate	~	~	4.9	U	5.5 U	4.4 U		4.7 U	4.7	U	5.2	U	4.3	U	4.5 U
Fluoranthene	100000	~	130	J	73 J	45 J		17 J	2.9	U	86	J	34	J	31 J
Fluorene	100000	~	16	J	5.4 U	4.3 U	1	4.6 U		U	5.1	U	5.8	J	4.4 U
Hexachlorobenzene	1200	~	10	U	12 U	9.3 U		9.9 U	10	U	11	U	9.1	U	9.5 U
Hexachlorobutadiene, SVOC	~	~	11	U	12 U	9.6 U		10 U	10	U	11	U	9.4	U	9.8 U
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	~	~	63	U	71 U	57 U		60 U	61	U	67	U	55	U	58 U
Hexachloroethane	~	~	16	U	18 U	15 U		15 U	16	U	17	U	14	U	15 U
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	500	~	27	J	39 J	29 J		12 J	5.6	U	31	J	31	J	15 J
Isophorone	~	~	10	U	12 U	83 J	ĺ	10 J	10	U	12	J	9.1	U	9.6 U
Naphthalene, SVOC	100000	~	3.5	U	3.9 U	5.4 J	ĺ	3.3 U		U	3.7	U	18	J	3.2 U
Nitrobenzene	15000	~	9.2	U	10 U	8.3 U		8.8 U	9.0	U	9.9	U	8.1	U	8.5 U
N-Nitroso-di-N-propylamine	~	~	16	U	19 U	15 U	1	16 U	16	U	18	U	15	U	15 U
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	~	~	11	U	13 U	10 U		11 U	11	U	12	U	10	U	10 U
Pentachlorophenol, SVOC	6700	~	71	U	80 U	65 U		68 U	70	U	76	U	63	U	66 U
Phenanthrene	100000	~	130	J	27 J	23 J		8.4 J	4.3	U	32	J	29	J	14 J
Phenol	100000	~	22	U	25 U	20 U		21 U	21	U	23	U	19	U	20 U
Pyrene	100000	~	110	J	48 J	33 J		13 J		Ū	48	J	30	J	16 J
i yiono	.00000		. 10	,	0	0	1	.5	1.0	J	70			٠ ا	



Location ID			CCASB003	CCASB004	CCASB004	CCASB004	CCASB004	CCASB005	CCASB005	CCASB005
Sample ID			CCASB003-0-062	CCASB004-0-000	CCASB004-0-002	CCASB004-0-020	CCASB004-0-061	CCASB005-0-000	CCASB005-0-020	CCASB005-0-002
Date			12/18/2014	12/18/2014	12/18/2014	12/18/2014	12/18/2014	12/18/2014	12/18/2014	12/18/2014
Sample Depth	Restricted		6-8 feet	0-2 inches	2-24 inches	2-6.1 feet	6.1-8 feet	0-2 inches	2-10.5 feet	2-24 inches
Sample Type	Residential	TCLP	0 - Primary							
Matrix	Screening	Regulatory	SB							
Laboratory Sample ID	Levels ⁽¹⁾	Levels ⁽²⁾	480-73350-4	480-73350-5	480-73350-6	480-73350-7	480-73350-8	480-73350-9	480-73350-11	480-73350-10
Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PBCs), mg/Kg										
Aroclor-1016	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Aroclor-1221	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Aroclor-1232	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Aroclor-1242	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Aroclor-1248	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Aroclor-1254	~	~	~	•	2	~	~	~	~	1
Aroclor-1260	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	1
Aroclor-1262	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Aroclor-1268	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons, mg/Kg										
TPH	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~

Notes:

mg/Kg = milligram per kilogram.

mg/L = milligram per liter.

- U = The analyte was analyzed for but was not detected above the level of the detection quantitation limit.
- UJ = The analyte was analyzed for but not detected. The quantitation limit is approximate and may be inaccurate or imprecise.
- J = The positive result reported is estimated either because the result is less than the LOQ or because certain quality control criteria were not met.
- J+ = The result is an estimated quantity, but the result may be biased high because certain quality control criteria were not met.
- SB = Soil boring.
- SS = Surface soil.
- (1) New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NSYDEC) Subpart 375-6 Remedial Program Soil Cleanup Objectives (SCOs).
- (2) Federal Code of Regulations, Section 261.24 Toxicity characteristic. Context: Title 40 Protection of Environment. CHAPTER I ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY (CONTINUED). SUBCHAPTER I SOLID WASTES (CONTINUED). PART 261 IDENTIFICATION AND LISTING OF HAZARDOUS WASTE. Subpart C Characteristics of Hazardous Waste (2012-07-01).
- \sim = Analysis not performed or No standard or guidance value listed for this constituent.



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Location ID			CCASB00		CCASB005	CCASB006	CCASE		CCASB0		CCASB00		CCASB007	CCASB007
Sample ID			CCASB005-1	-020	CCASB005-0-105	CCASB006-0-000	CCASB00		CCASB006-	0-020	CCASB006-0	0-040	CCASB007-0-002	CCASB007-0-020
Date			12/18/2014		12/18/2014	12/18/2014	12/18/2		12/18/201		12/18/201		6/24/2015	6/24/2015
Sample Depth	Restricted		2-10.5 fee	t	10.5-12 feet	0-2 inches	2-24 inc	hes	2-4 feet		4-6 feet		2-24 inches	2-4 feet
Sample Type	Residential	TCLP	1 - Duplica	te	0 - Primary	0 - Primary	0 - Prim	nary	0 - Prima	ry	0 - Prima	ry	0-Primary	0-Primary
Matrix	Screening	Regulatory	SB		SB	SB	SB		SB		SB		SB	SB
Laboratory Sample ID	Levels ⁽¹⁾	Levels ⁽²⁾	480-73350-	12	480-73350-13	480-73350-15	480-733	50-16	480-73350	-17	480-73350	-18	480-82861-1	480-82861-2
Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP) Metals, mg/L		_												
Arsenic, TCLP	~	5	0.031	J	0.0064 J	0.0089 J	0.0056	U	0.0056	U	0.0056	U	~	~
Barium, TCLP	~	100	1.8		0.53	0.60	0.36	J+	0.56		0.95		~	~
Cadmium, TCLP	~	1	0.029		0.0017 J	0.0030	0.00050	U	0.0022		0.0037		~	~
Chromium, TCLP	~	5	0.0040	U	0.0040 U		0.0040	U	0.0040	U	0.0040	U	~	~
Lead, TCLP	~	5	0.17	- 11	0.0091 J	0.022	0.0030	U	0.035	- 11	0.027	- 11	~	~
Mercury, TCLP	~	0.2	0.00012	U	0.00012 U		0.00012	U	0.00012	U	0.00012	U	~	~
Selenium, TCLP	~	1	0.0087	- C	0.0087 U	0.0087 U	0.0087	U	0.0087	U	0.0087	U	~	~
Silver, TCLP	~	5	0.0017	U	0.0017 U	0.0017 U	0.0017	U	0.0017	U	0.0017	U	~	~
Total Metals, mg/Kg Aluminum, Total	_		9070		6610	9840	10500		10000		5780			
	~	~	2.5	1	0.48 U		0.95	1	1.6	1	0.42	11	~	~
Antimony, Total	~ 16	~	19.3	J	0.48 U 4.1	1.1 J 11.0	10.0	J	8.3	J	1.0	J	8.6	5.8
Arsenic, Total	16 400	~	19.3	J	61.6	11.0	134		136		16.6	J		
Barium, Total	72	~	0.48	J	0.33	0.52	0.53		0.51		0.23		~	~
Beryllium, Total	~	~	17.4	ı	11.6	7.5	7.5		7.1		2.2		~	~
Boron, Total				J		0.57	0.65		0.59		0.058	- 1		
Cadmium, Total	4.3	~	1.0 37100	J	0.036 U 946	3380	2920		1610		3610	J	0.39	0.11 J
Calcium, Total	180	~	12.5	J	7.5	12.2	13.4		11.2		2.7		~	~
Chromium, Total		~	8.3		7.5 5.9	8.1	9.5		8.1		1.2		~	~
Cobalt, Total	270		25.4		7.7	16.7	15.0		11.3		2.9		~	~ ~
Copper, Total Iron, Total		~	19600	J	13100	17300	18100		17500		5450		~	~ ~
Lead, Total	400		122	J	9.6	110	109		101		8.2		82.7	21.4
Magnesium, Total	~	~	14300	J	1760	2770	2680		2440		794		~	~
Manganese, Total	2000	~	402	J	269	490	505		475		42.1		~	~
Mercury, Total	0.81	~	0.30	J	0.0090 U	0.078	0.026		0.043		0.0094	U	0.037	0.029
Nickel, Total	310	~	26.2		12.3	18.6	19.5		18.5		1.6	J	~	~
Potassium, Total	~	~	990	J	811	1080	1020		1020		193		~	~
Selenium, Total	180	~	0.44	Ü	0.48 U	0.82 J	0.47	J	0.50	U	0.42	U	~	~
Silver, Total	180	~	0.23	J	0.24 U		0.23	U	0.25	U	0.21	U	~	~
Sodium, Total	~	~	80.4	J	41.9 J	37.0 J	34.8	J	30.7	J	53.4	J	~	~
Thallium, Total	~	~	0.33	U	0.36 U		0.34	U	0.37	U	0.32	U	~	~
Vanadium, Total	~	~	14.1		9.1	14.5	14.2		13.5		7.0		~	~
Zinc, Total	10000	~	113	J	39.2	78.0	76.4		64.5		15.3		~	~
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs), ug/Kg						. 5.5			3					
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	100000	~	~		~	~	~		~		~		~	~
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	~	~	~		~	~	~		~		~		~	~
1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane	~	~	~		~	~	~		~		~		~	~
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	~	~	~		~	~	~		~		~		~	~
1,1-Dichloroethane	26000	~	~		~	~	~		~		~		~	~
1,1-Dichloroethene	100000	~	~		~	~	~		~		~		~	~
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene, VOC	~	~	~		~	~	~		~		~		~	~
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	~	~	~		~	~	~		~		~		~	~
1,2-Dibromoethane	~	~	~		~	~	~		~		~		~	~
1,2-Dichlorobenzene, VOC	~	~	~		~	~	~		~		~		~	~
1,2-Dichloroethane	3100	~	~		~	~	~		~		~		~	~
1,2-Dichloropropane	~	~	~		~	~	~		~		~		~	~
1,3-Dichlorobenzene, VOC	~	~	~		~	~	~		~		~		~	~
1,4-Dichlorobenzene, VOC	~	~	~		~	~	~		~		~		~	~
2-Butanone	~	~	~		~	~	~		~		~		~	~
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Location ID			CCASB005	CCASB005	CCASB006	CCASB006	CCASB006	CCASB006	CCASB007	CCASB007
Sample ID		Γ	CCASB005-1-020	CCASB005-0-105	CCASB006-0-000	CCASB006-0-002	CCASB006-0-020	CCASB006-0-040	CCASB007-0-002	CCASB007-0-020
Date			12/18/2014	12/18/2014	12/18/2014	12/18/2014	12/18/2014	12/18/2014	6/24/2015	6/24/2015
Sample Depth	Restricted		2-10.5 feet	10.5-12 feet	0-2 inches	2-24 inches	2-4 feet	4-6 feet	2-24 inches	2-4 feet
Sample Type	Residential	TCLP	1 - Duplicate	0 - Primary	0-Primary	0-Primary				
Matrix	Screening	Regulatory	SB	SB	SB	SB	SB	SB	SB	SB
Laboratory Sample ID	Levels ⁽¹⁾	Levels ⁽²⁾	480-73350-12	480-73350-13	480-73350-15	480-73350-16	480-73350-17	480-73350-18	480-82861-1	480-82861-2
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs), ug/Kg (continued)										
2-Hexanone	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Acetone	100000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Benzene	4800	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Bromodichloromethane	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Bromoform	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Bromomethane	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Carbon disulfide	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Carbon tetrachloride	2400	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Chlorobenzene	100000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Chloroethane	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Chloroform	49000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Chloromethane	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	100000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Cyclohexane	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Cyclohexane, Methyl-	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Dibromochloromethane	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Dichlorodifluoromethane	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Ethylbenzene	41000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Isopropylbenzene	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Methyl acetate	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Methyl tert-butyl ether	100000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Methylene chloride	100000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Styrene	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Tetrachloroethene	19000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Toluene	100000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	100000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Trichloroethene	21000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Trichlorofluoromethane	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Vinylchloride	100000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Xylenes, Total	100000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds (SVOCs), ug/Kg 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol			39 U	42 U	51 U	46 U	43 U	42 11	-:	
·	~	~ ~	12 U	13 U	15 U		43 U 13 U	42 U 13 U	~	~
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol 2,4-Dichlorophenol	~	~	9.3 U	10 U	15 U		10 U	10 U	~ ~	~
2,4-Dimethylphenol	~	~	9.5 U	52 U	63 U		54 U	52 U	~	~
2,4-Dinitrophenol	~	~	62 U	68 U	82 U		70 U	68 U	~	~
2,4-Dinitroprienoi	~	~	27 U	30 U	36 U		31 U	30 U	~	~
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	~	~	43 U	47 U	57 U		49 U	47 U	~	~
2-Chloronaphthalene	~	~	12 U	13 U	16 U		13 U	13 U	~	~
2-Chlorophenol	~	~	9.0 U	9.9 U	12 U		10 U	9.9 U	~	~
2-Methylnaphthalene	~	~	8.5 J	2.3 U	12 J		2.4 U	2.3 U	~	~
2-Methylinaphthalene 2-Methylphenol	100000	~	5.5 U	6.0 U	7.2 U		6.1 U	6.0 U	~	~
2-Nitroaniline	~	~	57 U	62 U	7.2 U		64 U	62 U	~	~
2-Nitrophenol	~	~	8.1 U	8.9 U	11 U		9.1 U	8.9 U	~	~
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	~	~	160 U	170 U	200 U		170 U	170 U	~	~
3-Nitroaniline	~	~	41 U	45 U	54 U		46 U	45 U	~	~
O-TYTU CATHILLE		· ·	71 0	1 0	<u> </u>	1 = 0	1 -0	-10 0		



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Location ID			CCASB005		CCASB005	CCASB006	CCASB00		CCASB0		CCASB00		CCASB007	CCASB007
Sample ID			CCASB005-1-	020	CCASB005-0-105	CCASB006-0-000	CCASB006-0		CCASB006-		CCASB006-0		CCASB007-0-002	CCASB007-0-020
Date			12/18/2014		12/18/2014	12/18/2014	12/18/201		12/18/20		12/18/201	4	6/24/2015	6/24/2015
Sample Depth	Restricted		2-10.5 feet		10.5-12 feet	0-2 inches	2-24 inche		2-4 feet		4-6 feet		2-24 inches	2-4 feet
Sample Type	Residential	TCLP	1 - Duplicate	е	0 - Primary	0 - Primary	0 - Primar	ry	0 - Prima	ry	0 - Prima	ry	0-Primary	0-Primary
Matrix	Screening	Regulatory	SB		SB	SB	SB		SB		SB		SB	SB
Laboratory Sample ID	Levels ⁽¹⁾	Levels ⁽²⁾	480-73350-1	2	480-73350-13	480-73350-15	480-73350-	-16	480-73350	-17	480-73350	-18	480-82861-1	480-82861-2
Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds (SVOCs), ug/Kg (continued)			0.4		07	04	70		00		07			
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	~	~	61	U	67 U	81 U	73	U	69	U	67	U	~	~
4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	~	~	56	U	62 U	74 U	67	U	63	U	62	U	~	~
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	~	~	7.3 52	U	8.0 U 57 U	9.6 U		U	8.2 58	U	8.0	U	~	~
4-Chlorophond phondather	~	~	3.8	U	57 U 4.1 U	68 U 5.0 U	62 4.5	U	4.2	U	57 4.1	U	~	~
4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether 4-Methylphenol	100000	~	9.9	U	11 U	13 U	12	U	11	U	11	U	~	~
4-Nitroaniline	~	~	20	U	22 U	26 U	24	Ü	22	U	22	U	~	~
4-Nitrophenol, SVOC	~	~	43	Ü	47 U	57 U	51	U	48	U	47	U	~	~
Acenaphthene	100000	~	2.1	U	2.3 U	2.7 U	12	J	2.3	U	2.3	U	~	~
Acenaphthylene	100000	~	32	J	1.6 U	1.9 U	1.7	Ü	1.6	Ü	1.6	U	~	~
Acetophenone	~	~	9.1	Ū	9.9 U	12 U	11	Ū	10	Ü	10	Ū	~	~
Anthracene	100000	~	4.5	Ü	5.0 U	6.0 U	24	J	5.1	Ü	5.0	Ü	~	~
Atrazine	~	~	7.9	U	8.6 U	10 U	9.4	Ü	8.8	Ü	8.6	Ü	~	~
Benz(a)anthracene	1000	~	29	J	3.3 U	42 J	68	J	3.4	U	3.3	U	~	~
Benzaldehyde	~	~	19	U	21 U	26 U	23	U	22	U	21	U	~	~
Benzo(a)pyrene	1000	~	43	J	4.7 U	37 J	58	J	4.8	U	4.7	U	~	~
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1000	~	54	J	3.8 U	58 J	80	J	3.9	U	3.8	U	~	~
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	100000	~	42	J	2.3 U	36 J	38	J	2.4	U	2.3	U	~	~
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	3900	~	21	J	2.1 U	23 J	35	J	2.2	U	2.1	U	~	~
Biphenyl	~	~	11	U	12 U	15 U	13	U	12	U	12	U	~	~
bis (2-chloroisopropyl) ether	~	~	19	U	20 U	24 U	22	U	21	U	20	U	~	~
bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	~	~	9.7	U	11 U	13 U	11	U	11	U	11	U	~	~
bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	~	~	15	U	17 U	20 U	18	U	17	U	17	U	~	~
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	~	~	57	UJ	62 U	75 U	68	U	64	U	63	U	~	~
Butyl benzyl phthalate	~	~	48	U	52 U	63 U	57	U	53	U	52	U	~	~
Caprolactam	~	~	77	U	84 U	100 U		U	86	U	84	U	~	~
Carbazole	3900	~	2.1 34	U	2.2 U 1.9 U	6.1 J	12 63	J	2.3	U	2.2 1.9	U	~	~
Chrysene Dihonz/o h)onthrocono	330	~	8.1	J	2.3 U	41 J 2.7 U	12	J	2.0	U	2.3	U	~	~
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene Dibenzofuran	59000	~	1.9	U	2.0 U	2.4 U	2.2	U	2.1	U	2.0	U	~	~
Diethylphthalate	~	~	5.4	U	5.9 U	7.0 U	6.4	Ü	6.0	Ü	5.9	U	~	~
Dimethyl phthalate	~	~	4.6	U	5.1 U	6.1 U	5.5	Ü	5.2	Ü	5.1	Ü	~	~
Di-N-Butyl phthalate	~	~	61	U	67 U	81 U		U	69	Ü	67	U	~	~
Di-N-Octyl phthalate	~	~	4.2	U	4.5 U	5.5 U	4.9	Ü	4.6	Ü	4.5	Ü	~	~
Fluoranthene	100000	~	31	J	2.8 U	78 J		J	2.9	Ü	2.8	Ü	~	~
Fluorene	100000	~	5.5	J	4.5 U	5.4 U	12	J	4.6	U	4.5	U	~	~
Hexachlorobenzene	1200	~	8.8	U	9.6 U	12 U	10	U	9.9	U	9.6	U	~	~
Hexachlorobutadiene, SVOC	~	~	9.1	U	9.9 U	12 U	11	U	10	U	9.9	U	~	~
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	~	~	54	U	59 U	70 U	64	U	60	U	59	U	~	~
Hexachloroethane	~	~	14	U	15 U	18 U	16	U	15	U	15	U	~	~
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	500	~	43	J	5.4 U	39 J		J	5.5	U	5.4	U	~	~
Isophorone	~	~	8.9	U	9.7 U	12 U	11	U	9.9	U	9.7	U	~	~
Naphthalene, SVOC	100000	~	9.0	J	3.2 U	3.9 U		U	3.3	U	3.2	U	~	~
Nitrobenzene	15000	~	7.9	U	8.6 U	10 U	9.3	U	8.8	U	8.6	U	~	~
N-Nitroso-di-N-propylamine	~	~	14	U	15 U	19 U		U	16	U	15	U	~	~
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	6700	~	9.7	U	11 U	13 U	12	U	11	U	11	U	~	~
Pentachlorophenol, SVOC	6700	~	61	U	66 U	80 U	72	U	68	U	67	U	~	~
Phenanthrene	100000 100000	~	20 19	J	4.1 U 20 U	47 J 25 U	100	J U	4.2 21	U	4.1 20	U	~	~ ~
Phenol	100000		28		1.3 U	53 J		J	1.3	U	1.3	U		
Pyrene	100000	~	20	J	1.3 U	55 J	100	J	1.3	U	1.3	U	~	~



Location ID			CCASB005	CCASB005	CCASB006	CCASB006	CCASB006	CCASB006	CCASB007	CCASB007
Sample ID			CCASB005-1-020	CCASB005-0-105	CCASB006-0-000	CCASB006-0-002	CCASB006-0-020	CCASB006-0-040	CCASB007-0-002	CCASB007-0-020
Date			12/18/2014	12/18/2014	12/18/2014	12/18/2014	12/18/2014	12/18/2014	6/24/2015	6/24/2015
Sample Depth	Restricted		2-10.5 feet	10.5-12 feet	0-2 inches	2-24 inches	2-4 feet	4-6 feet	2-24 inches	2-4 feet
Sample Type	Residential	TCLP	1 - Duplicate	0 - Primary	0-Primary	0-Primary				
Matrix	Screening	Regulatory	SB							
Laboratory Sample ID	Levels ⁽¹⁾	Levels ⁽²⁾	480-73350-12	480-73350-13	480-73350-15	480-73350-16	480-73350-17	480-73350-18	480-82861-1	480-82861-2
Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PBCs), mg/Kg										
Aroclor-1016	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Aroclor-1221	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Aroclor-1232	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Aroclor-1242	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	2	~	~
Aroclor-1248	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Aroclor-1254	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Aroclor-1260	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Aroclor-1262	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Aroclor-1268	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons, mg/Kg										
TPH	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~

Notes:

mg/Kg = milligram per kilogram.

mg/L = milligram per liter.

- U = The analyte was analyzed for but was not detected above the level of the detection quantitation limit.
- UJ = The analyte was analyzed for but not detected. The quantitation limit is approximate and may be inaccurate or imprecise.
- J = The positive result reported is estimated either because the result is less than the LOQ or because certain quality control criteria were not met.
- J+ = The result is an estimated quantity, but the result may be biased high because certain quality control criteria were not met.
- SB = Soil boring.
- SS = Surface soil.
- (1) New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NSYDEC) Subpart 375-6 Remedial Program Soil Cleanup Objectives (SCOs).
- (2) Federal Code of Regulations, Section 261.24 Toxicity characteristic. Context: Title 40 Protection of Environment. CHAPTER I ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY (CONTINUED). SUBCHAPTER I SOLID WASTES (CONTINUED). PART 261 IDENTIFICATION AND LISTING OF HAZARDOUS WASTE. Subpart C Characteristics of Hazardous Waste (2012-07-01).
- \sim = Analysis not performed or No standard or guidance value listed for this constituent.



		1		_				-				1
Location ID			CCASB00		CCASB008	CCASB008	CCASB008		CCASB009	CCASB009	CCASS001	CCASS001
Sample ID			CCASB008-0		CCASB008-0-038	CCASB008-0-060	CCASB008-1-06	50	CCASB009-0-002	CCASB009-0-020	CCASS001-0-000	CCASS001-1-000
Date			6/24/2015		6/24/2015	6/24/2015	6/24/2015		6/24/2015	6/24/2015	7/31/2014	7/31/2014
Sample Depth	Restricted		2-24 inche		3.8-6 feet	6-12 feet	6-12 feet		2-24 inches	2-4 feet	0 - 2 inches	0 - 2 inches
Sample Type	Residential	TCLP	0-Primary	/	0-Primary	0-Primary	1-Duplicate		0-Primary	0-Primary	0 - Primary	1 - Duplicate
Matrix	Screening	Regulatory	SB	_	SB	SB	SB		SB	SB	SS	SS
Laboratory Sample ID	Levels ⁽¹⁾	Levels ⁽²⁾	480-82861	-3	480-82861-4	480-82861-5	480-82861-6		480-82861-7	480-82861-8	480-64773-1	480-64773-2
Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP) Metals, mg/L		E	0.0056	U	0.016	0.0056 J	0.0056	U			0.0056 U	
Arsenic, TCLP Barium, TCLP	~	5 100	0.0036	J	0.016 0.99 J	0.0056 J 0.60 J	0.60	J	~	~	0.56	~
Cadmium, TCLP	~	100	0.00083	J	0.99 3	0.00 J	0.0011	J	~	~	0.0016 J	
Chromium, TCLP	~	5	0.010	U	0.010 U	0.012 J	0.010	U	~	~	0.0010 U	~
Lead, TCLP	~	5	0.0039	J	6.6	0.0030 U	0.0030	U	~	~	0.0077 J	~
Mercury, TCLP	~	0.2	0.00012	Ü	0.00012 U	0.00012 UJ		UJ	~	~	0.00012 U	~
Selenium, TCLP	~	1	0.0087	Ū	0.0087 U	0.0087 U	0.0087	U	~	~	0.0087 U	~
Silver, TCLP	~	5	0.0017	Ū	0.0017 U	0.0017 U	0.0017	U	~	~	0.0017 J	~
Total Metals, mg/Kg								-				
Aluminum, Total	~	~	11800		8280	10600	9940		~	~	9200 J	~
Antimony, Total	~	~	0.49	U	9.5 J	0.48 UJ	0.51	UJ	~	~	0.51 J	~
Arsenic, Total	16	~	8.6		63.3	5.7	5.7		15.7	14.2	7.2	~
Barium, Total	400	~	136		404	108 J	93.8	J	~	~	130 J	~
Beryllium, Total	72	~	0.56		0.39	0.50	0.48		~	~	0.51	~
Boron, Total	~	~	5.9		43.0	16.4 J	15.6	J	~	~	2.5	~
Cadmium, Total	4.3	~	0.36		7.7	0.13 J	0.15	J	1.2	0.61	0.39	~
Calcium, Total	~	~	2320		2380	1210 J	1070	J	~	~	2100	~
Chromium, Total	180	~	13.1		14.5	11.4	10.8		~	~	11	~
Cobalt, Total	~	~	8.6		7.8	8.1	7.3		~	~	8.8	~
Copper, Total	270	~	13.6		107	10.5	10.3		~	~	15	~
Iron, Total	~	~	19900		18200	18700	17700		~	~	17000	~
Lead, Total	400	~	44.9		587	11.6	12.9		158	128	49	~
Magnesium, Total	~	~	2690		1900	2410 J	2260	J	~	~	2500 J	~
Manganese, Total	2000	~	509		377	487 J	415	J	~	~	570 J	~
Mercury, Total	0.81	~	0.029 20.8		0.13 29.6	0.017 J 18.3	0.012	J	0.10	0.12	~	~
Nickel, Total	310	~	1460		1210		16.9	_	~	~	19	~
Potassium, Total Selenium, Total	180	~ ~	0.49	U	2.0 J	1350 J 0.48 U	1340 0.51	J	~	~	670 1.3 J	~
Silver, Total	180	~	0.49	U	0.25 U	0.48 U	0.25	U	~	~	0.24 U	~
Sodium, Total	~	~	88.4	J	141 J	106 J	88.6	J	~	~	160 J	
Thallium, Total	~	~	0.37	Ü	0.37 U	0.36 U	0.38	Ü	~	~	0.36 U	~
Vanadium, Total	~	~	16.1		11.9	14.0	13.5		~	~	12	~
Zinc, Total	10000	~	85.1		322	48.8 J	46.4	J	~	~	73	~
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs), ug/Kg								_			. •	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	100000	~	~		~	~	~		~	~	0.40 UJ	0.34 UJ
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	~	~	~		~	~	~		~	~	0.90 UJ	
1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane	~	~	~		~	~	~		~	~	1.3 UJ	1.1 UJ
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	~	~	~		~	~	~		~	~	0.72 UJ	0.61 UJ
1,1-Dichloroethane	26000	~	~		~	~	~		~	~	0.68 UJ	0.57 UJ
1,1-Dichloroethene	100000	~	~		~	~	~		~	~	0.68 UJ	
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene, VOC	~	~	~		~	~	~		~	~	0.34 UJ	
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	~	~	~		~	~	~		~	~	2.8 UJ	
1,2-Dibromoethane	~	~	~		~	~	~		~	~	0.71 UJ	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene, VOC	~	~	~		~	~	~		~	~	0.43 UJ	
1,2-Dichloroethane	3100	~	~		~	~	~		~	~	0.28 UJ	
1,2-Dichloropropane	~	~	~		~	~	~		~	~	2.8 UJ	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene, VOC	~	~	~		~	~	~		~	~	0.28 UJ	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene, VOC	~	~	~		~	~	~		~	~	0.77 UJ	
2-Butanone	~	~	~		~	~	~		~	~	2.0 UJ	1.7 UJ



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Location ID			CCASB008	CCASB008	CCASB008	CCASB008	CCASB009	CCASB009	CCASS001	CCASS001
Sample ID			CCASB008-0-002	CCASB008-0-038	CCASB008-0-060	CCASB008-1-060	CCASB009-0-002	CCASB009-0-020	CCASS001-0-000	CCASS001-1-000
Date			6/24/2015	6/24/2015	6/24/2015	6/24/2015	6/24/2015	6/24/2015	7/31/2014	7/31/2014
Sample Depth	Restricted		2-24 inches	3.8-6 feet	6-12 feet	6-12 feet	2-24 inches	2-4 feet	0 - 2 inches	0 - 2 inches
Sample Type	Residential	TCLP	0-Primary	0-Primary	0-Primary	1-Duplicate	0-Primary	0-Primary	0 - Primary	1 - Duplicate
Matrix	Screening	Regulatory	SB	SB	SB	SB	SB	SB	SS	SS
Laboratory Sample ID	Levels ⁽¹⁾	Levels ⁽²⁾	480-82861-3	480-82861-4	480-82861-5	480-82861-6	480-82861-7	480-82861-8	480-64773-1	480-64773-2
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs), ug/Kg (continued)									0.0	0.0
2-Hexanone	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	2.8 UJ	2.3 UJ
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	100000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	1.8 UJ 4.7 UJ	1.5 UJ
Acetone	4800	~	~ ~	~	~	~	~	~	4.7 UJ 0.27 UJ	3.9 UJ 0.23 UJ
Benzene Bromodichloromethane	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~ ~	0.27 UJ	0.62 UJ
Bromoform	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	2.8 UJ	2.3 UJ
Bromomethane	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.50 UJ	0.42 UJ
Carbon disulfide	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	2.8 UJ	2.3 UJ
Carbon tetrachloride	2400	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.54 UJ	0.45 UJ
Chlorobenzene	100000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.73 UJ	0.43 UJ
Chloroethane	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	1.3 UJ	1.1 UJ
Chloroform	49000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.87 J	0.29 UJ
Chloromethane	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.33 UJ	0.28 UJ
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	100000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.71 UJ	0.60 UJ
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.80 UJ	0.67 UJ
Cyclohexane	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.77 UJ	0.65 UJ
Cyclohexane, Methyl-	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.84 UJ	0.71 UJ
Dibromochloromethane	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.71 UJ	0.60 UJ
Dichlorodifluoromethane	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.46 UJ	0.38 UJ
Ethylbenzene	41000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.38 UJ	0.32 UJ
Isopropylbenzene	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.83 UJ	0.70 UJ
Methyl acetate	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	1.0 UJ	0.87 UJ
Methyl tert-butyl ether	100000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.54 UJ	0.46 UJ
Methylene chloride	100000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	2.5 UJ	2.1 UJ
Styrene	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.28 UJ	0.23 UJ
Tetrachloroethene	19000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.74 UJ	0.63 UJ
Toluene	100000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.42 UJ	0.35 UJ
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	100000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.57 UJ	0.48 UJ
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	2.4 UJ	2.0 UJ
Trichloroethene	21000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	1.2 UJ	1.0 UJ
Trichlorofluoromethane	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.52 UJ	0.44 UJ
Vinylchloride	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.68 UJ	0.57 UJ
Xylenes, Total	100000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.93 UJ	0.78 UJ
Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds (SVOCs), ug/Kg										
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	~	~	54 U	55 U	56 U	56 U	~	~	45 U	~
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	~	~	40 U	40 U	41 U	41 U	~	~	14 U	~
2,4-Dichlorophenol	~	~	21 U	21 U	22 U	22 U	~	~	11 U	~
2,4-Dimethylphenol	~	~	48 U	49 U	50 U		~	~	56 U	~
2,4-Dinitrophenol	~	~	920 U	930 U	950 U			~	72 U	~
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	~	~	41 U	42 U	43 U		~	~	32 U	~
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	~	~	23 U	24 U	24 U	24 U	~	~	50 U	~
2-Chloronaphthalene	~	~	33 U	33 U	34 U		~	~	14 U	~
2-Chlorophenol	~	~	36 U	37 U	38 U	37 U		~	11 U	~
2-Methylnaphthalene	~	~	40 U	40 U	41 U		~	~	2.5 U	~
2-Methylphenol	100000	~	23 U	24 U	24 U	24 U	~	~	6.3 U	~
2-Nitroaniline	~	~	29 U	30 U	30 U	30 U	~	~	66 U	~
2-Nitrophenol	~	~	56 U	57 U	58 U	58 U	~	~	9.4 U	~
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	~	~	230 U	240 U	240 U	240 U	~	~	180 U	~
3-Nitroaniline	~	~	55 U	56 U	57 U	57 U	~	~	47 U	~



Location ID		T	CCASB008	1	CCASB008		CCASB008	Т	CCASB008	CCASB009	CCASB009	CCASS001	CCASS001
			CCASB008-0-0	102	CCASB008-0-038	-	CCASB008-0-060		CCASB008 CCASB008-1-060	CCASB009 CCASB009-0-002	CCASB009 CCASB009-0-020	CCASS001-0-000	CCASS001 CCASS001-1-000
Sample ID		-		102									
Date County Double			6/24/2015		6/24/2015		6/24/2015		6/24/2015	6/24/2015	6/24/2015	7/31/2014	7/31/2014
Sample Depth	Restricted		2-24 inches		3.8-6 feet	_	6-12 feet		6-12 feet	2-24 inches	2-4 feet	0 - 2 inches	0 - 2 inches
Sample Type	Residential	TCLP	0-Primary		0-Primary	_	0-Primary		1-Duplicate	0-Primary	0-Primary	0 - Primary	1 - Duplicate
Matrix	Screening	Regulatory	SB		SB		SB		SB	SB	SB	SS	SS
Laboratory Sample ID	Levels ⁽¹⁾	Levels ⁽²⁾	480-82861-3		480-82861-4		480-82861-5		480-82861-6	480-82861-7	480-82861-8	480-64773-1	480-64773-2
Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds (SVOCs), ug/Kg (continued)			000		000		040		040			74	
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	~	~	200	U		U		U	210 U	~	~	71 U	~
4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	~	~	28	U		U		U	29 U	~	~	66 U	~
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	~	~	49	U		U		U	51 U	~	~	8.5 U	~
4-Chloroaniline	~	~	49	U		U		U	51 U	~	~	61 U	~
4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	~	~	25	U		U		U	25 U	~	~	4.4 U	~
4-Methylphenol	100000	~	23	U		U		U	24 U	~	~	11 U	~
4-Nitroaniline	~	~	100	U		U		U	110 U	~	~	23 U	~
4-Nitrophenol, SVOC	~	~	140	U		U		U	140 U	~	~	50 U	~
Acenaphthene	100000	~	29	U		U		U	30 U	~	~	2.4 U	~
Acetaphanana	100000	~	26	U		U		U	27 U	~	~	1.7 U 11 U	~
Acetophenone	400000	~	27	UJ		JJ		JJ	28 UJ	~	~		~
Anthracene	100000	~	49	U		U		U	51 U 71 U	~	~	5.5 J 9.2 U	~
Atrazine	~ 1000	~	69 43	U		U		U		~	~		~
Benz(a)anthracene	1000	~	160	J		-		U		~	~		~
Benzaldehyde	1000	~				U		U		~	~		~
Benzo(a)pyrene	1000	~	29 41	J		J		U	30 U 33 U	~	~		~
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	10000	~	21	J		J		U	22 U	~	~		~
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	3900	~	26	U		-		U	27 U	~	~	44	~
Benzo(k)fluoranthene		~	29	UJ		JJ J		JJ	30 UJ	~	~	13 U	~
Biphenyl	~	~	40	U		U		U	41 U	~	~	22 U	~
bis (2-chloroisopropyl) ether bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	~	~	42	UJ		JJ		JJ	43 UJ	~	~	11 U	~
bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	~	~	26	U		U		U	27 U	~	~	18 U	~
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	~	~	68	Ü		U		U	70 U	~	~	97 J	~
Butyl benzyl phthalate	~	~	33	Ü		U		U	34 U	~	~	55 U	~
Caprolactam	~	~	60	Ü		U		U	62 U	~	~	89 U	~
Carbazole	~	~	23	Ü		U		U	24 U	~	~	7.0 J	~
Chrysene	3900	~	44	Ü		J		U	46 U	~	~	90 J	~
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	330	~	35	Ü		U		Ü	36 U	~	~	19 J	~
Dibenzofuran	59000	~	23	Ü		U		Ü	24 U	~	~	2.2 U	~
Diethylphthalate	~	~	26	Ü		U		U	27 U	~	~	6.2 U	~
Dimethyl phthalate	~	~	23	Ü		U		U	24 U	~	~	5.4 U	~
Di-N-Butyl phthalate	~	~	34	Ü		J		U	35 U	~	~	71 U	~
Di-N-Octyl phthalate	~	~	23	Ü		U	0.4	U	24 U	~	~	4.8 U	~
Fluoranthene	100000	~	61	J	150			Ü	22 U	~	~	100 J	~
Fluorene	100000	~	23	Ü		U		U	24 U	~	~	4.8 U	~
Hexachlorobenzene	1200	~	27	Ü		U		U	28 U	~	~	10 U	~
Hexachlorobutadiene, SVOC	~	~	29	Ū		U		U	30 U	~	~	11 U	~
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	~	~	27	U	27 l	U	28 l	U	28 U	~	~	62 U	~
Hexachloroethane	~	~	26	U	26 l	U	27 l	U	27 U	~	~	16 U	~
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	500	~	25	U		J	26 l	U	25 U	~	~	82 J	~
Isophorone	~	~	42	U		Ū		U	43 U	~	~	10 U	~
Naphthalene, SVOC	100000	~	26	U		U	27 l	U	27 U	~	~	3.4 U	~
Nitrobenzene	15000	~	22	U	23 l	U	23 l	U	23 U	~	~	9.1 U	~
N-Nitroso-di-N-propylamine	~	~	34	U		U	35 l	U	35 U	~	~	16 U	~
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	~	~	160	U		U		U	170 U	~	~	11 U	~
Pentachlorophenol, SVOC	6700	~	200	U		U		U	210 U	~	~	71 U	~
Phenanthrene	100000	~	29	U		J		U	30 U	~	~	38 J	~
Phenol	100000	~	30	U		Ū		U	31 U	~	~	22 U	~
Pyrene	100000	~	45	J		J		U	24 U	~	~	90 J	~
1 /	-									1		·	



	Location ID			CCASB008	CCASB008	CCASB008	CCASB008	CCASB009	CCASB009	CCASS001	CCASS001
	Sample ID			CCASB008-0-002	CCASB008-0-038	CCASB008-0-060	CCASB008-1-060	CCASB009-0-002	CCASB009-0-020	CCASS001-0-000	CCASS001-1-000
	Date			6/24/2015	6/24/2015	6/24/2015	6/24/2015	6/24/2015	6/24/2015	7/31/2014	7/31/2014
	Sample Depth	Restricted		2-24 inches	3.8-6 feet	6-12 feet	6-12 feet	2-24 inches	2-4 feet	0 - 2 inches	0 - 2 inches
	Sample Type	Residential	TCLP	0-Primary	0-Primary	0-Primary	1-Duplicate	0-Primary	0-Primary	0 - Primary	1 - Duplicate
	Matrix	Screening	Regulatory	SB	SB	SB	SB	SB	SB	SS	SS
	Laboratory Sample ID	Levels ⁽¹⁾	Levels ⁽²⁾	480-82861-3	480-82861-4	480-82861-5	480-82861-6	480-82861-7	480-82861-8	480-64773-1	480-64773-2
Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PBCs), mg/Kg											
Aroclor-1016		~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.0040 U	~
Aroclor-1221		~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.0040 U	~
Aroclor-1232		~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.0040 U	~
Aroclor-1242		~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.0040 U	~
Aroclor-1248		~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.0040 U	~
Aroclor-1254		~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.0095 U	~
Aroclor-1260		~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.0095 U	~
Aroclor-1262		~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.0095 U	~
Aroclor-1268		~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.0095 U	~
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons, mg/Kg											
TPH		~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	220	~

Notes:

mg/Kg = milligram per kilogram.

mg/L = milligram per liter.

- U = The analyte was analyzed for but was not detected above the level of the detection quantitation limit.
- UJ = The analyte was analyzed for but not detected. The quantitation limit is approximate and may be inaccurate or imprecise.
- J = The positive result reported is estimated either because the result is less than the LOQ or because certain quality control criteria were not met.
- J+ = The result is an estimated quantity, but the result may be biased high because certain quality control criteria were not met.
- SB = Soil boring.
- SS = Surface soil.
- (1) New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NSYDEC) Subpart 375-6 Remedial Program Soil Cleanup Objectives (SCOs).
- (2) Federal Code of Regulations, Section 261.24 Toxicity characteristic. Context: Title 40 Protection of Environment. CHAPTER I ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY (CONTINUED). SUBCHAPTER I SOLID WASTES (CONTINUED). PART 261 IDENTIFICATION AND LISTING OF HAZARDOUS WASTE. Subpart C Characteristics of Hazardous Waste (2012-07-01).
- \sim = Analysis not performed or No standard or guidance value listed for this constituent.



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Location ID			CCASS001	CCASS002	CCASS002	CCASS003	CCASS003	CCASS004	CCASS004	CCASS005
Sample ID			CCASS001-0-002	CCASS002-0-000	CCASS002-0-002	CCASS003-0-000	CCASS003-0-002	CCASS004-0-000	CCASS004-0-002	CCASS005-0-000
Date			7/31/2014	8/7/2014	8/7/2014	7/31/2014	7/31/2014	7/31/2014	7/31/2014	7/29/2014
Sample Depth	Restricted		2 - 24 inches	0 - 2 inches	2 - 24 inches	0 - 2 inches	2 - 24 inches	0 - 2 inches	2 - 24 inches	0 - 2 inches
Sample Type	Residential	TCLP	0 - Primary							
Matrix	Screening	Regulatory	SS							
Laboratory Sample ID	Levels ⁽¹⁾	Levels ⁽²⁾	480-64773-3	480-65233-10	480-65233-11	480-64773-4	480-64773-5	480-64773-7	480-64773-8	480-64613-9
Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP) Metals, mg/L										
Arsenic, TCLP	~	5	0.0056 U	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Barium, TCLP	~	100	0.56	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Cadmium, TCLP	~	1	0.0015 J	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Chromium, TCLP	~	5	0.0010 U	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Lead, TCLP	~	5	0.0063 J	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Mercury, TCLP	~	0.2	0.00012 U	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Selenium, TCLP	~	1	0.0087 U	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Silver, TCLP	~	5	0.0017 U	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Total Metals, mg/Kg										
Aluminum, Total	~	~	8600	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Antimony, Total	~	~	0.51 U		~	~	~	~	~	~
Arsenic, Total	16	~	5.4	5.8	7.2	13	10	12	9.6	15
Barium, Total	400	~	110	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Beryllium, Total	72	~	0.49	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Boron, Total	~	~	1.8 J		~	~	~	~	~	~
Cadmium, Total	4.3	~	0.24 J		0.41	1.3	0.87	0.73	0.54	0.92
Calcium, Total	~	~	1500	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Chromium, Total	180	~	11	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Cobalt, Total	~	~	8.2	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Copper, Total	270	~	12	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Iron, Total	~	~	17000	~	~	~	~ 450	~	~	~
Lead, Total Magnesium, Total	400	~	31 2400	62	40	180	150	110	74	140
·	2000	~ ~	510	~ ~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Manganese, Total Mercury, Total	0.81	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Nickel, Total	310	~	20	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Potassium, Total	~	~	540	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Selenium, Total	180	~	0.51 U		~	~	~	~	~	~
Silver, Total	180	~	0.26 U		~	~	~	~	~	~
Sodium, Total	~	~	110 J		~	~	~	~	~	~
Thallium, Total	~	~	0.38 U		~	~	~	~	~	~
Vanadium, Total	~	~	11	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Zinc, Total	10000	~	66	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs), ug/Kg										
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	100000	~	0.33 U	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	~	~	0.74 U	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane	~	~	1.0 U	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	~	~	0.59 U	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
1,1-Dichloroethane	26000	~	0.56 U	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
1,1-Dichloroethene	100000	~	0.56 U	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene, VOC	~	~	0.28 U		~	~	~	~	~	~
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	~	~	2.3 U		~	~	~	~	~	~
1,2-Dibromoethane	~	~	0.59 U		~	~	~	~	~	~
1,2-Dichlorobenzene, VOC	~	~	0.36 U		~	~	~	~	~	~
1,2-Dichloroethane	3100	~	0.23 U		~	~	~	~	~	~
1,2-Dichloropropane	~	~	2.3 U		~	~	~	~	~	~
1,3-Dichlorobenzene, VOC	~	~	0.23 U		~	~	~	~	~	~
1,4-Dichlorobenzene, VOC	~	~	0.64 U		~	~	~	~	~	~
2-Butanone	~	~	1.7 U	~	~	~	~	~	~	~



Location ID			CCASS001	CCASS002	CCASS002	CCASS003	CCASS003	CCASS004	CCASS004	CCASS005
Sample ID			CCASS001-0-002	CCASS002-0-000	CCASS002-0-002	CCASS003-0-000	CCASS003-0-002	CCASS004-0-000	CCASS004-0-002	CCASS005-0-000
Date			7/31/2014	8/7/2014	8/7/2014	7/31/2014	7/31/2014	7/31/2014	7/31/2014	7/29/2014
Sample Depth	Restricted		2 - 24 inches	0 - 2 inches	2 - 24 inches	0 - 2 inches	2 - 24 inches	0 - 2 inches	2 - 24 inches	0 - 2 inches
Sample Type	Residential	TCLP	0 - Primary							
Matrix	Screening	Regulatory	SS							
Laboratory Sample ID	Levels ⁽¹⁾	Levels ⁽²⁾	480-64773-3	480-65233-10	480-65233-11	480-64773-4	480-64773-5	480-64773-7	480-64773-8	480-64613-9
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs), ug/Kg (continued)										
2-Hexanone	~	~	2.3	U ~	~	~	~	~	~	~
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	~	~	1.5	U ~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Acetone	100000	~	3.8	U ~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Benzene	4800	~	0.22	U ~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Bromodichloromethane	~	~	0.61	U ~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Bromoform	~	~	2.3	U ~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Bromomethane	~	~	0.41	U ~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Carbon disulfide	~	~	2.3	U ~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Carbon tetrachloride	2400	~	0.44	U ~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Chlorobenzene	100000	~	0.60	U ~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Chloroethane	~	~	1.0	U ~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Chloroform	49000	~	0.28	U ~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Chloromethane	~	~	0.28	U ~	~	~	~	~	~	~
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	100000	~	0.58	U ~	~	~	~	~	~	~
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	~	~	0.66	U ~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Cyclohexane	~	~	0.64	U ~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Cyclohexane, Methyl-	~	~	0.69	U ~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Dibromochloromethane	~	~	0.58	U ~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Dichlorodifluoromethane	~	~	0.38	U ~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Ethylbenzene	41000	~	0.31	U ~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Isopropylbenzene	~	~	0.69	U ~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Methyl acetate	~	~	0.85	U ~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Methyl tert-butyl ether	100000	~	0.45	U ~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Methylene chloride	100000	~		U ~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Styrene	~	~		U ~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Tetrachloroethene	19000	~		U ~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Toluene	100000	~		U ~	~	~	~	~	~	~
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	100000	~		U ~	~	~	~	~	~	~
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	~	~		U ~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Trichloroethene	21000	~		U ~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Trichlorofluoromethane	~	~		U ~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Vinylchloride	~	~		U ~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Xylenes, Total	100000	~	0.77	U ~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds (SVOCs), ug/Kg										
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	~	~		U ~	~	~	~	~	~	~
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	~	~		U ~	~	~	~	~	~	~
2,4-Dichlorophenol	~	~		U ~	~	~	~	~	~	~
2,4-Dimethylphenol	~	~		U ~	~	~	~	~	~	~
2,4-Dinitrophenol	~	~		U ~	~	~	~	~	~	~
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	~	~		U ~	~	~	~	~	~	~
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	~	~		U ~	~	~	~	~	~	~
2-Chloronaphthalene	~	~		U ~	~	~	~	~	~	~
2-Chlorophenol	~	~		U ~	~	~	~	~	~	~
2-Methylnaphthalene	~	~		U ~	~	~	~	~	~	~
2-Methylphenol	100000	~		U ~	~	~	~	~	~	~
2-Nitroaniline	~	~		U ~	~	~	~	~	~	~
2-Nitrophenol	~	~		U ~	~	~	~	~	~	~
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	~	~		U ~	~	~	~	~	~	~
3-Nitroaniline	~	~	48	U ~	~	~	~	~	~	~



						T				
Location ID		_	CCASS001	CCASS002	CCASS002	CCASS003	CCASS003	CCASS004	CCASS004	CCASS005
Sample ID			CCASS001-0-002	CCASS002-0-000	CCASS002-0-002	CCASS003-0-000	CCASS003-0-002	CCASS004-0-000	CCASS004-0-002	CCASS005-0-000
Date			7/31/2014	8/7/2014	8/7/2014	7/31/2014	7/31/2014	7/31/2014	7/31/2014	7/29/2014
Sample Depth	Restricted		2 - 24 inches	0 - 2 inches	2 - 24 inches	0 - 2 inches	2 - 24 inches	0 - 2 inches	2 - 24 inches	0 - 2 inches
Sample Type	Residential	TCLP	0 - Primary							
Matrix	Screening	Regulatory	SS							
Laboratory Sample ID	Levels ⁽¹⁾	Levels ⁽²⁾	480-64773-3	480-65233-10	480-65233-11	480-64773-4	480-64773-5	480-64773-7	480-64773-8	480-64613-9
Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds (SVOCs), ug/Kg (continued)										
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	~	~	72 U	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	~	~	66 U	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	~	~	8.6 U	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
4-Chloroaniline	~	~	61 U	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	~	~	4.4 U	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
4-Methylphenol	100000	~	12 U		~	~	~	~	~	~
4-Nitroaniline	~	~	23 U	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
4-Nitrophenol, SVOC	~	~	50 U	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Acenaphthene	100000	~	2.4 U		~	~	~	~	~	~
Acenaphthylene	100000	~	1.7 U		~	~	~	~	~	~
Acetophenone	~	~	11 U		~	~	~	~	~	~
Anthracene	100000	~	5.3 U		~	~	~	~	~	~
Atrazine	~	~	9.3 U		~	~	~	~	~	~
Benz(a)anthracene	1000	~	21 J		~	~	~	~	~	~
Benzaldehyde	~	~	23 U	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Benzo(a)pyrene	1000	~	35 J	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1000	~	68 J	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	100000	~	46 J	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	3900	~	18 J	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Biphenyl	~	~	13 U	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
bis (2-chloroisopropyl) ether	~	~	22 U	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	~	~	11 U		~	~	~	~	~	~
bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	~	~	18 U		~	~	~	~	~	~
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	~	~	67 U		~	~	~	~	~	~
Butyl benzyl phthalate	~	~	56 U		~	~	~	~	~	~
Caprolactam	~	~	90 U		~	~	~	~	~	~
Carbazole	~	~	2.4 U	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Chrysene	3900	~	46 J		~	~	~	~	~	~
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	330	~	11 J		~	~	~	~	~	~
Dibenzofuran	59000	~	2.2 U		~	~	~	~	~	~
Diethylphthalate	~	~	6.3 U		~	~	~	~	~	~
Dimethyl phthalate	~	~	5.4 U		~	~	~	~	~	~
Di-N-Butyl phthalate	~	~	72 U		~	~	~	~	~	~
Di-N-Octyl phthalate	~	~	4.9 U		~	~	~	~	~	~
Fluoranthene	100000	~	49 J		~	~	~	~	~	~
Fluorene	100000	~	4.8 U		~	~	~	~	~	~
Hexachlorobenzene	1200	~	10 U		~	~	~	~	~	~
Hexachlorobutadiene, SVOC	~	~	11 U		~	~	~	~	~	~
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	~	~	63 U		~	~	~	~	~	~
Hexachloroethane	~	~	16 U		~	~	~	~	~	~
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	500	~	47 J		~	~	~	~	~	~
Isophorone	~	~	10 U		~	~	~	~	~	~
Naphthalene, SVOC	100000	~	3.5 U		~	~	~	~	~	~
Nitrobenzene	15000	~	9.2 U		~	~	~	~	~	~
N-Nitroso-di-N-propylamine	~	~	17 U		~	~	~	~	~	~
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	~	~	11 U		~	~	~	~	~	~
Pentachlorophenol, SVOC	6700	~	71 U		~	~	~	~	~	~
Phenanthrene	100000	~	4.4 U		~	~	~	~	~	~
Phenol	100000	~	22 U		~	~	~	~	~	~
Pyrene	100000	~	45 J	~	~	~	~	~	~	~



Loca	ion ID		CCASS001	CCASS002	CCASS002	CCASS003	CCASS003	CCASS004	CCASS004	CCASS005
	ple ID		CCASS001-0-002	CCASS002-0-000	CCASS002-0-002	CCASS003-0-000	CCASS003-0-002	CCASS004-0-000	CCASS004-0-002	CCASS005-0-000
	Date		7/31/2014	8/7/2014	8/7/2014	7/31/2014	7/31/2014	7/31/2014	7/31/2014	7/29/2014
Sample			2 - 24 inches	0 - 2 inches	2 - 24 inches	0 - 2 inches	2 - 24 inches	0 - 2 inches	2 - 24 inches	0 - 2 inches
Sample		TCLP	0 - Primary							
-	Matrix Screening	Regulatory	SS							
Laboratory Sar	(1)	Levels ⁽²⁾	480-64773-3	480-65233-10	480-65233-11	480-64773-4	480-64773-5	480-64773-7	480-64773-8	480-64613-9
Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PBCs), mg/Kg	pic ib Levels	Levels	400 04770 0	400 00200 10	400 00200 11	400 04110 4	400 04770 0	400 04110 1	400 04770 0	400 04010 3
Aroclor-1016	~	~	0.0040 U	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Aroclor-1221	~	~	0.0040 U	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Aroclor-1232	~	~	0.0040 U	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Aroclor-1242	~	~	0.0040 U	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Aroclor-1248	~	~	0.0040 U	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Aroclor-1254	~	~	0.0095 U	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Aroclor-1260	~	~	0.0095 U	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Aroclor-1262	~	~	0.0095 U	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Aroclor-1268	~	~	0.0095 U	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons, mg/Kg										
TPH	~	~	140	~	~	~	~	~	~	~

Notes:

mg/Kg = milligram per kilogram.

mg/L = milligram per liter.

- U = The analyte was analyzed for but was not detected above the level of the detection quantitation limit.
- UJ = The analyte was analyzed for but not detected. The quantitation limit is approximate and may be inaccurate or imprecise.
- J = The positive result reported is estimated either because the result is less than the LOQ or because certain quality control criteria were not met.
- J+ = The result is an estimated quantity, but the result may be biased high because certain quality control criteria were not met.
- SB = Soil boring.
- SS = Surface soil.
- (1) New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NSYDEC) Subpart 375-6 Remedial Program Soil Cleanup Objectives (SCOs).
- (2) Federal Code of Regulations, Section 261.24 Toxicity characteristic. Context: Title 40 Protection of Environment. CHAPTER I ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY (CONTINUED). SUBCHAPTER I SOLID WASTES (CONTINUED). PART 261 IDENTIFICATION AND LISTING OF HAZARDOUS WASTE. Subpart C Characteristics of Hazardous Waste (2012-07-01).
- \sim = Analysis not performed or No standard or guidance value listed for this constituent.



Location ID			CCASS005	CCASS006	CCASS006	CCASS007	CCASS007	CCASS008	CCASS008	CCASS009
Sample ID			CCASS005-0-002	CCASS006-0-000	CCASS006-0-002	CCASS007-0-000	CCASS007-0-002	CCASS008-0-000	CCASS008-0-002	CCASS009-0-000
Date			7/29/2014	8/7/2014	8/7/2014	7/29/2014	7/29/2014	7/29/2014	7/29/2014	7/29/2014
Sample Depth	Restricted		2 - 24 inches	0 - 2 inches	2 - 24 inches	0 - 2 inches	2 - 24 inches	0 - 2 inches	2 - 24 inches	0 - 2 inches
Sample Type	Residential	TCLP	0 - Primary							
Matrix	Screening	Regulatory	SS							
Laboratory Sample ID	Levels ⁽¹⁾	Levels ⁽²⁾	480-64613-10	480-65233-4	480-65233-5	480-64613-7	480-64613-8	480-64613-19	480-64613-20	480-64613-3
Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP) Metals, mg/L										
Arsenic, TCLP	~	5	~	~	~	0.0056 U	0.0063 J	~	~	~
Barium, TCLP	~	100	~	~	~	0.48	0.73	~	~	~
Cadmium, TCLP	~	1	~	~	~	0.0020	0.021	~	~	~
Chromium, TCLP	~	5	~	~	~	0.0040 U	0.0040 U	~	~	~
Lead, TCLP	~	5	~	~	~	0.0087 J	0.014	~	~	~
Mercury, TCLP	~	0.2	~	~	~	0.00012 U	0.00012 U	~	~	~
Selenium, TCLP	~	1	~	~	~	0.0087 U	0.010 J	~	~	~
Silver, TCLP	~	5	~	~	~	0.0017 U	0.0017 U	~	~	~
Total Metals, mg/Kg										
Aluminum, Total	~	~	~	~	~	7600	9300	~	~	~
Antimony, Total	~	~	~	~	~	0.76 J	0.48 U	~	~	~
Arsenic, Total	16	~	34	6.1	8.9	7.9	8.0	0.43 U	6.4	7.5
Barium, Total	400	~	~	~	~	100	120	~	~	~
Beryllium, Total	72	~	~	~	~	0.43	0.50	~	~	~
Boron, Total	~	~	~	~	~	3.9	4.1	~	~	~
Cadmium, Total	4.3	~	1.5	0.26	0.45	0.55	0.37	0.032 U	0.25	0.50
Calcium, Total	~	~	~	~	~	2200	2900	~	~	~
Chromium, Total	180	~	~	~	~	10	12	~	~	~
Cobalt, Total	~	~	~	~	~	7.4	8.7	~	~	~
Copper, Total	270	~	~	~	~	13	13	~	~	~
Iron, Total	400	~	~	~	~	16000	18000	~	~	~
Lead, Total	400	~	250	18	53 ~	75 2300	46 2600	0.26 U	12 ~	70 ~
Magnesium, Total	2000	~	~	~	~	470	550	~	~	~
Manganese, Total Mercury, Total	0.81	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Nickel, Total	310	~	~	~	~	16	18	~	~	~
Potassium, Total	~	~	~	~	~	770	870	~	~	~
Selenium, Total	180	~	~	~	~	0.54 U	0.48 U	~	~	~
Silver, Total	180	~	~	~	~	0.27 U	0.24 U	~	~	~
Sodium, Total	~	~	~	~	~	34 J	42 J	~	~	~
Thallium, Total	~	~	~	~	~	0.40 U	0.36 U	~	~	~
Vanadium, Total	~	~	~	~	~	10	13	~	~	~
Zinc, Total	10000	~	~	~	~	61	60	~	~	~
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs), ug/Kg										
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	100000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
1,1-Dichloroethane	26000	~	~	2	~	~	~	~	~	~
1,1-Dichloroethene	100000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene, VOC	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
1,2-Dibromoethane	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
1,2-Dichlorobenzene, VOC	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
1,2-Dichloroethane	3100	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
1,2-Dichloropropane	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
1,3-Dichlorobenzene, VOC	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
1,4-Dichlorobenzene, VOC	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
2-Butanone	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~



Location ID			CCASS005	CCASS006	CCASS006	CCASS007	CCASS007	CCASS008	CCASS008	CCASS009
Sample ID			CCASS005-0-002	CCASS006-0-000	CCASS006-0-002	CCASS007-0-000	CCASS007-0-002	CCASS008-0-000	CCASS008-0-002	CCASS009-0-000
Date			7/29/2014	8/7/2014	8/7/2014	7/29/2014	7/29/2014	7/29/2014	7/29/2014	7/29/2014
Sample Depth	Restricted		2 - 24 inches	0 - 2 inches	2 - 24 inches	0 - 2 inches	2 - 24 inches	0 - 2 inches	2 - 24 inches	0 - 2 inches
Sample Type	Residential	TCLP	0 - Primary							
Matrix	Screening	Regulatory	SS							
Laboratory Sample ID	Levels ⁽¹⁾	Levels ⁽²⁾	480-64613-10	480-65233-4	480-65233-5	480-64613-7	480-64613-8	480-64613-19	480-64613-20	480-64613-3
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs), ug/Kg (continued)										
2-Hexanone	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Acetone	100000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Benzene	4800	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Bromodichloromethane	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Bromoform	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Bromomethane	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Carbon disulfide	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Carbon tetrachloride	2400	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Chlorobenzene	100000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Chloroethane	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Chloroform	49000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Chloromethane	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	100000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Cyclohexane	~	~	2	~	~	~	2	~	~	~
Cyclohexane, Methyl-	~	~	2	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Dibromochloromethane	~	~	2	~	~	~	2	~	~	~
Dichlorodifluoromethane	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Ethylbenzene	41000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Isopropylbenzene	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Methyl acetate	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Methyl tert-butyl ether	100000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Methylene chloride	100000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Styrene	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Tetrachloroethene	19000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Toluene	100000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	100000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Trichloroethene	21000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Trichlorofluoromethane	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Vinylchloride	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Xylenes, Total	100000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds (SVOCs), ug/Kg						47	44			
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	~	~	~	~	~	47 U	44 U	~	~	~
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	~	~	~	~	~	14 U	13 U	~	~	~
2,4-Dichlorophenol	~	~	~	~	~	11 U	11 U	~	~	~
2,4-Dimethylphenol	~	~	~	~	~	58 U	55 U	~	~	~
2,4-Dinitrophenol	~	~	~	~	~	75 U	71 U	~	~	~
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	~	~	~	~	~	33 U	31 U	~	~	~
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	~	~	~	~	~	53 U	50 U	~	~	~
2-Chloronaphthalene	~	~	~	~	~	14 U	14 U	~	~	~
2-Chlorophenol	~	~	~	~	~	11 U	10 U	~	~	~
2-Methylnaphthalene	100000	~	~	~	~	4.3 J	5.3 J	~	~	~
2-Methylphenol	100000	~	~	~	~	6.6 U	6.2 U	~	~	~
2-Nitrophood	~	~	~	~	~	69 U	65 U	~	~	~
2-Nitrophenol	~	~	~	~	~	9.8 U	9.3 U	~	~	~
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	~	~	~	~	~	190 U	180 U	~	~	~
3-Nitroaniline	~	~	~	~	~	49 U	47 U	~	~	~



				-						
Location ID			CCASS005	CCASS006	CCASS006	CCASS007	CCASS007	CCASS008	CCASS008	CCASS009
Sample ID			CCASS005-0-002	CCASS006-0-000	CCASS006-0-002	CCASS007-0-000	CCASS007-0-002	CCASS008-0-000	CCASS008-0-002	CCASS009-0-000
Date			7/29/2014	8/7/2014	8/7/2014	7/29/2014	7/29/2014	7/29/2014	7/29/2014	7/29/2014
Sample Depth	Restricted		2 - 24 inches	0 - 2 inches	2 - 24 inches	0 - 2 inches	2 - 24 inches	0 - 2 inches	2 - 24 inches	0 - 2 inches
Sample Type	Residential	TCLP	0 - Primary	0 - Primary	0 - Primary	0 - Primary	0 - Primary	0 - Primary	0 - Primary	0 - Primary
Matrix	Screening	Regulatory	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS
Laboratory Sample ID	Levels ⁽¹⁾	Levels ⁽²⁾	480-64613-10	480-65233-4	480-65233-5	480-64613-7	480-64613-8	480-64613-19	480-64613-20	480-64613-3
Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds (SVOCs), ug/Kg (continued)						74 U	70 U			
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol 4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	~	~	~	~	~	68 U	70 U 64 U	~	~	~
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	~	~	~	~	~	8.8 U	8.3 U	~	~	~
4-Chloroaniline	~	~	~	~	~	63 U	59 U	~	~	~
4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	~	~	~	~	~	4.6 U	4.3 U	~	~	~
4-Methylphenol	100000	~	~	~	~	12 U	11 U	~	~	~
4-Nitroaniline	~	~	~	~	~	24 U	23 U	~	~	~
4-Nitrophenol, SVOC	~	~	~	~	~	52 UJ	49 UJ	~	~	~
Acenaphthene	100000	~	~	~	~	17 J	7.5 J	~	~	~
Acenaphthylene	100000	~	~	~	~	1.8 U	3.5 J	~	~	~
Acetophenone	~	~	~	~	~	11 U	10 U	~	~	~
Anthracene	100000	~	~	~	~	21 J	21 J	~	~	~
Atrazine	~	~	~	~	~	9.6 U	9.0 U	~	~	~
Benz(a)anthracene	1000	~	~	~	~	67 J	89 J	~	~	~
Benzaldehyde	~	~	~	~	~	24 U	22 U	~	~	~
Benzo(a)pyrene	1000	~	~	~	~	64 J	88 J	~	~	~
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1000	~	~	~	~	96 J	150 J	~	~	~
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	100000 3900	~	~	~	~	39 J 39 J	72 J 49 J	~	~	~
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	~	~	~	~	~	39 J 13 U	49 J 13 U	~	~	~
Biphenyl bis (2-chloroisopropyl) ether	~	~	~	~	~	22 U	21 U	~	~	~ ~
bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	~	~	~	~	~	12 U	11 U	~	~	~
bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	~	~	~	~	~	19 U	18 U	~	~	~
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	~	~	~	~	~	69 U	65 U	~	~	~
Butyl benzyl phthalate	~	~	~	~	~	58 U	54 U	~	~	~
Caprolactam	~	~	~	~	~	93 UJ	88 UJ	~	~	~
Carbazole	~	~	~	~	~	16 J	11 J	~	~	~
Chrysene	3900	~	~	~	~	68 J	87 J	~	~	~
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	330	~	~	~	~	2.5 U	19 J	~	~	~
Dibenzofuran	59000	~	~	~	~	8.6 J	5.6 J	~	~	~
Diethylphthalate	~	~	~	~	~	6.5 U	6.1 U	~	~	~
Dimethyl phthalate	~	~	~	~	~	5.6 U	5.3 U	~	~	~
Di-N-Butyl phthalate	~	~	~	~	~	74 U	70 U	~	~	~
Di-N-Octyl phthalate	100000	~	~	~	~	5.0 UJ 140 J	4.7 UJ 170 J	~	~	~
Fluoranthene Fluorene	100000	~	~	~	~	140 J 15 J	170 J 8.2 J	~	~	~ ~
Hexachlorobenzene	1200	~	~	~	~	15 J	10 U	~	~	~
Hexachlorobutadiene, SVOC	~	~	~	~	~	11 U	10 U	~	~	~
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	~	~	~	~	~	65 UJ	61 UJ	~	~	~
Hexachloroethane	~	~	~	~	~	17 U	16 U	~	~	~
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	500	~	~	~	~	46 J	77 J	~	~	~
Isophorone	~	~	~	~	~	11 U	10 U	~	~	~
Naphthalene, SVOC	100000	~	~	~	~	4.3 J	5.7 J	~	~	~
Nitrobenzene	15000	~	~	~	~	9.5 U	9.0 U	~	~	?
N-Nitroso-di-N-propylamine	~	~	~	~	~	17 U	16 U	~	~	~
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	~	~	~	~	~	12 U	11 U	~	~	~
Pentachlorophenol, SVOC	6700	~	~	~	~	74 U	70 U	~	~	~
Phenanthrene	100000	~	~	~	~	110 J	91 J	~	~	~
Phenol	100000	~	~	~	~	23 U	21 U	~	~	~
Pyrene	100000	~	~	~	~	110 J	140 J	~	~	~



Locatio	n ID		CCASS005	CCASS006	CCASS006	CCASS007	CCASS007	CCASS008	CCASS008	CCASS009
Sampl	e ID		CCASS005-0-002	CCASS006-0-000	CCASS006-0-002	CCASS007-0-000	CCASS007-0-002	CCASS008-0-000	CCASS008-0-002	CCASS009-0-000
il in the second of the second	ate		7/29/2014	8/7/2014	8/7/2014	7/29/2014	7/29/2014	7/29/2014	7/29/2014	7/29/2014
Sample Do	pth Restricted		2 - 24 inches	0 - 2 inches	2 - 24 inches	0 - 2 inches	2 - 24 inches	0 - 2 inches	2 - 24 inches	0 - 2 inches
Sample 1	ype Residential	TCLP	0 - Primary							
M:	trix Screening	Regulatory	SS							
Laboratory Samp	e ID Levels ⁽¹⁾	Levels ⁽²⁾	480-64613-10	480-65233-4	480-65233-5	480-64613-7	480-64613-8	480-64613-19	480-64613-20	480-64613-3
Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PBCs), mg/Kg										
Aroclor-1016	~	~	~	~	~	0.0041 U	0.0039 U	~	~	~
Aroclor-1221	~	~	~	~	~	0.0041 U	0.0039 U	~	~	~
Aroclor-1232	~	~	~	~	~	0.0041 U	0.0039 U	~	~	~
Aroclor-1242	~	~	~	~	~	0.0041 U	0.0039 U	~	~	~
Aroclor-1248	~	~	~	~	~	0.0041 U	0.0039 U	~	~	~
Aroclor-1254	~	~	~	~	~	0.0099 U	0.0093 U	~	~	~
Aroclor-1260	~	~	~	~	~	0.0099 U	0.0093 U	~	~	~
Aroclor-1262	~	~	~	~	~	0.0099 U	0.0093 U	~	~	~
Aroclor-1268	~	~	~	~	~	0.0099 U	0.0093 U	~	~	~
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons, mg/Kg										
TPH	~	~	~	~	~	50 J	46 U	~	~	~

Notes:

mg/Kg = milligram per kilogram.

mg/L = milligram per liter.

- U = The analyte was analyzed for but was not detected above the level of the detection quantitation limit.
- UJ = The analyte was analyzed for but not detected. The quantitation limit is approximate and may be inaccurate or imprecise.
- J = The positive result reported is estimated either because the result is less than the LOQ or because certain quality control criteria were not met.
- J+ = The result is an estimated quantity, but the result may be biased high because certain quality control criteria were not met.
- SB = Soil boring.
- SS = Surface soil.
- (1) New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NSYDEC) Subpart 375-6 Remedial Program Soil Cleanup Objectives (SCOs).
- (2) Federal Code of Regulations, Section 261.24 Toxicity characteristic. Context: Title 40 Protection of Environment. CHAPTER I ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY (CONTINUED). SUBCHAPTER I SOLID WASTES (CONTINUED). PART 261 IDENTIFICATION AND LISTING OF HAZARDOUS WASTE. Subpart C Characteristics of Hazardous Waste (2012-07-01).
- \sim = Analysis not performed or No standard or guidance value listed for this constituent.



Sample for Sample for Standard (1997) Sample for Standard (1997) Sample for Standard (1997) Sample for Standard (1997) Sample for Sample for Standard (1997) Sample for Sa							-				
Service Description	Location ID			CCASS009	CCASS010	CCASS010	CCASS011	CCASS011	CCASS011	CCASS012	CCASS012
Sample Popular Samp	Sample ID			CCASS009-0-002	CCASS010-0-000	CCASS010-0-002	CCASS011-0-000	CCASS011-0-002	CCASS011-1-002	CCASS012-0-000	CCASS012-0-002
Second State Seco	Date			7/29/2014	7/29/2014	7/29/2014	7/29/2014	7/29/2014	7/29/2014	7/29/2014	7/29/2014
March Marc	Sample Depth	Restricted		2 - 24 inches	0 - 2 inches	2 - 24 inches	0 - 2 inches	2 - 24 inches	2 - 24 inches	0 - 2 inches	2 - 24 inches
March Marc	Sample Type		TCLP	0 - Primary	1 - Duplicate	0 - Primary	0 - Primary				
Control Cont		Screening	 	•	•	•	•	·			
Finder Cap				100 0 10 10 1	100 01010 0	100 01010	100 0 1010 10	100 0 10 10 11	100 0 10 10		
Brust TCP		~	5	~	~	~	0.0056 U	0.0061 J	0.0056 U	~	~
Generic TGP - 1		~		~	~	~				~	~
Constant TCF		~	1	~	~	~				~	~
Section -		~	5	~	~	~				~	~
Measury TCIP		~	5	~	~	~				~	~
Selection 1		~		~	~	~				~	~
Signate -		~	1	~	~	~				~	~
Treat Maries, marks		~	5	~	~	~				~	~
Authority 1988 1989 2000 3000 30 8750 30 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4											
Affinity 768		~	~	~	~	~	9400	9000 J	8700 J	~	~
Asons (Total		~	~	~	~	~				~	~
Betturn Folds		16	~	5.3	8.8	8.5				7.8	7.4
Despitant 173			~								
BOINT TOTALE			~	~	~	~				~	~
Cachimin Total 4.3 - 0.24 0.89 0.55 0.49 0.21 J 0.24 0.53 0.38 0.25 0.25 0.49 0.21 J 0.24 0.53 0.38 0.25		~	~	~	~	~				~	~
Calcum, Total		4.3	~	0.24	0.89	0.55				0.53	0.36
Chromism Total 180		~	~	~							~
Caball Total		180	~	~	~	~				~	~
Copper, Total Copper, Tota			~	~	~	~	8.5		8.0	~	~
Inn. Total		270	~	~	~	~	13	11	10	~	~
Lead, Total 400 - 28		~	~	~	~	~	18000	18000	17000	~	~
Manganese, Total 2000 - - - - 510 500 480 - - - -		400	~	26	110	61	69	25	31	67	34
Manganese, Total 2000 - - - - 510 500 480 - - - -	Magnesium, Total	~	~	~	~	~	2600	2500	2300	~	~
Marcury, Total 0.81		2000	~	~	~	~	510	500	480	~	~
Nickel, Total		0.81	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Selentin, Total 180		310	~	~	~	~	18	18	17	~	~
Silver, Total 180	Potassium, Total	~	~	~	~	~	800	720	730	~	~
Sodium_Total	Selenium, Total	180	~	~	~	~	0.51 U	0.50 U	0.57 J	~	~
Thallium, Total	Silver, Total	180	~	~	~	~	0.26 U	0.25 U	0.24 U	~	~
Vanadium, Total	Sodium, Total	~	~	~	~	~	84 J	71 J	70 J	~	~
Zinc, Total	Thallium, Total	~	~	~	~	~	0.39 U	0.38 U	0.36 U	~	~
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs), ug/Kg	Vanadium, Total	~	~	~	~	~	13	12	12	~	~
1,1-Trichloroethane	Zinc, Total	10000	~	~	~	~	65	59	63	~	~
1,1,2,1-Tirchloro-thane	Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs), ug/Kg										
1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane ~		100000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
1,1,2-Trichloroethane ~		~	~	~	~	2	~	~	~	~	~
1,1-Dichloroethane 26000 ~ <td>1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane</td> <td>~</td> <td>~</td> <td>~</td> <td>•</td> <td>2</td> <td>~</td> <td>~</td> <td>~</td> <td>~</td> <td>~</td>	1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane	~	~	~	•	2	~	~	~	~	~
1,1-Dichloroethene 100000 ~	1,1,2-Trichloroethane		~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene, VOC ~<	1,1-Dichloroethane	26000	~	~	~	2	~	~	~	~	~
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane ~		100000	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
1,2-Dibromoethane ~	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene, VOC	~	~	~	~	2	~	~	~	~	~
1,2-Dichlorobenzene, VOC ~ </td <td></td> <td>~</td>		~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
1,2-Dichloroethane 3100 ~	1,2-Dibromoethane	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
1,2-Dichloropropane ~			~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
1,3-Dichlorobenzene, VOC ~ </td <td>1,2-Dichloroethane</td> <td>3100</td> <td>~</td> <td>~</td> <td>~</td> <td>~</td> <td>~</td> <td>~</td> <td>~</td> <td>~</td> <td>~</td>	1,2-Dichloroethane	3100	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
1,4-Dichlorobenzene, VOC ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~		~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
		~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
2. Butanana	1,4-Dichlorobenzene, VOC	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
	2-Butanone	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~



Location II Sample Is Sa	CCASS012
Process	
Sample Repair Sample Repai	CCASS012-0-002
Sample type Residential Matrix Laboratory Sample type Laborat	7/29/2014
Second S	2 - 24 inches
Second S	0 - Primary
Levels Laboratory Sample Devels Levels Levels A 400-4613-4 A 400-4613-6	SS
Visitation Organical Compounds (VCCs), ug/Kg (continued)	480-64613-2
### Admitish	100 01010 2
Allegring	~
Aestonie 1000000 -	~
Designer	~
Semodrinormethane	~
Stromostime	~
Stromethane	~
Cathon terrationisis	~
Carton terrachloride	~
Chinopenzene	~
Chicorelbane	~
Chlorordem	~
Chloromethane	~
dis-12-Dichlorosthene 100000 - - - - - - - -	~
Cyclohexane	~
Cyclohexane	~
Cyclohexane, Methyl- -	~
Dischlorodifluormethane	~
Dichlorodifluoromethane	~
Ethylbenzene	~
Sopropylbenzenee	~
Methyl acetate ~	~
Methylene chloride 100000 ~	~
Methylene chloride 100000 ~	~
Styrene	~
Toluene	~
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene 100000 ~	~
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene ~ <td>~</td>	~
Trichloroethene 21000 ~	~
Trichlorofluoromethane ~	~
Vinylchloride ~ <	~
Xylenes, Total 10000 ~	~
Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds (SVOCs), ug/Kg Compounds (SVOCs) Compounds (SVOCs) <th< th=""><td>~</td></th<>	~
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ 45 U 45 U 42 U ~	~
	~
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ 14 U 13 U 13 U ~	~
2,4-Dichlorophenol ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ 11 U 11 U 10 U ~	~
2,4-Dimethylphenol ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ 56 U 55 U 52 U ~	~
2,4-Dinitrophenol ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ 73 U 72 U 68 U ~	~
2,4-Dinitrotoluene ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ 32 U 32 U 30 U ~	~
2,6-Dinitrotoluene ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ 51 U 50 U 47 U ~	~
2-Chloronaphthalene ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ 14 U 14 U 13 U ~	~
2-Chlorophenol ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ 11 U 10 U 9.8 U ~	~
2-Methylnaphthalene ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ 22 J 2.5 U 2.3 U ~	~
2-Methylphenol 100000 ~ ~ ~ ~ 6.4 U 6.3 U 5.9 U ~	~
2-Nitroaniline ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ 67 U 65 U 62 U ~	~
2-Nitrophenol ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ 9.5 U 9.3 U 8.8 U ~	~
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ 180 U 180 U 170 U ~	~
3-Nitroaniline ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ 48 U 47 U 44 U ~	~



Location ID			CCASS009	CCASS010	CCASS010	CCASS011	CCASS011	CCASS011	CCASS012	CCASS012
Sample ID			CCASS009-0-002	CCASS010-0-000	CCASS010-0-002	CCASS011-0-000	CCASS011-0-002	CCASS011-1-002	CCASS012-0-000	CCASS012-0-002
Date			7/29/2014	7/29/2014	7/29/2014	7/29/2014	7/29/2014	7/29/2014	7/29/2014	7/29/2014
Sample Depth	Restricted		2 - 24 inches	0 - 2 inches	2 - 24 inches	0 - 2 inches	2 - 24 inches	2 - 24 inches	0 - 2 inches	2 - 24 inches
Sample Type	Residential	TCLP	0 - Primary	1 - Duplicate	0 - Primary	0 - Primary				
Matrix	Screening	Regulatory	SS							
Laboratory Sample ID	Levels ⁽¹⁾	Levels ⁽²⁾	480-64613-4	480-64613-5	480-64613-6	480-64613-16	480-64613-17	480-64613-18	480-64613-1	480-64613-2
Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds (SVOCs), ug/Kg (continued)						70	74			
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	~	~	~	~	~	72 U	71 U	67 U	~	~
4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	~	~	~	~	~	66 U	65 U	62 U	~	~
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	~	~	~	~	~	8.6 U	8.4 U	8.0 U	~	~
4-Chlorophanyl sharylether	~	~	~	~	~	61 U 4.4 U	60 U 4.4 U	57 U 4.1 U	~	~
4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether 4-Methylphenol	100000	~ ~	~	~ ~	~	12 U	11 U	11 U	~	~
4-Nitroaniline	~	~	~	~	~	23 U	23 U	22 U	~	~
4-Nitrophenol, SVOC	~	~	~	~	~	50 UJ	49 UJ	47 U	~	~
Acenaphthene	100000	~	~	~	~	130 J	2.4 U	2.3 U	~	~
Acenaphthylene	100000	~	~	~	~	7.9 J	1.7 U	1.6 U	~	~
Acetophenone	~	~	~	~	~	11 U	10 U	9.9 U	~	~
Anthracene	100000	~	~	~	~	320	5.2 U	4.9 U	~	~
Atrazine	~	~	~	~	~	9.3 U	9.1 UJ	8.6 UJ	~	~
Benz(a)anthracene	1000	~	~	~	~	560	3.5 U	3.3 U	~	~
Benzaldehyde	~	~	~	~	~	23 U	22 U	21 U	~	~
Benzo(a)pyrene	1000	~	~	~	~	460	14 J	19 J	~	~
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1000	~	~	~	~	610	19 J	27 J	~	~
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	100000	~	~	~	~	300	11 J	11 J	~	~
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	3900	~	~	~	~	260	2.3 U	2.1 U	~	~
Biphenyl	~	~	~	~	~	13 U	13 U	12 U	~	~
bis (2-chloroisopropyl) ether	~	~	~	~	~	22 U	21 U	20 U	~	~
bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	~	~	~	~	~	11 U	11 U	11 U	~	~
bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	~	~	~	~	~	18 U	18 U	17 U	~	~
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	~	~	~	~	~	67 U	66 U	62 U	~	~
Butyl benzyl phthalate	~	~	~	~	~	56 U	55 U	52 U	~	~
Caprolactam	~	~	~	~	~	90 UJ	88 UJ	84 U	~	~
Carbazole	~	~	~	~	~	160 J	2.4 U	2.2 U	~	~
Chrysene	3900	~	~	~	~	510	12 J	19 J	~	~
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	330	~	~	~	~	2.5 U	2.4 U	3.2 J	~	~
Dibenzofuran	59000	~	~	~	~	84 J	2.1 U	2.0 U	~	~
Diethylphthalate	~	~	~	~	~	6.3 U	6.2 U	5.8 U	~	~
Dimethyl phthalate	~	~	~	~	~	5.4 U	5.3 U	5.0 U	~	~
Di-N-Butyl phthalate	~	~	~	~	~	72 U	71 U	67 U	~	~
Di-N-Octyl phthalate	~	~	~	~	~	4.9 UJ	4.8 UJ	4.5 U	~	~
Fluoranthene	100000	~	~	~	~	1200	21 J	29 J	~	~
Fluorene	100000	~	~	~	~	170 J	4.7 U	4.5 U	~	~
Hexachlorobenzene	1200	~	~	~	~	10 U	10 U 10 U	9.6 U 9.9 U	~	~
Hexachlorobutadiene, SVOC	~	~	~	~	~	63 UJ		9.9 U 58 UJ	~	~
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene Hexachloroethane	~	~		~	~	16 U	62 UJ 16 U	15 U	~	
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	500	~ ~	~	~	~	360	9.3 J	13 J	~	~ ~
Isophorone	~	~	~	~	~	10 U	9.5 J 10 U	9.7 U	~ ~	~
Naphthalene, SVOC	100000	~	~	~	~	21 J	3.4 U	3.2 U	~	~
Nitrobenzene	15000	~	~	~	~	9.2 U	9.1 U	8.6 U	~	~
N-Nitroso-di-N-propylamine	~	~	~	~	~	17 U	16 U	15 U	~	~
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	~	~	~	~	~	11 U	11 U	11 U	~	~
Pentachlorophenol, SVOC	6700	~	~	~	~	71 U	70 U	66 U	~	~
Phenanthrene	100000	~	~	~	~	1100	14 J	21 J	~	~
Phenol	100000	~	~	~	~	22 U	22 U	20 U	~	~
Pyrene	100000	~	~	~	~	810	16 J	25 J	~	~
1 /				1		I	·			i



	Location ID			CCASS009	CCASS010	CCASS010	CCASS011	CCASS011	CCASS011	CCASS012	CCASS012
	Sample ID		Ī	CCASS009-0-002	CCASS010-0-000	CCASS010-0-002	CCASS011-0-000	CCASS011-0-002	CCASS011-1-002	CCASS012-0-000	CCASS012-0-002
	Date			7/29/2014	7/29/2014	7/29/2014	7/29/2014	7/29/2014	7/29/2014	7/29/2014	7/29/2014
	Sample Depth	Restricted		2 - 24 inches	0 - 2 inches	2 - 24 inches	0 - 2 inches	2 - 24 inches	2 - 24 inches	0 - 2 inches	2 - 24 inches
	Sample Type	Residential	TCLP	0 - Primary	1 - Duplicate	0 - Primary	0 - Primary				
	Matrix	Screening	Regulatory	SS							
Labo	oratory Sample ID	Levels ⁽¹⁾	Levels ⁽²⁾	480-64613-4	480-64613-5	480-64613-6	480-64613-16	480-64613-17	480-64613-18	480-64613-1	480-64613-2
Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PBCs), mg/Kg											
Aroclor-1016		~	~	~	~	~	0.0040 U	0.0039 U	0.0036 U	~	~
Aroclor-1221		~	~	~	~	~	0.0040 U	0.0039 U	0.0036 U	~	~
Aroclor-1232		~	~	~	~	~	0.0040 U	0.0039 U	0.0036 U	~	~
Aroclor-1242		~	~	~	~	~	0.0040 U	0.0039 U	0.0036 U	~	~
Aroclor-1248		~	~	~	~	~	0.0040 U	0.0039 U	0.0036 U	~	~
Aroclor-1254		~	~	~	~	~	0.0095 U	0.0094 U	0.0087 U	~	~
Aroclor-1260		~	~	~	~	~	0.0095 U	0.0094 U	0.0087 U	~	~
Aroclor-1262		~	~	~	~	~	0.0095 U	0.0094 U	0.0087 U	~	~
Aroclor-1268		~	~	~	~	~	0.0095 U	0.0094 U	0.0087 U	~	~
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons, mg/Kg											
TPH		~	~	~	~	~	260	48 J	43 U	~	~

Notes:

mg/Kg = milligram per kilogram.

mg/L = milligram per liter.

- U = The analyte was analyzed for but was not detected above the level of the detection quantitation limit.
- UJ = The analyte was analyzed for but not detected. The quantitation limit is approximate and may be inaccurate or imprecise.
- J = The positive result reported is estimated either because the result is less than the LOQ or because certain quality control criteria were not met.
- J+ = The result is an estimated quantity, but the result may be biased high because certain quality control criteria were not met.
- SB = Soil boring.
- SS = Surface soil.
- (1) New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NSYDEC) Subpart 375-6 Remedial Program Soil Cleanup Objectives (SCOs).
- (2) Federal Code of Regulations, Section 261.24 Toxicity characteristic. Context: Title 40 Protection of Environment. CHAPTER I ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY (CONTINUED). SUBCHAPTER I SOLID WASTES (CONTINUED). PART 261 IDENTIFICATION AND LISTING OF HAZARDOUS WASTE. Subpart C Characteristics of Hazardous Waste (2012-07-01).
- \sim = Analysis not performed or No standard or guidance value listed for this constituent.



Location ID			CCASS013	CCASS013	CCASS014	CCASS014
Sample ID Date			7/29/2014	7/29/2014	7/29/2014	7/29/2014
Sample Depth	Restricted		0 - 2 inches	2 - 24 inches	0 - 2 inches	2 - 24 inches
Sample Type	Residential	TCLP	0 - Primary	0 - Primary	0 - Primary	0 - Primary
	Screening	Regulatory	SS	SS	SS	SS
Matrix	Levels ⁽¹⁾					
Laboratory Sample ID	Leveis' '	Levels ⁽²⁾	480-64613-11	480-64613-12	480-64613-13	480-64613-14
Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP) Metals, mg/L		E				
Arsenic, TCLP	~	5 100	~	~	~	~
Barium, TCLP Cadmium, TCLP	~	100	~	~	~	~
Chromium, TCLP	~	5	~	~	~	~
Lead, TCLP	~	5	~ ~	~	~	~
Mercury, TCLP	~	0.2	~	~	~	~
Selenium, TCLP	~	1	~	~	~	~
Silver, TCLP	~	5		~	~	
•	~	3	~	~	~	~
Total Metals, mg/Kg Aluminum, Total	~	~	~	~	~	~
Antimony, Total	~	~	~	~	~	~ ~
	 16	~	6.8	7.1	6.4	6.4
Arsenic, Total Barium, Total	400	~	~	~	~	~
,	72	~	~ ~	~	~	~
Beryllium, Total	~	~		~	~	
Boron, Total Cadmium, Total	4.3	~	~ 1.4	0.24	0.29	0.18 J
	4.3 ~	~				
Calcium, Total	180	~	~	~	~	~
Chromium, Total	~	~	~	~	~	~
Cobalt, Total	270	~	~	~	~	~
Copper, Total						
Iron, Total Lead, Total	400	~	~ 40	~ 29	33	~ 27
Magnesium, Total	~	~	~	~	~	~
Manganese, Total	2000	~	~	~	~	~
Mercury, Total	0.81	~	~	~	~	~
Nickel, Total	310	~	~	~	~	~
Potassium, Total	~	~	~	~	~	~
Selenium, Total	180	~	~	~	~	~
Silver, Total	180	~	~	~	~	~
Solium, Total	~	~	~	~	~	~
Thallium, Total	~	~	~	~	~	~
Vanadium, Total	~	~	~	~	~	~
Zinc, Total	10000	~	~	~	~	~
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs), ug/Kg	10000					
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	100000	~	~	~	~	~
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	~	~	~	~	~	~
1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane	~	~	~	~	~	~
1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trindoroetriane	~	~	~	~	~	~
1,1-Dichloroethane	26000	~	~	~	~	~
1,1-Dichloroethane	100000	~	~	~	~	~
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene, VOC	~	~	~	~	~	~
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	~	~	~	~	~	~
1,2-Dibromoethane	~	~	~	~	~	~
1,2-Diblomoenane 1,2-Dichlorobenzene, VOC	~	~	~	~	~	~
1,2-Dichloroethane	3100	~	~	~	~	~
1,2-Dichloropropane	~	~	~	~	~	~
1,3-Dichlorobenzene, VOC	~	~	~	~	~	~
1,4-Dichlorobenzene, VOC	~	~	~	~	~	~



	I	ı	T			
Location ID			CCASS013	CCASS013	CCASS014	CCASS014
Sample ID			CCASS013-0-000	CCASS013-0-002	CCASS014-0-000	CCASS014-0-002
Date			7/29/2014	7/29/2014	7/29/2014	7/29/2014
Sample Depth			0 - 2 inches	2 - 24 inches	0 - 2 inches	2 - 24 inches
Sample Type		TCLP	0 - Primary	0 - Primary	0 - Primary	0 - Primary
Matrix		Regulatory	SS	SS	SS	SS
Laboratory Sample ID	Levels ⁽¹⁾	Levels ⁽²⁾	480-64613-11	480-64613-12	480-64613-13	480-64613-14
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs), ug/Kg (continued)						
2-Hexanone	~	~	~	~	~	~
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	~	~	~	~	~	~
Acetone	100000	~	~	~	~	~
Benzene	4800	~	~	~	~	~
Bromodichloromethane	~	~	~	~	~	~
Bromoform	~	~	~	~	~	~
Bromomethane	~	~	~	~	~	~
Carbon disulfide	~	~	~	~	~	~
Carbon tetrachloride	2400	~	~	~	~	~
Chlorobenzene	100000	~	~	~	~	~
Chloroethane	~	~	~	~	~	~
Chloroform	49000	~	~	~	~	~
Chloromethane	~	~	~	~	~	~
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	100000	~	~	~	~	~
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	~	~	~	~	~	~
Cyclohexane	~	~	~	~	~	~
Cyclohexane, Methyl-	~	~	~	~	~	~
Dibromochloromethane	~	~	~	~	~	~
Dichlorodifluoromethane	~	~	~	~	~	~
Ethylbenzene	41000	~	~	~	~	~
Isopropylbenzene	~	~	~	~	~	~
Methyl acetate	~	~	~	~	~	~
Methyl tert-butyl ether	100000	~	~	~	~	~
Methylene chloride	100000	~	~	~	~	~
Styrene	~	~	~	~	~	~
Tetrachloroethene	19000	~	~	~	~	~
Toluene	100000	~	~	~	~	~
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	100000	~	~	~	~	~
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	~	~	~	~	~	~
Trichloroethene	21000	~	~	~	~	~
Trichlorofluoromethane	~	~	~	~	~	~
Vinylchloride	~	~	~	~	~	~
Xylenes, Total	100000	~	~	~	~	~
Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds (SVOCs), ug/Kg						
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	~	~	~	~	~	~
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	~	~	~	~	~	~
2,4-Dichlorophenol	~	~	~	~	~	~
2,4-Dimethylphenol	~	~	~	~	~	~
2,4-Dinitrophenol	~	~	~	~	~	~
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	~	~	~	~	~	~
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	~	~	~	~	~	~
2-Chloronaphthalene	~	~	~	~	~	~
2-Chlorophenol	~	~	~	~	~	~
2-Methylnaphthalene	~	~	~	~	~	~
2-Methylphenol	100000	~	~	~	~	~
2-Nitroaniline	~	~	~	~	~	~
2-Nitrophenol	~	~	~	~	~	~
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	~	~	~	~	~	~
3-Nitroaniline	~	~	~	~	~	~



Location ID			CCASS013	CCASS013	CCASS014	CCASS014
Sample ID			CCASS013-0-000	CCASS013-0-002	CCASS014-0-000	CCASS014-0-002
•						
Date			7/29/2014	7/29/2014	7/29/2014	7/29/2014
Sample Depth			0 - 2 inches	2 - 24 inches	0 - 2 inches	2 - 24 inches
Sample Type		TCLP	0 - Primary	0 - Primary	0 - Primary	0 - Primary
Matrix	Screening	Regulatory	SS	SS	SS	SS
Laboratory Sample ID	Levels ⁽¹⁾	Levels ⁽²⁾	480-64613-11	480-64613-12	480-64613-13	480-64613-14
Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds (SVOCs), ug/Kg (continued)						
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	~	~	~	~	~	~
4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	~	~	~	~	~	~
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	~	~	~	~	~	~
4-Chloroaniline	~	~	~	~	~	~
4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	~	~	~	~	~	~
4-Methylphenol	100000	~	~	~	~	~
4-Nitroaniline	~	~	~	~	~	~
4-Nitrophenol, SVOC	~	~	~	~	~	~
Acenaphthene	100000	~	~	~	~	~
Acenaphthylene	100000	~	~	~	~	~
Acetophenone	~	~	~	~	~	~
Anthracene	100000	~	~	~	~	~
Atrazine	~	~	~	~	~	~
Benz(a)anthracene	1000	~	~	~	~	~
Benzaldehyde	~	~	~	~	~	~
Benzo(a)pyrene	1000	~	~	~	~	~
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1000	~	~	~	~	~
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	100000	~	~	~	~	~
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	3900	~	~	~	~	~
Biphenyl	~	~	~	~	~	~
bis (2-chloroisopropyl) ether	~	~	~	~	~	~
bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	~	~	~	~	~	~
bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	~	~	~	~	~	~
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	~	~	~	~	~	~
Butyl benzyl phthalate	~	~	~	~	~	~
Caprolactam	~	~	~	~	~	~
Carbazole	~	~	~	~	~	~
Chrysene	3900	~	~	~	~	~
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	330	~	~	~	~	~
Dibenzofuran	59000	~	~	~	~	~
Diethylphthalate	~	~	~	~	~	~
Dimethyl phthalate	~	~	~	~	~	~
Di-N-Butyl phthalate	~	~	~	~	~	~
Di-N-Octyl phthalate	~	~	~	~	~	~
Fluoranthene	100000	~	~	~	~	~
Fluorene	100000	~	~	~	~	~
Hexachlorobenzene	1200	~	~	~	~	~
Hexachlorobutadiene, SVOC	~	~	~	~	~	~
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	~	~	~	~	~	~
Hexachloroethane	~	~	~	~	~	~
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	500	~	~	~	~	~
Isophorone	~	~	~	~	~	~
Naphthalene, SVOC	100000	~	~	~	~	~
Nitrobenzene	15000	~	~	~	~	~
N-Nitroso-di-N-propylamine	~	~	~	~	~	~
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	~	~	~	~	~	~
Pentachlorophenol, SVOC	6700	~	~	~	~	~
Phenanthrene	100000	~	~	~	~	~
Phenol	100000	~	~	~	~	~
				1		



Location ID			CCASS013	CCASS013	CCASS014	CCASS014
Sample ID			CCASS013-0-000	CCASS013-0-002	CCASS014-0-000	CCASS014-0-002
Date			7/29/2014	7/29/2014	7/29/2014	7/29/2014
Sample Depth	Restricted		0 - 2 inches	2 - 24 inches	0 - 2 inches	2 - 24 inches
Sample Type	Residential	TCLP	0 - Primary	0 - Primary	0 - Primary	0 - Primary
Matrix	Screening	Regulatory	SS	SS	SS	SS
Laboratory Sample ID	Levels ⁽¹⁾	Levels ⁽²⁾	480-64613-11	480-64613-12	480-64613-13	480-64613-14
Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PBCs), mg/Kg						
Aroclor-1016	~	~	~	~	~	~
Aroclor-1221	~	~	~	~	~	~
Aroclor-1232	~	~	~	~	~	~
Aroclor-1242	~	~	~	~	~	~
Aroclor-1248	~	~	~	~	~	~
Aroclor-1254	~	~	~	~	~	~
Aroclor-1260	~	~	~	~	~	~
Aroclor-1262	~	~	~	~	~	~
Aroclor-1268	~	~	~	~	~	~
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons, mg/Kg						
TPH	~	~	~	~	~	~

Notes:

mg/Kg = milligram per kilogram.

mg/L = milligram per liter.

- U = The analyte was analyzed for but was not detected above the level of the detection quantitation limit.
- UJ = The analyte was analyzed for but not detected. The quantitation limit is approximate and may be inaccurate or imprecise.
- J = The positive result reported is estimated either because the result is less than the LOQ or because certain quality control criteria were not met.
- J+ = The result is an estimated quantity, but the result may be biased high because certain quality control criteria were not met.
- SB = Soil boring.
- SS = Surface soil.
- (1) New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NSYDEC) Subpart 375-6 Remedial Program Soil Cleanup Objectives (SCOs).
- (2) Federal Code of Regulations, Section 261.24 Toxicity characteristic. Context: Title 40 Protection of Environment. CHAPTER I ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY (CONTINUED). SUBCHAPTER I SOLID WASTES (CONTINUED). PART 261 IDENTIFICATION AND LISTING OF HAZARDOUS WASTE. Subpart C Characteristics of Hazardous Waste (2012-07-01).
- \sim = Analysis not performed or No standard or guidance value listed for this constituent.



APPENDIX B

HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN (HASP)

The final Health and Safety Plan will be maintained at the Study Area during field activities.

HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN (HASP)

Office: West Chester, PA

Project Name: Study Area Bounded by Pyrex Street, E. Pulteney Street,

Post Creek and Chemung River

Client: Corning Incorporated

Work Location: Corning, NY

WO#: 02005.056.001.0001



HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN (HASP)

Work Order Number	Date	Project Manager Approval	Project Safety Manager Approval





HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN (HASP)								
Prepared by: A. J	ayne / R. McLo	ughlin	W.O. Number	: 02005.056.001.0001	Date: 04/03/2015			
Project Identificat Office: W Site Name: St Client: Co	Study A Pultener ion River est Chester, PA udy Area, Corni prning Incorpora	rea Bounded by P y St., Post Creek a ng, New York ted	St., E. History:					
Work Location Address:		Corning, New York Chemung River (s						
Scope of Work: S								
☐ Site visit only; s	site HASP not ne	ecessary. List pers	sonnel here and	sign off below:				
	X Utility notification required. If required, provide utility notification agency, authorization number, and valid dates: New York Leak Detector (NYLD) subcontracted to perform independent utility clearance.							
		Re	egulatory Stat	us:				
Site regulatory status CERCLA/SARA	3 • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •							
U.S. EPA U.S. EPA DOE HASP(s) applicable to this project. Indicate below which Standard HA used and append the appropriate pages of this form along with the St								
☐ State	☐ State	USACE	☐ Stack Te	· · · · · · -	-			
☐ NPL Site	NRC	☐ Air Force	☐ Air Emis	sions	-			
☐ OSHA	☐ 10 CFR 20		Asbestos		-			
Hazard Communication (Req'd See Attachment D) 1910								
		Review and	Approval Do	cumentation:				
Reviewed by: SO/DEHSM/CEHS	George Craw	ford	Signature Signature	M Crawfor J CIH	Date: 04/06/2015			
Environmental. Compliance Advisor	Name (Print)		Signature		Date:			
Approved by:	Name (Print)		Signature					
Project Manager	John Sontag				Date:			
	Name (Print)		Signature					
				ipment Selection:				
personnel beginnin	g work, the FSC nt selection outl	and/or the Site Mined within this HA	lanager have e\ \SP is appropria	ram and 29 CFR 1910.132, at valuated conditions and verifie tte for the hazards known or e or guidance.)	d that the personal			
⊠ FSO	Stephan Roy	/			Date:			
	Name		Signature					
⊠ Site Manager	John Sontag				Date:			
	Name		Signature					
During to								
Project Enviro Compliance Off		John Sontag			Date:			
☐ Dangerous God	ods Shipping	Name						
Coordinator		Namo			Date:			
		Name						





BEHAVIOR-BASED SAFETY (BBS) - Pledge

I Accept and Understand 100% Safe Work Is an Achievable Goal

- ★ I will work to develop strong connections and team with my co-workers to establish a culture of working safely 100% of the time.
- ★ I will actively care about all Weston employees, our families, team contractors and clients.
- ★ I will help to keep our projects safe and will meet and exceed compliance requirements.
- ★ I will understand and comply with the Health and Safety Plan, Accident Prevention Plan, and Environmental Compliance Plan for each field project. They guide my actions.
- ★ I will stop any work that presents an imminent hazard to people or the environment or is not adequately addressed in the Health and Safety Plan, Accident Prevention Plan, or Environmental Compliance Plan.
- ★ I will identify changing conditions to address safety implications. No surprises!
- ★ I will identify unsafe working conditions and be proactive in correcting them.
- ★ I will coach and mentor and will accept coaching from others to encourage safe work behaviors.
- ★ I am empowered to share lessons-learned and foster continuous improvement.

I will Learn where I can get Assistance

- ★ I will develop high quality relationships with my Division Environmental, Health, and Safety (EHS) Manager; Profit Center Safety Officer; and Field Safety Officer.
- ★ I will learn how and when to contact our Environmental Advisors.
- ★ I will get to know our Corporate EHS staff and become familiar with the Corporate EHS Portal Site.

I will Report All Incidents

- ★ If a safety incident occurs, even if there is no injury or damage but there could have been, I will report the incident immediately.
- ★ I will conduct safety reviews of all incidents with my supervisor, if requested. The review will focus on cause and lessons-learned so that we can be proactive in preventing it from happening again.



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ATTACHMENTS

ATTACHMENT A Chemical Contaminants Data Sheets

ATTACHMENT B Safety Data Sheets

ATTACHMENT C Safety Procedures/Field Operating Procedures (FLD Ops)

ATTACHMENT D Hazard Communication Program

ATTACHMENT E Air Sampling Data Sheets

ATTACHMENT F Incident Reporting
ATTACHMENT G Traffic Control Plan

ATTACHMENT H Environmental Health & Safety Inspection Checklist



1. PERSONNEL ON SITE INFORMATION



1.1 WESTON REPRESENTATIVES							
Organization/Branch	Name/Title	Address	Telephone				
National Accounts	John Sontag/Project Manager	1400 Weston Way West Chester, PA 19380	610-701-3679				
National Accounts	Stephane Roy/ Project Geoscientist	1400 Weston Way West Chester, PA 19380	610-701-3147				
National Accounts	Rachel McLoughlin/ Project Scientist	1400 Weston Way West Chester, PA 19380	610-701-3428				

Roles and Responsibilities:

Manage and implement site characterization program.

1.2 WESTON SUBCONTRACTORS						
Organization/Branch	Name/Title	Address	Telephone			
	Name:	Street:				
	Title:	City:				
		State, Zip:				
	Name:	Street:				
	Title:	City:				
		State, Zip:				
	Name:	Street:				
	Title:	City:				
		State, Zip:				

Roles and Responsibilities:

SITE-SPECIFIC HEALTH AND SAFETY PERSONNEL

The Site Field Safety Officer (FSO) for activities to be conducted at this site is: Stephane Roy / Rachel McLoughlin

The Site Manager has ultimate responsibility for ensuring that the provisions of this Site HASP are adequate and implemented in the field.

Changing field conditions may require decisions to be made concerning adequate protection programs. Therefore, the personnel assigned as FSOs must be experienced and meet the additional training requirements specified by OSHA in 29 CFR 1910.120.

Qualifications:

40-hour OSHA HAZWOPER certification; annual 8-hour OSHA HAZWOPER refresher certification; current Adult First Aid and CPR certification; familiarity with jobs of similar scope.

Designated alternates include: John Sontag



1.3 SITE PERSONNEL AND CERTIFICATION STATUS						
	1.3.1 WESTON Emplo	yee Certification				
Name: John Sontag Title: Project Manager Task(s): All	·	Name: Stephane Roy Title: Project Geoscientist Task(s): All				
Certification Level or Description:		Certification Level or Desc	ription:			
⊠Medical Current □Fit Test Current (Qual.)	⊠Training Current □Fit Test Current (Quant.)					
Name: Rachel McLoughlin Title: Project Scientist		Name: Matt Barela Title: Associate Project Sc	cientist			
Task(s): All Certification Level or Description:		Task(s): All Certification Level or Desc	rintion:			
	☑Training Current ☐Fit Test Current (Quant.)	Medical Current ☐Fit Test Current (Qual.)	☐ Training Current☐ Fit Test Current (Quant.)			
Name: Devon Hollenden		Name: Greg Flasinski				
Title: Assistant Geoscientist		Title:				
Task(s): All		Task(s): All				
Certification Level or Description:		Certification Level or Desc	-			
			☑Training Current ☐Fit Test Current (Quant.)			
Name:	I'll rest ourient (Quant.)	Name:	The rest ourient (Quarter)			
Title:		Title:				
Task(s):		Task(s):				
Certification Level or Description:		Certification Level or Description:				
Medical Current	Training Current	Medical Current	Training Current			
Fit Test Current (Qual.)	Fit Test Current (Quant.)	Fit Test Current (Qual.)	Fit Test Current (Quant.)			
Name:		Name:				
Title:		Title:				
Task(s):		Task(s):				
Certification Level or Description:		Certification Level or Desc	ription:			
Medical Current	Training Current	Medical Current	Training Current			
Fit Test Current (Qual.)	Fit Test Current (Quant.)	Fit Test Current (Qual.)	Fit Test Current (Quant.)			

TRAINING CURRENT - Training: All personnel, including visitors, entering the exclusion or contamination reduction zones must have certifications of completion of training in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910, 29 CFR 1926, or 29 CFR 1910.120.

FIT TEST CURRENT - Respirator Fit Testing: All persons, including visitors, entering any area requiring the use or potential use of any tight-fitting respirator must have had, as a minimum, a qualitative fit test, administered in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 or ANSI, within the last 12 months. If site conditions require the use of a full-face, tight-fitting, air-purifying respirator for protection from asbestos or lead, employees must have had a quantitative fit test, administered according to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1001 or .1025 or 29 CFR 1926.1101 or .62, within the last 12 months.

MEDICAL CURRENT - Medical Monitoring Requirements: All personnel, including visitors, entering the exclusion or contamination reduction zones must be certified as medically fit to work and able to wear a respirator, if appropriate, in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 or 29 CFR 1926 (substance-specific), or 29 CFR 1910.120 (HAZWOPER).

The Site Field Safety Officer is responsible for verifying all certifications and fit tests.



SITE PERSONNEL AND CERTIFICATION STATUS						
1.3.2 Subc	ontractor's Health and	d Safety Progra	am Evaluation			
Name of Subcontractor: TBD Address:						
Activities To Be Conducted by Subcon	tractor:					
	Evaluation C	riteria				
Medical Program meets OSHA/WESTON criteria	Personal Protective Equipm	nent available	On-site monitoring equipment available, calibrated, and operated properly			
Acceptable	Acceptable		Acceptable			
Unacceptable	Unacceptable		Unacceptable			
Comments:	Comments: Comments:					
Safe Working Procedures clearly specified	Training meets OSHA/WES	STON criteria	Emergency Procedures			
Acceptable	Acceptable		Acceptable			
Unacceptable	Unacceptable		Unacceptable			
Comments:	Comments: Comments:					
Decontamination Procedures	General Health and Safety evaluation	Program	Additional comments:			
Acceptable	Acceptable		Subcontractor has agreed to and will conform to the WESTON HASP for this			
Unacceptable	Unacceptable		project.			
Comments:	Comments:		Subcontractor will work under its own HASP, which has been accepted by Project PM.			
Evaluation Conducted by:	-		Date:			
Evaluation Source (SubTrack, etc.):						
	Subcontra	ctor				
Certifications for all subcontractor per	sonnel will be added to	the HASP prior	to beginning work.			
Name:		Name:				
Title:		Title:				
Task(s):		Task(s):				
Certification Level or Description:		Certification Le	vel or Description:			
Medical Current	Training Current	Medical Current	Training Current			
Fit Test Current (Qual.)	Fit Test Current (Quant.)	Fit Test Current (C	Qual.) Fit Test Current (Quant.)			
Name:		Name:				
Title:		Title:				
Task(s):		Task(s):				
Certification Level or Description:			vel or Description:			
Medical Current Medical Cu	_Training Current Fit Test Current (Quant.)	Medical Current				
TELLESI COMEDIACIONAL	En resi Conem Conam i	LI I FILLEST CHITENT II	Judij Filitesi Chireni (Chiani)			



2. HEALTH AND SAFETY EVALUATION



2.1 HEALTH AND SAFETY EVALUATION									
	2.1.1 Task Hazard Assessment								
Background	Background Review: X Complete Partial If partial why? N/A								
Activities		nder This Plan:							
No.		/Subtask	A	Description		Schedule			
2		ndwater		f soil boring and surfact roundwater monitoring		2015 - TBD 2015 - TBD			
_		stigation		oundwater sampling	wens and	2013 - 100			
3	Test Pittin	g/Excavation	Excavation and	d backfill of test pits/su	rface soil	2015 - TBD			
Types of I		the following hazard	d evaluation forms. Com	plete hazard evaluation for	ms for each approp	riate hazard class.			
Physioche	mical 1	Chemically Toxic	c 1	Radiation 3	Biological 2				
☐ Flamma	able			lonizing:	☐ Etiological Agent				
☐ Explosive ☐ Ingestion ☐		☐ Mutagen	☐ Internal exposure	Other (plant, i	nsect, animal)				
☐ Corrosive ☐ Contact ☐		☐ Teratogen	☐ External exposure						
☐ Reactiv	re	☐ Absorption							
☐ O ₂ Rich	1	☐ OSHA 1910.1	000 Substance	Non-ionizing:	☐ Physical Hazards 4				
O ₂ Defi	cient	(Air Contamin	ants)	☑ UV ☐ IR	☐ Characterizati				
		M OCHA Specifi	a Hazard Cubatanaa	□ □ □ MioroW	Characterizati	on Adamad			
		│	C Hazaru Substance	Hazard Substance RF MicroW					
		(Refer to follo	wing page for listing)	Laser					
		Source/Loc	ation of Contaminar	nts and Hazardous Sub	stances:				
Directly Re	elated to Tasi	ks		to Tasks — Nearby Proce	ss(es) That Could	Affect Team			
☐ Air			Members:						
☐ Other S	Surface								
⊠ Ground	dwater		☐ Nearby Non-Clie	ent Facility					
⊠ Soil Describe:									
☐ Surface	Water								
☐ Sanitar	y Wastewater		☐ Have activities (task[s]) been coordinated v	vith facility?				
	s Wastewater		Comments:						
Other									



	HEALTH AND SAFETY EVALUATION							
	2.1.2 Chemical Hazards of Concern							
□ N/A				□ N/A				
Chemical Contaminants of Concern Attach data sheets from an acceptable source dictionary, ACGIH TLV booklet, Hazardous St concentrations below and locate data sheets in	ubstances Data base (HSDB), etc.			Identify hazardous materials used or on-sit reagent type chemicals, solutions, or other performing tasks related to this project cou all subcontractors and other parties workin chemicals and the location of the SDSs. O of the hazardous materials they use or have List chemicals and quantities below and lo	identified materials that in normal ld produce hazardous substances, g nearby are informed of the prese btain from subcontractors and other e on-site and identify location of the	use in . Ensure that ence of these er parties, lists ne SDSs here.		
Chemical Name			tration \	Chemical Na	ame	Quantity		
Arsenic								
Lead								
Cadmium								
	OSHV-81		AZADDO	DUS SUBSTANCES				
1910.1001 Asbestos	1910.1002 Coal tar pitch volat			1003 4-Nitrobiphenyl, etc.	1910.1004 alpha-Naphthylam	nino		
				1 77				
1910.1005 [Reserved]	1910.1006 Methyl chlorometh	yı etner		1007 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine (and its salts)	1910.1008 bis-Chloromethyl	etner		
1910.1009 beta-Naphthylamine	1910.1010 Benzidine			1011 4-Aminodiphenyl	1910.1012 Ethyleneimine			
1910.1013 beta-Propiolactone	1910.1014 2-Acetylaminofluor	rene		1015 4-Dimethylaminoazobenzene	1910.1016 N-Nitrosodimethyl			
1910.1017 Vinyl chloride	1910.1018 Inorganic arsenic			1025 Lead (Att. FLD# 46)	1910.1026 Chromium VI (att.	FLD 53)		
1910.1027 Cadmium (Att. 50 FLD)	1910.1028 Benzene (Att. FLD	# 54 or 61)		1029 Coke oven emissions	1910.1043 Cotton dust			
1910.1044 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane 1910.1045 Acrylonitrile			<u> </u> 1910.	1047 Ethylene oxide	1910.1048 Formaldehyde			
1910.1050 Methylenedianiline	1910.1051 1,3 Butadiene		<u> </u>	1052 Methylene chloride	1926.60 Methylenedianiline			
⊠1926.62 Lead	1926.1101 Asbestos (Att. FLD	52)		1127 Cadmium				



HEALTH AND SAFETY EVALUATION							
		2.1.3 Biological	Hazards of Conce	rn			
⊠ Poisonous Plan	ts (FLD 43-D)		☐ Insects (FLD 43-	-B)			
Location/Task No(s) Source: Route of Exposure:	All Known Inhalation Contact	☑ Suspect☐ Ingestion☐ Direct Penetration	Location/Task No(s) Source: Route of Exposure:	All Known Inhalation Contact	☑ Suspect☐ Ingestion☑ Direct Penetration		
Team Member(s) Allergic: ☐ Yes ☒ No Immunization required: ☐ Yes ☒ No		Team Member(s) Al Immunization require	-	☐ Yes ⊠ No ☐ Yes ⊠ No			
⊠ Snakes, Reptiles	s (FLD 43-A)		Animals (FLD 43	B-A)			
Location/Task No(s) Source: Route of Exposure:	All Known Inhalation Contact	SuspectIngestionDirect Penetration	Location/Task No(s) Source: Route of Exposure:	All Known Inhalation Contact	SuspectIngestionDirect Penetration		
Team Member(s) Allergic: ☐ Yes ☒ No Immunization required: ☐ Yes ☒ No			Team Member(s) Allergic: Immunization required:		☐ Yes ⊠ No ☐ Yes ⊠ No		
FLD 43 — WESTON	l Biohazard Fie	eld Operating Procedure	s: Att. OP				
☐ Sewage			Etiologic Agents (FLD –C)(List)				
Location/Task No.(s) Source: Route of Exposure:): Known Inhalation Contact	☐ Suspect ☐ Ingestion ☐ Direct Penetration	Location/Task No.(s) Source: Route of Exposure:): Known Inhalation Contact	☐ Suspect ☐ Ingestion ☐ Direct Penetration		
Team Member(s) Allergic: Yes No Immunization required: Yes No			Team Member(s) Allergic: Immunization required:		☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Yes ☐ No		
Tetanus Vaccination	within Past 10	yrs: Yes No					
FLD 43-C — Mold a	nd Fungus. Att	. OP 🗌					
FLD 44 — WESTON	I Bloodborne P	athogens Exposure Cor	ntrol Plan – First Aid P	rocedures: Att	t. OP 🛚		
FLD 45 — WESTON	l Bloodborne P	athogens Exposure Cor	itrol Plan – Working w	vith Infectious V	Vaste: Att. OP		



	HEALTH AND SAFETY EVALUATION										
	2.1.4 Radiation Hazards of Concern										
	NONIONIZING RADIATION										
Task No.	Type of Nonionizing Radiation		Source O	n-Site	TLV/	PEL	Wavelength Range	Control Measures	Monitoring Inst	rument	
1	Ultraviolet		Solar					Appropriate clothing/ sunscreen	None		
	Infrared										
	Radio Frequency										
	Microwave										
	Laser										
					l	IONIZING R	ADIATION				
						DAC (µCii/mL)				
Task No.	Radionuclide	Maj Rad	or liations	Radioactiv Half-Life (Years)	ve	D	w	Υ	Surface Contamination Limit	Monitoring Instrument	



HEALTH AND SAFETY EVALUATION

2.1.5 Physical Hazards of Concern

Zi i i o i i i ysicai i iazards di concern			
Physical Hazard Condition	Physical Hazard	Attach OP	WESTON OP Titles
Loud noise	Hearing loss/disruption of communication		Section 7.0 - ECH&S Program Manual Occupational Noise & HC Program
Inclement weather	Rain/humidity/cold/ice/snow/lightning		FLD02 - Inclement Weather
Steam heat stress	Burns/displaced oxygen/wet working surfaces		FLD03 - Hot Process - Steam
Heat stress	Burns/hot surfaces/low pressure steam		FLD04 - Hot Process - LT3
Ambient heat stress	Heat rash/cramps/exhaustion/heat stroke		FLD05 - Heat Stress Prevention/Monitoring
Cold stress	Hypothermia/frostbite		FLD06 - Cold Stress
Cold/wet	Trench/paddy/immersion foot/edema		FLD02 - Inclement Weather
Confined spaces	Falls/burns/drowning/engulfment/electrocution		FLD08 - Confined Space Entry
Industrial Trucks	Fork Lift Truck Safety		FLD09 – Powered Industrial Trucks
Improper lifting	Back strain/abdomen/arm/leg muscle/joint injury		FLD10 - Manual Lifting/Handling Heavy Objects
Uneven surfaces	Vehicle accidents/slips/trips/falls		FLD11 - Rough Terrain
Poor housekeeping	Slips/trips/falls/punctures/cuts/fires		FLD12 - Housekeeping
Structural integrity	Crushing/overhead hazards/compromised floors		FLD13 - Structural Integrity
Improper cylinder. handling	Mechanical injury/fire/explosion/suffocation		FLD16 - Pressure Systems - Compressed Gases
Water hazards	Poor visibility/entanglement/drowning/cold stress		FLD17 - Diving
Water hazards	Drowning/heat/cold stress/hypothermia/falls		FLD18 - Operation and Use of Boats
Water hazards	Drowning/frostbite/hypothermia/falls/electrocution		FLD19 - Working Over Water
Vehicle hazards	Struck by vehicle/collision		FLD20 - Traffic
Explosions	Explosion/fire/thermal burns		FLD21 - Explosives
Moving mechanical parts	Crushing/pinch points/overhead hazards/electrocution		FLD22 – Earth Moving Equipment
Moving mech. parts	Overhead hazards/electrocution		FLD23 – Cranes, Rigging, and Slings
Working at elevation	Overhead hazards/falls/electrocution		FLD24 - Aerial Lifts/Man lifts
Working at elevation	Overhead hazards/falls/electrocution		FLD25 - Working at Elevation
Working at elevation	Overhead hazards/falls/electrocution/slips		FLD26 - Ladders
Working at elevation	Slips/trips/falls/overhead hazards		FLD27 - Scaffolding
Trench cave-in	Crushing/falling/overhead hazards/suffocation		FLD28 - Excavating/Trenching
Physiochemical	Explosions/fires from oxidizing, flam./corr. material		FLD30 - Hazardous Materials Use/Storage
Physiochemical	Fire and explosion		FLD31 - Fire Prevention/Response Plan Required
Physiochemical	Fire		FLD32 - Fire Extinguishers Required
Structural integrity	Overhead/electrocution/slips/trips/falls/fire		FLD33 - Demolition
Electrical	Electrocution/shock/thermal burns		FLD34 - Utilities
Electrical	Electrocution/shock/thermal burns		FLD35 - Electrical Safety
Burns/fires	Heat stress/fires/burns		FLD36 - Welding/Cutting/Brazing/Radiography
Impact/thermal	Thermal burns/high pressure impaction/heat stress		FLD37 - Pressure Washers/Sand Blasting
Impaction/electrical	Smashing body parts/pinching/cuts/electrocution		FLD38 - Hand and Power Tools
Poor visibility	Slips/trips/falls		FLD39 - Illumination
Fire/explosion	Burns/impaction		FLD40 - Storage Tank Removal/Decommissioning
Communications	Disruption of communications		FLD41 - Std. Hand/Emergency Signals
Energy/release	Unexpected release of energy		FLD42 - Lockout/Tag-out
Biological Hazards	Biological Hazards at site		FLD43 - Biological Hazards
Animals	Animals		FLD43A - Animals
Insects	Stinging and Biting Insects		FLD43B - Stinging and Biting Insects
Molds/Fungi	Molds and Fungi		FLD43C - Molds and Fungi



2.1.5 Physical Hazards of Concern (Continued)			
Physical Hazard Condition	Physical Hazard	Attach OP	WESTON OP Titles
Hazardous Plants	Hazardous Plants		FLD43D - Hazardous Plants
Etiologic Agents	Etiologic Agents		FLD43E - Etiologic Agents
Biological Hazards/BBP	Biological Hazards/BBP at site/First Aid Providers		FLD44 - Biological Hazards – Bloodborne Pathogens Exposure Control Plan – First Aid Providers
Infectious Waste	Infectious Waste at site/BBP/ at site/Infectious Waste		FLD45 – Biological Hazards – Bloodborne Pathogens Exposure Control Plan – Work With Infectious Waste
Lead Contaminated sites	Lead poisoning	\boxtimes	FLD46 - Control of Exposure to Lead
Puncture/cuts	Cuts/ dismemberment/gouges		FLD47 - Clearing, Grubbing and Logging Operations
Government Inspector	Disruption of Operations		FLD48 – Federal, State, Local Regulatory Agency Inspections
Unknown Chemicals	Exposure to hazardous materials/waste		FLD49 – Safe Storage of Samples
Cadmium	Exposure Control	\boxtimes	FLD50 – Cadmium Exposure Control Plan
Process Safety Procedure	Safety Procedure		FLD51 – Process Safety Procedure
Asbestos	Asbestos Exposure		FLD52 – Asbestos Exposure Control Plan
Hexavalent Chromium	Exposure Control Plan		FLD53 – Hexavalent Chromium Exposure Control Plan
Benzene	Exposure Control Plan		FLD54 - Benzene Exposure Control Plan
Hydrofluoric acid	Working with HF		FLD55 – Working with Hydrofluoric Acid
Moving drill rig parts	Crushing/pinch points/overhead hazards/electrocution	\boxtimes	FLD56 – Drilling Safety
Vehicles/driving	Accidents,/fatigue/cell phone use		FLD 57 – Motor Vehicle Safety
Improper material handling	Back injury/crushing from load shifts/equipment/tools		FLD 58 – Drum Handling Operations
COC decontamination	COCs/slip, trip, and falls/waste generation/environmental compliance/PPE		FLD59 - Decontamination
Drilling hazards	Electrocution/overhead hazards/pinch points		Environmental Remediation Drilling Safety Guideline - 2005
Fatigue	Long work hours	\boxtimes	FLD60 – Employee Duty Schedule
Benzene/Gasoline	Benzene exposure		FLD61 – Gasoline Contaminant Exposure
Cardiac Arrest	Accident/Heart Attack		FLD62 – 2009 Automatic External Defibrillator (AED) Program Guidelines
Ionizing Radiation	Ionizing Radiation		FLD63 – Using Handheld X-Ray Fluorescence (XRF) Analyzers
Working Alone	Isolated Working Conditions		FLD64 – Employees Working Alone



3. SITE SECURITY



3.1 SITE SECURITY ASSESSMENT FORM			
	DESCRIPTION		
Site Name and Location: Former Study Area, Corning NY	Number of Employees and Subcontract	tors on Site:	
Type of Work: Study Area characterization sampling activities (Soil a	and/or groundwater sampling)		
Projected Start Date: 2014	Projected Completion Date: TBD		
Are Chemicals Used or Stored That Meet DHS/CF/ http://www.dhs.gov/files/programs/gc 118590957018			
If Yes, Attach Plan and DHS Approvals to HASP. http://www.dhs.gov/files/programs/gc 116950148619	<u>7.shtm</u>		
SURROUNDING AREA (urban/suburban/rural; res		lume, population density, etc	
Suburban, residential neighborhood with school prope	erty within Study Area limits.		
THREAT INDICATORS (apparent social, economic	c, political, ethnic, criminal, gang related,	and other risk factors)	
N/A			
COUNTERMEASURES (Current and projected risk	mitigation factors)		
Security Systems (Reference Site Security Checklist):			
Security Procedures (Reference Site Security Checklist):			
Closest police station location and contact information: Corning Police Department – 607-962-0340 1 Center Way Corning, NY 14830			
Other relevant observations or information to factor into the Site Security Plan: N/A			
OVERALL SECURITY ASSESSMENT (Submit "Medium" and "High" risk assessments to Corporate Security for review			
Risk Level: Low Medium	☐ High	Date:	
Site Safety Officer:	Division Safety Manager:		
USE ATTACHMENTS FOR ADDITIONAL COM	MENTS, MAPS AND DIAGRAMS		



3.2 WESTON SITE SECURITY CHECKLIST

To be used for completing the Site Security Assessment Form required on all WESTON projects. Contact Corporate Security for guidance on any items that are "NEEDED" and "NOT IN PLACE".

CONTROL MEASURES:	In-Place / Not In-Place	Needed / Not Needed
 Fencing, lockable gates, no holes (enter details below): a. Chain Link material b. Other material (describe) c. Height (in feet and inches) d. Top cover (e.g., razor wire) e. Signage (e.g., No Trespassing) 		
 2. Guard service: a. During working hours? b. During non-working hours? c. As a stationary post? d. As a roving patrol? e. Do they have written instructions? f. Do they have adequate training? g. Do they have adequate supervision? h. Do they have daily reports? i. Do they have daily inspections? 		
3. ID badges displayed by:a. Employees?b. Contractors?c. Visitors?		
 4. Log books for: a. Employee sign-in? b. Visitor sign-in? c. Vehicle sign-in? d. Incident reports? e. Property removal? f. Keys and access cards? 		
 5. Electronics and hardware options (enter details below): a. Access card readers b. Adequate lighting c. Closed circuit TV d. Alarm system e. Other (describe) 		
 6. Procedures documented for: a. Security training? b. Security instructions? c. Contingency plans? d. Opening and closing protocols? e. Other (describe)? 		
7. Law enforcement liaison documented for:a. Municipal police?b. County sheriff?c. State police?d. Federal agencies (specify)?		



WESTON SITE SECURITY CHECKLIST (CONTINUED)

To be used for completing the Site Security Assessment Form required on all WESTON projects. Contact Corporate Security for guidance on any items that are "NEEDED" and "NOT IN PLACE".

CH	AIN OF COMMAND:	Name	24/7 Contact Information
a.	Security Coordinator		
b.	Site Supervisor		
C.	Project Manager	John Sontag	610-701-3679
d.	PC Manager		
i			

CH	AIN OF COMMAND:	Name	24/7 Contact Information
a.	Security Coordinator		
b.	Site Supervisor		
C.	Project Manager	John Sontag	610-701-3679
d.	PC Manager		
REN	MARKS (use this section and	 d supplemental pages to comme	nt on details, exceptions or additional observations):
	•		, .



4. TASK BY TASK ASSESSMENT



4.1 TASK-BY-TASK RISK ASSESSMENT

4.1.1 Task 1 Description		
TASK 1: Soil sampling. Includes a combination of soil boring and surface soil sampling.		
EQUIPMENT REQUIRED/USED		
Geoprobe and/or Hollow-stem auger Hand tools		
rig Scoops Hearing Protection		
Nitrile gloves Mini Rae		
Safety Boots Safety Glasses		
Dust Monitoring		
POTENTIAL HAZARDS/RISKS		
Chemical		
☐ Hazard Present Risk Level: ☐ H ☐ M ☐ L		
What justifies risk level? Sampling soil with potential metals.		
Sampling son with potential metals.		
Physical		
☐ Hazard Present Risk Level: ☐ H ☐ M ☐ L		
What justifies risk level? Work generally will occur at residential or school property, with some work in utility right-of-way areas		
and floodplain areas.		
Biological ☐ Hazard Present Risk Level: ☐ H ☐ M ☐ L		
Mazard Present Risk Level: H		
Potential for ticks, bees, snakes, vegetation and small animals.		
RADIOLOGICAL		
☐ Hazard Present Risk Level: ☐ H ☐ M ☐ L		
What justifies risk level?		
LEVELS OF PROTECTION/JUSTIFICATION		
Level D		
SAFETY PROCEDURES REQUIRED AND/OR FIELD OPS UTILIZED		
All work will be performed in accordance with the provisions of this HASP, OSHA guidelines, and WESTON Standard Operating Procedures.		
FLD 02, 05, 06, 10,11, 12, 13, 19, 20, 22, 28, 34, 37, 38, 41, 43, 47, 56, 57, 59, 60, Section 7.0, Environmental		

FLD 02, 05, 06, 10,11, 12, 13, 19, 20, 22, 28, 34, 37, 38, 41, 43, 47, 56, 57, 59, 60, Section 7.0, Environmental Remediation Drilling Safety Guidance – 2005, Air monitoring in accordance with the Study Area-specific Community Air Monitoring Plan (CAMP).



TASK-BY-TASK RISK ASSESSMENT (Continued)

4.1.2 Task 2 Description

TABLE 1 dask 2 Description			
TASK 2: Groundwater sampling activities, includes the installation of groundwater monitoring wells and groundwater sampling			
groundwater sampling			
		REQUIRED/USED	
Hollow-stem auger Rig	Hand Tools	Dust Monitoring	
Nitrile Gloves	Sample Bottles		
Safety Boots	Water Level Indicator		
Safety Glasses Hearing Protection	Groundwater Pumps Bailers		
MiniRae	Tubing		
		HAZARDS/RISKS	
	CI	hemical	
Hazard Present	Risk Level: H	□ M □ L	
What justifies risk level? Ground water sampling w	ith potential constituents	at lower levels	
g	розолиш оолошини		
	P	hysical	
Hazard Present	Risk Level: H	□ M □ L	
What justifies risk level?	at residential or school r	property, with some work possibly in utility right-of-way	
areas	at residential of School p	oroperty, with some work possibly in utility right-or-way	
u. ouo			
	Bi	ological	
Hazard Present	Risk Level: H	□ M ⊠ L	
What justifies risk level? Potential for ticks, bees, snakes, vegetation and small animals.			
Potential for ticks, bees, snakes, vegetation and small animals.			
	RADI	OLOGICAL	
☐ Hazard Present	Risk Level: H	□ M □ L	
What justifies risk level?			
LEVELS OF PROTECTION/JUSTIFICATION			
Level D			
SAFETY PROCEDURES REQUIRED AND/OR FIELD OPS UTILIZED			
		of this HASP, OSHA guidelines, and WESTON Standard	
Operating Procedures.			
FLD 01, 02, 05, 06, 10, 11, 12, 17, 18, 19, 20, 32, 34, 35, 36, 37, 41, 43, 47, 57, 59, 60 Section 7.0,			
Environmental Remediation Drilling Safety Guidance – 2005, Air monitoring in accordance with the Study Area-specific Community Air Monitoring Plan (CAMP).			
Area-specific Community	All Mollitoring Flatt (CAN	nr j.	

4-3



4.1 TASK-BY-TASK RISK ASSESSMENT (Continued)

4.1.3 Task 3 Description

TASK 3: Excavation/test pitting, backfilling and sampling activities. Test pits will be approximately 1 foot

to 18 inches wide, 4 to 7 feet long and up to 4 feet deep. Excavation activities include surface excavation/scraping up to 1 ft below ground surface.		
EQUIPMENT REQUIRED/USED		
Construction Equipment (Mini-		
backhoe/excavator/front end loader) Safety Boots Hearing Protection		
Safety Glasses		
Hearing Protection		
MiniRae		
POTENTIAL HAZARDS/RISKS		
Chemical ☑ Hazard Present Risk Level: ☐ H ☐ M ☑ L		
What justifies risk level?		
Sampling soil with potential metals.		
Physical		
Hazard Present Risk Level: ☐ H ☐ M ☐ L		
What justifies risk level?		
Activities include the use of heavy equipment in residential and public areas.		
Biological		
☐ Hazard Present Risk Level: ☐ H ☐ M ☐ L		
What justifies risk level?		
Potential for ticks, bees, snakes, vegetation and small animals.		
RADIOLOGICAL		
☐ Hazard Present Risk Level: ☐ H ☐ M ☐ L		
What justifies risk level?		
LEVELS OF PROTECTION/JUSTIFICATION		
Level D		
SAFETY PROCEDURES REQUIRED AND/OR FIELD OPS UTILIZED		
All work will be performed in accordance with the provisions of this HASP, OSHA guidelines, and WESTON Standard		
Operating Procedures. FLD 02, 05, 06, 10,11, 12, 13, 20, 22, 28, 34, 37, 38, 41, 43, 47, 56, 57, 59, Section 7.0, Environmental		
Remediation Drilling Safety Guidance – 2005, Air monitoring in accordance with the Study Area-specific		

4-4

Community Air Monitoring Plan (CAMP).



4.1 TASK-BY-TASK RISK ASSESSMENT (Continued)		
4.1.4 Task 4 Description		
EQUIPMENT REQUIRED/USED		
EQUIFMENT REQUIRED/03ED		
POTENTIAL HAZARDS/RISKS		
Chemical		
☐ Hazard Present Risk Level: ☐ H ☐ M ☐ L		
What justifies risk level?		
Physical		
☐ Hazard Present Risk Level: ☐ H ☐ M ☐ L What justifies risk level?		
What justifies his level:		
Biological		
☐ Hazard Present Risk Level: ☐ H ☐ M ☐ L What justifies risk level?		
Think Jack Hot To T.		
RADIOLOGICAL		
☐ Hazard Present Risk Level: ☐ H ☐ M ☐ L What justifies risk level?		
LEVELS OF PROTECTION/JUSTIFICATION		
SAFETY PROCEDURES REQUIRED AND/OR FIELD OPS UTILIZED		
All work will be performed in accordance with the provisions of this HASP, OSHA guidelines, and WESTON Standard		
Operating Procedures.		



4.2 PERSONNEL PROTECTION PLAN			
Engineering Controls Describe Engineering Controls used as part of Personnel Protection Plan:			
Task(s) Tasks 1-3			
	ative Controls nistrative Controls used as part of	Personnel Protection Plan:	
Task(s) Tasks 1-3 All Conduct hazard analysis of all work tasks. All Conduct safety briefings with contractors prior to performing daily tasks to discuss safety hazards and controls Taken to minimize or eliminate hazards			
	Protective Equipment or Changing Levels of Protection.	Refer to Site Air Monitoring Program—A	ction Levels. Define Action Levels for up or down grade for each task:
Task(s) Tasks 1-3 All Hard hat, safety glasses, safety shoes, hearing protection (as necessary) All PPE will be reviewed with each hazard analysis to ensure level of PPE is appropriate for scope of work All Study Area Air Monitoring plan (i.e., Community Air Monitoring Plan [CAMP])			
		Description of Lev	els of Protection
	Level D)	Level D Modified
Task(s): A ⊠ Head	II	Hard hat when near drilling rig	Task(s): NA ☐ Head
⊠ Eye and		Safety Glasses Ear plugs in designated	☐ Eye and Face
⊠ Hearing		areas	☐ Hearing
	and Legs Only	Coveralls or long pants	Arms and Legs Only
l <u></u>	riate Work Uniform	and appropriate shirt Nitrile (as needed)	☐ Whole Body
⊠ Hand -		Steel-toed boots	Apron
☐ FOOL - Salety Books		Oleci-loca bools	☐ Hand - Gloves
Fall Protection			Gloves
Flotation			Gloves
☐ Other			☐ Foot - Safety Boots ☐ Over Boots



4.3 DESCRIPTION OF LEVELS OF PROTECTION		
Level C	Level B () or Level A ()	
Task(s): NA	Task(s): NA	
☐ Head	☐ Head	
☐ Eye and Face	☐ Eye and Face	
☐ Hearing	☐ Hearing	
☐ Arms and Legs Only	☐ Arms and Legs Only	
☐ Whole Body	☐ Whole Body	
☐ Apron	☐ Apron	
☐ Hand – Gloves	☐ Hand - Gloves	
☐ Gloves	☐ Gloves	
☐ Gloves	☐ Gloves	
☐ Foot - Safety Boots	☐ Foot - Safety Boots	
☐ Outer Boots	☐ Outer Boots	
☐ Boots (Other)	☐ Boots (Other)	
☐ Half Face	☐ SAR - Airline	
☐ Cart./Canister	□ SCBA	
☐ Full Face	☐ Comb. Airline/SCBA	
☐ Cart./Canister	☐ Cascade System	
☐ PAPR	☐ Compressor	
☐ Cart./Canister	☐ Fall Protection	
☐ Type C	☐ Flotation	
☐ Fall Protection	☐ Other	
☐ Flotation		
☐ Other		



5. MONITORING PROGRAM



SITE OR PROJECT HAZARD MONITORING PROGRAM 5.1 **5.1.1** Air Monitoring Instruments **Instrument Selection and Initial Check Record** Reporting Format: X Field Notebook X Field Data Sheets* Air Monitoring Log Trip Report [Other Checked Task Number Number Upon Instrument No.(s) Required Received Receipt Comment Initials RAD ☐ GM (Pancake) ☐ Nal (Micro R) ZnS (Alpha Scintillator) Other ____ ⋈ PID 1-3 MiniRAE MultiRAE (LEL/O2/H2S/CO/PID) TVA 1000 (PID/FID) Other ☐ FID TVA 1000 (FID/PID) Other ____ 1-3 PDR 1000 (Particulate) ☐ Single Gas Meter (SGM) Specify Chemical: ☐ Personal Sampling Pump Specify Media: ☐ Bio-Aerosol Monitor Tubes/type: _____ Tubes/type: _____ Tubes/type: _____ ☐ Tubes/type: __



5.1 SITE OR PROJECT HAZARD MONITORING PROGRAM 5.1.1 Air Monitoring Instruments Calibration Record Instrument, Mfg., Calib. Initial **Final** Model, Setting and Setting and Calib. Method Calibrator's Equip. ID No. Date Time Material Mfg.'s Other Reading Reading Initials



5.2 SITE AIR MONITORING PROGRAM

Action Levels

These Action Levels, if not defined by regulation, are some percent (usually 50%) of the applicable PEL/TLV/REL. That number must also be adjusted to account for instrument response factors.

instrument response factors.	Tasks	Action Level		Action
Explosive or Flammable Atmosphere		Ambient Air Concentration	Confined Space Concentration	
		<10% LEL	0 to 1% LEL	Work may continue. Consider toxicity potential.
		10 to 25% LEL	1 to 10% LEL	Work may continue. Increase monitoring frequency.
		>25% LEL	>10% LEL	Work must stop. Ventilate area before returning.
Oxygen		Ambient Air Concentration	Confined Space Concentration	
		<19.5% O ₂	<19.5% O ₂	Leave area. Re-enter only with self-contained breathing apparatus.
		19.5% to 25% O ₂	19.5% to 23.5% O ₂	Work may continue. Investigate changes from 21%.
		>25% O ₂	>23.5% O ₂	Work must stop. Ventilate area before returning.
Radiation	adiation < 3 times background		kground	Continue work.
	screening related to XRF to be performed by selected subcontractor for XRF work	3 times background to < 1 mR/hour		Radiation above background levels (normally 0.01-0.02 mR/hr) signifies possible radiation source(s) present. Continue investigation with caution. Perform thorough monitoring. Consult with a Health Physicist.
	> 1 mrem/hour		'hour	Potential radiation hazard. Evacuate site. Continue investigation only upon the advice of Health Physicist.
☑ Organic Gases and Vapors	1, 2	1.0 units sustained		Increase monitoring frequency. Stop work and evaluate appropriate PPE
☑ Inorganic Gases, Vapors, and Particulates	1, 2	100 μg/m³ above background per 15-minute period		Continue work with dust suppression techniques. If levels exceed 150 µg/m³ above background per 15-minute period. Stop work and re-evaluate dust suppression.



5.3 ACTION LEVELS

(Attach action level calculations)



6. HOSPITAL INFORMATION



6.1 CONTINGENCIES							
6.1.1 Emergency Contacts and Phone Numbers							
Agency		Contact	Phone Number	Phone Number			
WorkCare WESTON Medical Director WorkCare WESTON Program Administrator		Dr. Peter Greaney Heather Lind	455-6155 and dia	From 6 am to 4:30 pm Pacific Time call 800-455-6155 and dial 0 for the Operator or ext. 475 for Heather Lind to request the on-call clinician.			
After-Business Hours Contact (In Case of Emergency Only)			Saturday, Sunda 6155 Dial 3 to rea service. Request with the on-call c	4:31 p.m. – 5:59 a.m. Pacific Time, all day Saturday, Sunday, and Holidays call 800-455-6155 Dial 3 to reach the after-hours answering service. Request that the service connect you with the on-call clinician or the on-call clinician will return your call within 30 minutes.			
WESTON Corporate Environmental Health & Safety Director		Harold Hannah	(610) 701-3024 -	(610) 701-3024 - (267) 516-0274 (Cell)			
WESTON Health & Safety Division Safety Manager		George Crawford	(610) 701-3771 -	(610) 701-3771 - (484) 437-5976 (Cell)			
WESTON Health & Safety Local Safety Officer		George Crawford	(610) 701-3771-	(610) 701-3771- (484) 437-5976 (Cell)			
Fire Department			911				
Police Department			911				
WESTON FSO Cell Phone							
WESTON PM Cell Phone		John Sontag	(610) 701-3679				
Client Site Phone							
Site Telephone							
Nearest Telephone							
Poison Control			(800) 222-1222	(800) 222-1222			
	Local Med	ical Emergency Facil	ity(s) - LMF				
Name of Hospital: Guthrie Corning H	ospital			Γ			
Address: 1 Guthrie Drive, Corning, N	Y 14830			Phone No.: 607-937-8674			
Name of Contact:			Phone No.:				
Type of Service: X Physical trauma only	Route to Hospital: (See Attached)			Travel time from site: 9 Minutes			
☐ Chemical exposure only ☐ Physical trauma and chemical exposure ☐ Available 24 hours				Distance to hospital: 5.2 Miles Name/no. of 24-hr ambulance service: 911			



Secondary or Specialty Service Provider						
Name of Hospital:						
Address:		Phone No.:				
Name of Contact:	Phone No.:					
Type of Service:	Route to Hospital (see attached):	Travel time from site:				
Physical trauma only						
☐ Chemical exposure only		Distance to hospital:				
Physical trauma and chemical exposure		Name/no. of 24-hr ambulance service:				
Available 24 hours		1				

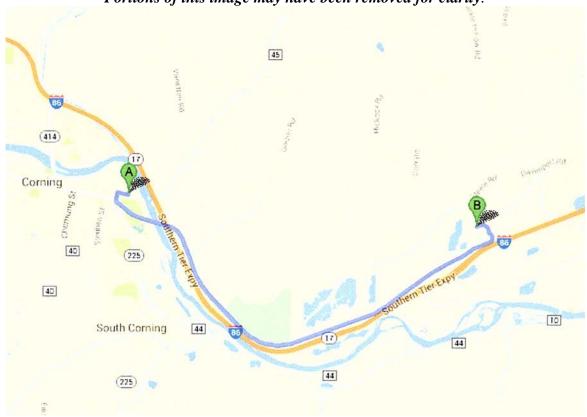
See reporting an incident in Attachment F.



6.1.2 Hospital Map

This map is subject to Google's Terms of Service, and Google is the owner of rights therein.

Portions of this image may have been removed for clarity.



1.	Head south on Canisteo St toward Woodview Ave	go 82 ft total 82 ft
) 2.	Take the 1st right onto Woodview Ave	go 0.1 mi total 0.1 mi
7 3.	Take the 1st left onto Conhocton St	go 495 ft total 0.2 mi
2) ⁴ .	Take the 2nd left onto NY-352 E/E Corning Rd/Denison Pkwy E Continue to follow NY-352 E/E Corning Rd About 5 mins	go 3.8 mi total 4.0 mi
5.	Continue straight onto E Corning Rd Destination will be on the left About 2 mins	go 1.2 mi total 5.2 mi



6.1 CONTINGENCIES									
6.1.3 Response Plans									
Medical - General Provide first aid, if trained; assess and determine need for further medical assistance. Transport or arrange for transport after appropriate decontamination.		First Aid Kit: Yes No Blood Borne Pathogens Kit: Yes No	Type Appropriate sized ANSI-approved Type III Kit, plus BBP	Location In Vehicle near work area	Special First-Aid Procedures: Cyanides on-site Yes No If yes, contact LMF. Do they have antidote kit? Yes No				
LMF = Local Medical Facility		Eyewash required Yes No	Туре	Location	HF on-site Yes No If yes, need neutralizing ointment for first- aid kit. Contact LMF.				
		Shower required Yes No	Туре	Location					
Plan for Response to Spill/Release		Plan for Response to Fire/Explosion		Fire Extinguishers					
In the event of a spill or release, ensure safety, assess situation, and perform containment and control measures, as appropriate.	 a. Cleanup per SDSs if small; or sound alarm, call for assistance, notify Emergency Coordinator b. Evacuate to predetermined safe place c. Account for personnel d. Determine if team can respond safely e. Mobilize per Site Spill Response Plan 	In the event of a fire or explosion, ensure personal safety, assess situation, and perform containment and control measures, as appropriate:	b. Evacuate predeterm place c. Account for d. Use fire expension its use e. Stand by fire	ance, notify by Coordinator to nined safe or personnel extinguisher and trained to inform by responders is and	Type/Location ABC/Vehicle / / / / / / / / / / / / /				
Description of Spill Response Gear	Location	Description (Other Fire Re	esponse Equipr	ment)	Location				
Dian to Doorsed to Ossa	uritu Drobloma								
Plan to Respond to Section 911 Emergency	urity Problems								



7. DECONTAMINATION PLAN



7.1 GENERAL DECONTAMINATION PLAN **Personnel Decontamination** Consistent with the levels of protection required, step-by-step procedures for personnel decontamination for each level of protection are attached. Level D PPE with used PPE properly disposed on-site **Levels of Protection Required for Decontamination Personnel** The levels of protection required for personnel assisting with decontamination will be: Level D Level B Level C Modifications include: **Disposition of Decontamination Wastes** Drill cuttings and other waste soil/water generated during characterization activities will be containerized daily in 55-gallon drums or other appropriate containers (as described in the Study Area Work Plan). The filled containers will be staged in a secure, designated area (TBD). The waste soil and waste water will be properly disposed in accordance with sample results. **Equipment Decontamination** A procedure for decontamination steps required for non-sampling equipment and heavy machinery follows: Equipment will be decontaminated in accordance with the decontamination SOP included in the Study Area Work Plan. **Sampling Equipment Decontamination** Sampling equipment will be decontaminated in accordance with the following procedure: All non-dedicated sampling and monitoring equipment will be decontaminated in accordance with the decontamination SOP included in the Study Area Work Plan.



7.2 LEVEL D DECONTAMINATION PLAN
Check indicated functions or add steps, as necessary:
Function Description of Process, Solution, and Container
Segregated equipment drop
Boot cover and glove wash
Boot cover and glove rinse
☐Tape removal - outer glove and boot
Boot cover removal
Outer glove removal
HOTLINE
Suit/safety boot wash
Suit/boot/glove rinse
Safety boot removal
☐Suit removal
☐Inner glove wash
☐Inner glove rinse
☐Inner glove removal
☐Inner clothing removal
CONTAMINATION REDUCTION ZONE (CRZ)/SAFE ZONE BOUNDARY
Field wash
Redress
Disposal Plan, End of Day:
Disposal Plan, End of Week:
Disposal Plan, End of Project:



7.3 LEVEL C DECONTAMINATION PLAN					
Check indicated functions or add steps, as necessary:					
Function Description of Process, Solution, and Container					
Segregated equipment drop					
Boot cover and glove wash					
☐Boot cover and glove rinse					
Tape removal - outer glove and boot					
Boot cover removal					
Outer glove removal					
HOTLINE					
Suit/safety boot wash					
Suit/boot/glove rinse					
Safety boot removal					
☐Suit removal					
☐Inner glove wash					
☐Inner glove rinse					
Face piece removal					
☐Inner glove removal					
☐Inner clothing removal					
CONTAMINATION REDUCTION ZONE (CRZ)/SAFE ZONE BOUNDARY					
Field wash					
Redress					
Disposal Plan, End of Day:					
Disposal Plan, End of Week:					
Disposal Plan, End of Project:					



7.4 LEVEL B () or Level A () DECONTAMINATION PLAN
Check indicated functions or add steps, as necessary:
Function Description of Process, Solution, and Container
Segregated equipment drop
Boot cover and glove wash
Boot cover and glove rinse
Tape removal - outer glove and boot
Boot cover removal
Outer glove removal
HOTLINE
Suit/safety boot wash
Suit/SCBA/boot/glove rinse
Safety boot removal
Remove SCBA backpack without disconnecting
Splash suit removal
☐Inner glove wash
☐Inner glove rinse
SCBA disconnect and face piece removal
☐Inner glove removal
☐Inner clothing removal
CONTAMINATION REDUCTION ZONE (CRZ)/SAFE ZONE BOUNDARY
Field wash
Redress
Disposal Plan, End of Day: All materials will be decontaminated daily in accordance with the decontamination SOP included in the Study Area Work Plan and containerized in 55-gallon drums or other appropriate containers in a secure area.
Disposal Plan, End of Week:
Disposal Plan, End of Project: All material, will be disposed of properly and in accordance with sampling results.



8. TRAINING AND BRIEFING TOPICS/SIGN OFF SHEET



8.1 TRAINING AND BRIEFING TOPICS						
The following items will be covered at the site-specific training me	eting, daily or periodically.					
Site characterization and analysis, Sec. 3.0, 29 CFR 1910.120 I	Level A					
Physical hazards	Level B					
Chemical hazards	Level C					
Animal bites, stings, and poisonous plants	Level D					
Etiologic (infectious) agents	Monitoring, 29 CFR 1910.120 (h)					
Site control, 29 CFR 1910.120 d	Decontamination, 29 CFR 1910.120 (k)					
Engineering controls and work practices, 29 CFR 1910.120 (g)	Emergency response, 29 CFR 1910.120 (I)					
Heavy machinery	Elements of an emergency response, 29 CFR 1910.120 (I)					
Forklift	Procedures for handling site emergency incidents, 29 CFR 1910.120 (I)					
Backhoe	Off-site emergency response, 29 CFR 1910.120 (I)					
Equipment	Handling drums and containers, 29 CFR 1910.120 (j)					
Tools	Opening drums and containers					
Ladder, 29 CFR 1910.25.26.26 + 29 CFR 1926.1053	Electrical material handling equipment					
Overhead and underground utilities	Radioactive waste					
Scaffolds	Shock-sensitive waste					
Structural integrity	Laboratory waste packs					
Unguarded openings - wall, floor, ceilings	Sampling drums and containers					
Pressurized air cylinders	Shipping and transport, 49 CFR 172.101, IATA					
Personal protective equipment, 29 CFR 1910.120 (g); 29 CFR 1910.134	Tank and vault procedures					
Respiratory protection, 29 CFR 1910.120 (g); ANSI Z88.2	Illumination, 29 CFR 1926.26					
Working over water FLD-19	Sanitation, 29 CFR 1926.27					
Boating safety FLD-18	Proper lifting techniques					
Heat Stress / Cold Stress	Lead, Arsenic, Cadmium exposure training					



8.2 HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN APPROVAL/SIGNOFF FORM Site Name: Study Area, Corning, New York wo#: 02005.056.001.0001

Address: Located in Corning, New York on the north bank of the Chemung River (see Figure 1).

I understand, agree to, and will conform with the information set forth in this Health and Safety Plan (and attachments) and discussed in the personnel health and safety briefing(s).

Name	Signature	Date
		-
	-	



ATTACHMENT A CHEMICAL CONTAMINANTS DATA SHEETS



ATTACHMENT B SAFETY DATA SHEETS

(ATTACH SDS)



ATTACHMENT C

SAFETY PROCEDURES/FIELD OPERATING PROCEDURES (FLD OPS)

In lieu of attaching individual copies of FLDs, the site safety officer or his designee may elect to maintain an electronic copy of the WESTON Corporate Environmental Compliance, Health, and Safety Program Manual (including all FLDs) on site in an electronic format. The most recent version of the CEHS Program Manual and supporting documents are located at:

http://portal/services/EHS/SitePages/CEHSProgramElements.aspx



ATTACHMENT D HAZARD COMMUNICATION PROGRAM



SITE-SPECIFIC HAZARD COMMUNICATION PROGRAM

Location-Specific Hazard Communication Program/Checklist

To ensure an understanding of and compliance with the Hazard Communication Standard, WESTON will use this checklist/document (or similar document) in conjunction with the WESTON Written Hazard Communication Program as a means of meeting site- or location-specific requirements.

While responsibility for activities within this document reference the WESTON Safety Officer (SO), it is the responsibility of all personnel to ensure compliance. Responsibilities under various conditions can be found within the WESTON Written Hazard Communication Program.

To ensure that information about the dangers of all hazardous chemicals used by WESTON is known by all affected employees, the following Hazard Communication Program has been established. All affected personnel will participate in the Hazard Communication Program. This written program, as well as WESTON's Corporate Hazard Communication Program, will be available for review by any employee, employee representative, representative of OSHA, NIOSH, or any affected employer/employee on a multi-employer site.

Site or other location name/addre	ess: Study Area, Corning, NY						
Site/Project/Location Manager:	John Sontag						
Site/Location Safety Officer:	TBD						
l List of chemicals compiled, format: x HASP □ Other:							
Location of SDS files:	Attached						
Training conducted by: Name:	TBD	Date: ———					
☐ Indicate format of training documentation: X Field Log: ☐ Other:							
Client briefing conducted regarding hazard communication:							
☐ If multi-employer site (client, subcontractor, agency, etc.), indicate name of affected companies:							
Other employer(s) notified of che	micals, labeling, and SDS information:						
☐ Has WESTON been notified of other employer's or client's hazard communication program(s), as necessary? ☐ Yes X No							

List of Hazardous Chemicals

A list of known hazardous chemicals used by WESTON personnel must be prepared and attached to this document or placed in a centrally identified location with the SDSs. Further information on each chemical may be obtained by reviewing the appropriate SDS. The list will be arranged to enable cross-reference with the SDS file and the label on the container. The SO or Location Manager is responsible for ensuring the chemical listing remains up-to-date.

Container Labeling

The WESTON SO will verify that all containers received from the chemical manufacturer, importer, or distributor for use on-site are clearly labeled.

The SO is responsible for ensuring that labels are placed where required and for comparing SDSs and other information with label information to ensure correctness.



Safety Data Sheets (SDSs)

The SO is responsible for establishing and monitoring WESTON's SDS program for the location. The SO will ensure that procedures are developed to obtain the necessary SDSs and will review incoming SDSs for new or significant health and safety information. He/she will see that any new information is passed on to the affected employees. If an SDS is not received at the time of initial shipment, the SO will call the manufacturer and have an SDS delivered for that product in accordance with the requirements of WESTON's Written Hazard Communication Program.

A log for, and copies of, SDSs for all hazardous chemicals in use will be kept in the SDS folder at a location known to all site workers. SDSs will be readily available to all employees during each work shift. If an MSDS is not available, immediately contact the WESTON SO or the designated alternate. When a revised SDS is received, the SO will immediately replace the old SDS.

Employee Training and Information

The SO is responsible for the WESTON site-specific personnel training program. The SO will ensure that all program elements specified below are supplied to all affected employees.

At the time of initial assignment for employees to the work site, or whenever a new hazard is introduced into the work area, employees will attend a health and safety meeting or briefing that includes the information indicated below.

- Hazardous chemicals present at the work site.
- Physical and health risks of the hazardous chemicals.
- The signs and symptoms of overexposure.
- Procedures to follow if employees are overexposed to hazardous chemicals.
- Location of the SDS file and Written Hazard Communication Program.
- How to determine the presence or release of hazardous chemicals in the employee's work area.
- How to read labels and review SDSs to obtain hazard information.
- Steps WESTON has taken to reduce or prevent exposure to hazardous chemicals.
- How to reduce or prevent exposure to hazardous chemicals through the use of controls procedures, work practices, and personal protective equipment.
- Hazardous, non-routine tasks to be performed (if any).
- · Chemicals within unlabeled piping (if any).

Hazardous Non-routine Tasks

When employees are required to perform hazardous non-routine tasks, the affected employee(s) will be given information by the SO about the hazardous chemicals he or she may use during such activity. This information will include specific chemical hazards, protective and safety measures the employee can use, and steps WESTON is using to reduce the hazards. These steps include, but are not limited to, ventilation, respirators, presence of another employee, and emergency procedures.

Chemicals in Unlabeled Pipes

Work activities may be performed by employees in areas where chemicals are transferred through unlabeled pipes. Prior to starting work in these areas, the employee will contact the SO, at which time information as to the chemical(s) in the pipes, potential hazards of the chemicals or the process involved, and the safety precautions that should be taken will be determined and presented.

Multi-Employer Work Sites

It is the responsibility of the SO to provide other employers with information about hazardous chemicals imported by WESTON to which their employees may be exposed, along with suggested safety precautions. It is also the responsibility of the SO and the Site Manager to obtain information about hazardous chemicals used by other employers to which WESTON employees may be exposed.



WESTON's chemical listing will be made available to other employers, as requested. SDSs will be available for viewing, as necessary.

The location, format, and/or procedures for accessing SDS information must be relayed to affected employees.



ATTACHMENT E AIR SAMPLING DATA SHEETS



			AIR MON	ITORING F	PROGRAM	1		
-			Fie	eld Data She	ets			
Location:			Aerosol	GM: Shield Probe/ Thin Window				
% LEL	% O ₂	PID (units)	FID (units)	Monitor (mg/m³)	mR/hr	cpm	Nal (uR/hr)	ZnS (cpm)
	Monit	tox (ppm)			D	etector Tube	(s)	
Sound Lev	ols (dRΔ)	Illumination	рН	Other	Other	Other	Other	Other
Souria Lev	eis (ubA)	mummation	рп	Other	Other	Other	Otilei	Other
Location:								
				Aerosol Monitor		eld Probe/ /indow	Nal	ZnS
% LEL	% O ₂	PID (units)	FID (units)	(mg/m³)	mR/hr	cpm	(uR/hr)	(cpm)
	Mar:	tov (nnm)				otootor Tuka	(c)	
	IVIONI	tox (ppm)			D	etector Tube	(8)	
Sound Lev	rels (dBA)	Illumination	рН	Other	Other	Other	Other	Other



AIR MONITORING/SAMPLING DATA LOG									
Client:).:		Sample No.:			
Address:	ress:			d By:		Date:			
Employee and Location Information									
Employee Name:		Em	ployee N	0.:		Job Title:			
Respirator ☐ APR ☐ PAPR ☐ SAR ☐ SCBA	☐ PAPR ☐ ½ Mask ☐ Full Face ☐ SAR ☐ ½ Mask ☐ Full Face ☐ SCBA			Manufa				dge Type:	
PPE: Hard Ha	t HPD Glo	oves 📙	Safety Sho	bes ∐ (Coveralls	☐ Other:			
		S	ampling	Data					
Sampling Type: TWA STEL Full Shift Partial S		Media:				Pump Ty	pe/Seria	al No.:	
Calibrator/Serial No.:			ibration:			Post-Cal	ibration	:	
/ 2. 3. avg-pre:			:			1. 2. 3. avg-post	2.		
Start Time:	t Time: Restart Time: Rest				Avg. Flo	ow rate:	v rate: % Change:		
1 st Stop Time:	2 nd Stop Time:	3 rd S	top Time:		Total Ti	me:	e: Volume:		
Multiple Samples for this ☐ Yes ☐ No		ultiple Cher Yes	nical Expo	sures:		Exposure Time:			
	, <u> </u>		pling Co	nditions			<u>-</u>		
Weather Conditions:	Temp:	R.H:		3.P.:		Other:			
Engineering Controls:	- r								
		Subst	tances E	valuated	d				
Substance	Result	Substanc		Resu		Substa	псе	Result	
		Observat	tions and	l Comm	ents				

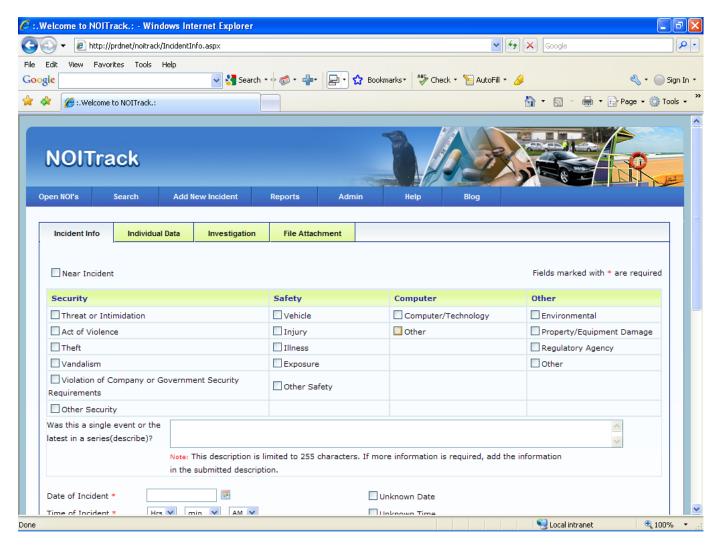
Date: _____

QA by: _____



ATTACHMENT F INCIDENT REPORTING





Please go to NOITrack using the following link to complete incident reporting. If you are in the field and do not have access to NOITrack, please contact someone in your office to do the reporting for you.

http://asweb/noitrack/IncidentInfo.aspx

Questions can be directed to Susan Hipp-Ludwick at 610.701.3046.



ATTACHMENT G TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN



ATTACHMENT H ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH & SAFETY INSPECTION CHECKLIST



ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH AND SAFETY INSPECTION CHECKLIST

Project Name:	-	
Inspector:	-	
Submit to:	-	
	Date:	



THE WESTON SITE APPEARANCE

YES	NO		COMMENT
		Is the site secured to prevent inadvertent, unnecessary, or unauthorized access? Are gates closed and locked at any time that the access point is not occupied or visible to site workers?	
		Are access points posted with signs to indicate client and end-user client name, WESTON's name and logo, names of other contractors and sub-contractors, project name and location, and appropriate safety messages?	
		Are required postings in place (e.g., Labor Poster, Emergency Phone Numbers, Site Map, etc.)?	
		Are site trailers tied down per local code and provided with stairs that have a landing platform with guard and stair railings?	
		Is a Site Safety file system established in the office to maintain records required by applicable safety regulations	
		Is the Health and Safety Plan (HASP) or Accident Prevention Plan (APP) amended as scope of work changes, hazards are discovered or eliminated or if risk change?	
		Is the Site Safety Plan and the Safety Officers Field Manual on site?	
		Is new employee indoctrination provided?	
		Have site Rules been provided, discussed and signed off on by all employees	
		Incident Reporting procedure explained to all?	
		Is site management trained in the WESTON (and client as applicable) Incident Reporting system?	
		Are NOI and Supplemental Report forms and OSHA 300 Log available on site?	
		Is Site Management aware of the Case Management and Incident Investigation Procedures?	
		Is there a list of preferred provider medical facilities available?	
		Has the "Inspection By A Regulatory Agency" procedure been reviewed by all site management?	
		Will Competent Persons be required because of activities to be performed, equipment to be used or hazards to be encountered?	
		POLICIES	
YES	NO		COMMENT
		Each individual employee is aware that he or she responsible for complying with applicable safety requirements, wearing prescribed safety equipment and preventing avoidable accidents.	
		Do employees understand that they will wear clothing suitable for existing weather and work conditions and the minimum work uniform will include long pants, sleeved work shirts, protective footwear, hard hat, and safety glasses unless otherwise specified via the HASP.	
		Are employees provided safety and health training to enable them to perform their work safely? Is all training documented to indicate the date of the session, topics covered, and names of participants?	
		Safety meetings are conducted daily. The purpose of the meetings are to review past activities, review pertinent tailgate safety topics and establish safe working procedures for anticipated hazards encountered during the day.	
		Training has been provided to all personnel regarding handling of emergency situations that may arise from the activity or use of equipment on the project.	
		Employees/contractors are informed and understand that they may not be under the influence of alcohol, narcotics, intoxicants, or similar mind-altering substances at any time. Employees found under the influence of or consuming such substances will be immediately removed from the job site.	
		Site workers and operators of any equipment or vehicles are able to read and understand the signs, signals, and operating instructions of their use.	
		Have contractors performing work provided copies of relevant documentation (such as medical fit-for-duty, training certificates, fit-tests, etc.) prior to initiation of the project?	



SANITATION 29 CFR 1926 Subparts C, D. EM 385-1-1, Section 2

YES	NO		COMMENT
		Is an adequate supply of drinking water provided? Is potable/drinking water labeled as such? Are there sufficient drinking cups provided?	COMMENT
		Are there a sufficient number of toilets?	
		Are washing facilities readily available and appropriate for the cleaning needs?	
		Are washing facilities kept sanitary with adequate cleansing and drying materials?	
		Waste is secured so as not to attract rodents, insects, or other vermin?	
		Is an effective housekeeping program established and implemented?	
		ACCIDENT PREVENTION SIGNS, TAGS, LABELS, SIGNALS, AND PIPING SYSTEM IDE 29 CFR 1926 Subpart G. EM 385-1-1, Section 8	NTIFICATION
YES	NO		COMMENT
		Are signs, tags, and labels provided to give adequate warning and caution of hazards and instruction/directions to workers and the public?	
		Are all employees informed as to the meaning of the various signs, tags, and labels used in the workplace and what special precautions are required?	
		Are construction areas posted with legible traffic signs at points of hazard?	
		Are signs required to be seen at night lighted or reflectorized?	
		Tags contain a signal word ("danger" or "caution") and a major message to indicate the specific hazardous condition or the instruction to be communicated to the employee. Tags follow requirements as outlined in 29 CFR 1926.200.	
		MEDICAL SERVICES AND FIRST AID 29 CFR 1926 Subparts C, D. EM 385-1-1, Section 3	
YES	NO		COMMENT
		Is a local medical emergency facility (LMEF) identified in the HASP or APP?	
		Has the LMEF been visited to verify the directions and establish contacts?	
		Has site management reviewed WESTON's incident management procedures?	
		Have clinics and specialists that will help WESTON manage injuries and illnesses been identified?	
		Is there at least two (2) people certified in First Aid and CPR?	
		Are first aid kits available at the command post and appropriate remote locations?	
		Are first Aid Kits and Eyewash/Safety Showers inspected weekly?	
		Are 15 minute eyewash/safety showers in place if required?	



FIRE PREVENTION AND PROTECTION 29 CFR 1926 Subpart F. EM 385-1-1, Section 9

L	YES	NO		COMMENT
			Is an Emergency Response and Contingency Plan in place?	
			Are emergency phone numbers posted?	
			Are fire extinguishers selected and provided based on the types of materials and potential fire classes in each area?	
			Are fire extinguishers provided in each administrative and storage trailer, within 50 ft but no closer than 25 ft of any fuel or flammable liquids storage, on welding and cutting equipment, on mechanical equipment?	
			Are fire extinguishers checked daily and inspected monthly?	
			Do site personnel know the location of fire extinguishers and how to use them?	
			Are flammable and combustible liquids stored in approved containers?	
			Safety cans are used for dispensing flammable or combustible liquids in 5 gallon or less volumes.	
Ī			Are flammable and combustible liquids stored in flammable storage cabinets or appropriate storage areas?	
ſ			Are flammable materials separated from oxidizers by at least 20 feet (or 5 foot tall, ½ -hour rated fire wall) when in storage?	
Ī			Are fuel storage tanks double walled or placed in a lined berm?	
Ī			Spills are cleaned up immediately and wastes are disposed of properly.	
Ī			Combustible scrap, debris, and waste material (oily rags) are stored in closed metal containers and disposed of promptly.	
Ī			Vehicle fueling tanks are grounded and bonding between the tank and vehicle being fueled is provided?	
Ī			LPG is stored, handled, and used according to OSHA regulations 29 CFR 1926.	
Ī			LPG cylinders are not stored indoors.	
Ī			Is a hot work permit program in place? See WESTON FLD-36	
ľ			Is smoking limited to specific areas, prohibited in flammable storage areas and are signs posted to this effect?	



HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES, AGENTS, AND ENVIRONMENTS 29 CFR 1926 Subparts D, Z. EM 385-1-1, Sections 6, 28

YES	NO		COMMENT
		Are operations, materials and equipment evaluated to determine the presence of hazardous contaminants or if hazardous agents could be released in the work environment?	
		Are SDS for substances made available at the work-site when any hazardous substance is procured, used, or stored?	
		Are all containers and piping containing hazardous substances labeled appropriately?	
		Is there an inventory of hazardous substances?	
		Is there a site Specific Hazard Communication Program?	
		Spill kits appropriate for the hazardous materials present are on site and their location is known to spill responders.	
		Is disposal of excess hazardous chemicals performed according to WESTON's guidelines and RCRA regulations?	
		Before initiation of activities where there is an identified asbestos or lead hazard, is there a written plan detailing compliance with OSHA and EPA asbestos or lead abatement requirements? Does the plan comply with state and local authority, and USACE requirements, as applicable?	
		Are personnel trained and provided with protection against hazards from animals, poisonous plants, and insects?	



PERSONAL PROTECTIVE AND SAFETY EQUIPMENT, RESPIRATORY AND FALL PROTECTION 29 CFR 1926 Subparts D, E, M. EM 385-1-1, Section 5

YES	NO		COMMENT
		Do employees understand that the minimum PPE is hard hat, safety glasses with side shields and safety shoes or boots and that long pants and a sleeved shirt are required?	
		Has the SSHC reviewed the PPE requirements in the HASP against actual site conditions and certified that the PPE is appropriate? (see Field Manual, PPE Program)	
		PPE is inspected, tested and maintained in serviceable and sanitary condition as recommended by the manufacturer. Is defective or damaged equipment taken out of service and repaired or replaced?	
		Are workers trained in the use of the PPE required?	
		Are personnel exposed to vehicular or equipment traffic, including signal persons, spotters or inspectors required to vests or apparel marked with a reflective or high visibility material?	
		Is there a noise hazard? If yes, hearing protection will be required.	
		Is there a splash or splatter hazard? Face shields or goggles will be required.	
		Will personnel be working in or over water? Personnel Floatation devices will be required.	
		Is there a welding hazard? Welding helmet and leathers will be required. Is there a cutting torch hazard? Goggles and protective clothing will be required.	
		Is each person on a walking/working surface with an unprotected side or edge which is 6 feet (1.8 m) or more above a lower level protected from falling by the use of guardrail systems, safety net systems or personal fall arrest systems? See WESTON FLD 25 (Note General Industry standard is four feet).	
		Guardrail systems are used as primary protection whenever feasible. Guardrail construction meets criteria in 29 CFR 1926.502(b).	
		Personal fall arrest systems (PFAS) are inspected and appropriate for use.	
		Ropes and straps (webbing) used in lanyards, lifelines, and strength components of body belts and body harnesses are from synthetic fibers.	
		Safety nets and safety net installations are constructed, tested and used according to 29 CFR 1926.502.c	
		Is respirator use required? See WESTON Respiratory Protection Program	
		Persons using respiratory protection have been successfully medically cleared, trained, and fit tested.	
		Respirators are used according to the manufacturer's instructions, regulatory requirements, selection criteria, and health and safety plan provisions.	
		For Level C operations with organic vapor contamination, is the cartridge change-out schedule documented?	
		Is breathing certified as Grade D, or better, and certification available on-site?	



MACHINERY AND MECHANIZED EQUIPMENT 29 CFR 1926 Subparts N, O, CC and DD. EM 385-1-1, Sections 16, 17, 18

YE	-S NO		COMMENT
		Are inspections of machinery by a competent person established?	
		Is equipment inspected daily before its next use?	
		Equipment inspection reports are reviewed, followed-up on negative findings and records of inspections are maintained?	
		Machinery or equipment found to be unsafe is taken out of service until the unsafe condition has been corrected.	
		Is there a preventive maintenance program established?	
		Are operators of equipment qualified and authorized to operate?	
		Is all self-propelled construction and industrial equipment equipped with a reverse signal alarm?	
		Are seats or equal protection provided for each person required to ride on equipment. Are seatbelts installed and worn on motor vehicles, as appropriate.	
		All equipment with windshields is equipped with powered wipers. If fogging or frosting is possible, operable defogging or defrosting devices are required.	
		Internal combustion engines are not operated in enclosed areas unless adequate ventilation is made. Air monitoring is conducted to assure safe working conditions.	
		Is each bulldozer, scraper, dragline, crane, motor grader, front-end loader, mechanical shovel, backhoe, or similar equipment equipped with at least one dry chemical or carbon dioxide fire extinguisher with a minimum rating of 5-B:C?	
		Will cranes or other lifting devices be used? If so, are the following documents available on site: 1) a copy of the operating manual, 2) load rating chart, 3) log book, 4) a copy of the last annual inspection and 5) the initial on-site inspection?	
		Do operators have certificates of training to operate the type of crane(s) to be used?	
		Is a signal person provided when the point of operation is not in full view of the vehicle, machine, or equipment operator? When manual (hand) signals are used, is only one person designated to give signals to the operator?	
		Signal persons back one vehicle at a time. While under the control of a signal person, drivers do not back or maneuver until directed. Drivers stop if contact with the signal person is lost.	
		Is a critical lift plan prepared by a competent person whenever: a lift is not routine, or a lift exceeds 75% of a crane's capacity, a lift results in the load being out of the operator's line of sight, or a lift involves more than one crane, a man basket is used, or the operator believes there is a need for a critical lift plan.	
		Fork Lifts (Powered Industrial Trucks) - Will forklifts be used on site?	
		All forklifts meet the requirements of design, construction, stability, inspection, testing, maintenance, and operation as indicated in ANSI/ASME B56.1 Safety Standards for Low Lift and High Lift Trucks.	
		Do forklift operators have certificates of training?	
		Are pile driving operations conducted according to EM 385-1-1, Section 16.L?	
		Is drilling equipment operated, inspected, and maintained as specified in the manufacturer's operating manual? Is a copy of the manual available at the work-site? See also the Drilling Safety Guide in the Safety Officers Field Manual.	
		Are flag persons provided when operations or equipment on or near a highway expose workers to traffic hazards? Do flag persons and persons working in proximity to a road wear high visibility vests? Are persons exposed to highway vehicle traffic protected by signs in all directions warning of the presence of the flag persons and the work? Do signs and distances from the work zone conform to federal and local regulations?	



MOTOR VEHICLES 29 CFR 1926 Subpart O. EM 385-1-1, Section 18

L	YES	NO		COMMENT
			Motor vehicle operators have a valid permit, license, or certification of ability for the equipment being operated.	
			Inspection, maintenance, and repair is according to manufacturer's requirements by qualified persons.	
			Vehicles are inspected on a scheduled maintenance program.	
			Vehicles not in safe operating condition are removed from service until defects are corrected.	
			Glass in windshields, windows, and doors is safety glass. Any cracked or broken glass is replaced.	
			Seatbelts are installed and worn.	
			The number of passengers in passenger-type vehicles does not exceed the number which can be seated.	
			Trucks used to transport personnel have securely anchored seating, a rear end gate, and a guardrail.	
			No person is permitted to ride with arms or legs outside of a vehicle body; in a standing position on the body; on running boards; seated on side fenders, cabs, cab shields, rear of the truck or on the load.	
ſ			ATV operators possess a valid state driver's license, have completed an ATV training course prior to operation of the vehicle, and wear appropriate protective equipment such as helmets, boots, and gloves.	



EXCAVATING AND TRENCHING 29 CFR 1926 Subpart P. EM 385-1-1, Section 25

	YES	ОИ		COMMENT
			Has the known or estimated location of utility installations such as sewer, telephone, fuel, electric, water lines, or any other underground installations that may be expected to be encountered during excavation been determined before excavation? Have utility locations been verified by designated state services according to state regulations? Has the client provided clearance where state jurisdiction doesn't apply?	
			Have overhead utilities in excavation areas been identified and either de-energized, shielded or barricaded so excavating equipment will not come within 10 feet?	
			Are inspections of the excavation, the adjacent areas, and protective systems made daily and as necessary by a competent person?	
			Are Protective systems in place as prescribed by the competent person?	
			Is material removed from excavations managed so it will not overwhelm the protective systems?	
			Are barriers provided between excavations and walkways?	
			Are excavations by roadways barricaded to warn vehicles of presence or to prevent them from falling in?	
			Is there a means of exit from the excavation every 25 feet?	
			Is air monitoring required? If yes, Is it performed?	
_			CONFINED SPACES 29 CFR 1910 Subpart J. EM 385-1-1, Section 6	
	YES	NO		COMMENT
			Is there a Confined Space Entry Program in place?	
			Are the confined Spaces identified and labeled?	
			Will the Confined Spaces be entered?	
Ī			Is appropriate entry documentation used and on-file?	



ELECTRICAL 29 CFR 1926 Subpart K. EM 385-1-1, Section 11

YES	NO		COMMENT
		Are electrical installations made according to the National Electrical Code and applicable local codes?	
		Qualified electricians make all connections and perform all work within 10 feet of live electric equipment.	
		Location of underground, overhead, under floor, behind wall electrical lines is known and communicated. Lines are documented by qualified person as de-energized where necessary.	
		Workers understand they must not work near live parts of electric circuits, unless they are qualified as required by OSHA or are protected by de-energizing and grounding the parts, guarding the parts by insulation, or other effective means?	
		Employees who regularly work on or around energized electrical equipment or lines are instructed in the cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) methods.	
		Workers are prohibited from working alone on energized lines or equipment over 600 volts.	
		Are Ground-fault circuit interrupters (GFCl's) or is ground fault circuit protection provided to protect employees from ground-fault hazards for all 115 – 120 Volt, 15 and 20 amp receptacle outlets which are not a part of the permanent wiring of a building or structure at construction sites?	
		Circuit breakers are labeled.	
		Circuit breaker and all cabinets with exposed electric conductors are kept tightly closed.	
		Unused openings (including conduit knockouts) in electrical enclosures and fittings are closed with appropriate covers, plugs, or plates.	
		Sufficient access and working space is provided and maintained about all electrical equipment to permit ready and safe operations and maintenance.	
		Motors are located within sight of their controllers or controller disconnecting means are capable of being locked in the pen position or is a separate disconnecting means installed in the circuit within sight of the motor.	
		Are visual inspections of extension cords and cord-and plug-connected equipment conducted daily? Is equipment found damaged or defective tagged and removed from service, and not used until repaired?	
		Wet Areas - Is portable lighting used in wet or conductive locations, such as tanks or boilers operated at no more than 12 volts and protected by GFCIs.	
		Are electrical installations in hazardous areas to NEC?	
		Metal ladders and tools including tape measures or fabric with metal thread are prohibited where contact with energized electrically parts is possible.	
		All extension cords are the three-wire type, designed and rated for hard or extra hard usage?	
		Worn or frayed electrical cords or cables are taken out of service. Fastening with staples, hanging from nails or suspending extension cords by wire is prohibited.	
		Electric wire/flexible cord passing through work areas is protected from damage such as foot traffic, vehicles, sharp corners, projections and pinching? Flexible cords and cables passing through holes are protected by bushings or fittings?	
		Before an employee or contractor performs any service or maintenance on a system where the unexpected energizing, start up, or release of kinetic or stored energy could occur and cause injury or damage, the system is to be isolated. Only authorized persons may apply and remove lockouts and tags.	
		Contractors planning to use hazardous energy control procedures submit their hazardous energy control plan to the WESTON site safety officer or designee before implementing lockout/tagout procedures.	
		There is a site specific hazardous energy control plan that clearly and specifically outlines the scope, purpose, authorization, rules and techniques to be used for the control of hazardous energy.	
		Workers possess the knowledge and skills required for the safe application, usage, and removal of energy controls.	



WELDING AND CUTTING 29 CFR 1926 Subpart J. EM 385-1-1, Section 10

YES	NO		COMMENT
		Prior to performing welding, cutting or any other heat or spark producing activity, an assessment of the area is made by a	
		competent person to identify combustible materials and potential sources of flammable atmospheres.	
		Welders, cutters and their supervisors are trained in the safe operation of their equipment, safe welding and cutting practices, hot work permit requirements, and fire protection.	
		Welding and cutting equipment is inspected daily before use. Unsafe equipment is taken out of use, replaced, or repaired.	
		Workers and the public are shielded from welding rays, flashes, sparks, molten metal, and slag.	
		Employees performing welding, cutting, or heating are protected by PPE appropriate for the hazards (e.g., respiratory, vision and skin protection).	
		Compatible fire extinguishing equipment is provided in the immediate vicinity of welding or cutting operations.	
		Drums, tanks, or other containers and equipment which have contained hazardous materials shall be thoroughly cleaned before welding or cutting. Cleaning shall be performed in accordance with NFPA 327, <u>Cleaning or Safeguarding Small Tanks and Containers</u> , ANSI/AWS F4.1, <u>Recommended Safe Practices for the Preparation for Welding and Cutting of Containers That Have Held Hazardous Substances</u> , and applicable health and safety plan requirements.	
		HAND AND POWER TOOL SAFETY	
		29 CFR 1926 Subpart I. EM 385-1-1, Section 13	
		29 GFR 1920 Subpart I. Lim 303-1-1, Section 13	
YES	NO		COMMENT
		Power tools are from a manufacturer listed by a nationally recognized testing laboratory for the specific application for which they are to be used.	
		Hand & power tools are inspected, maintained, tested, and determined to be in safe operating condition before use.	
		Tools found to be unsafe are not used, tagged and repaired or destroyed.	
		Users of tools are trained in safe use.	
		Electrical tools have cords and plug connections in good repair.	
		Electrical tools are effectively grounded or approved double insulated.	
		Reciprocating, rotating, and moving parts of equipment are guarded if they may be accessed by employees or they otherwise create a hazard.	
		Safety clips/retainers are installed and maintained on pneumatic impact tool connections.	
		Chain saws have an automatic chain brake or anti-kickback device.	
		Pneumatic and hydraulic hoses and fittings are inspected regularly.	
		Employees who operate powder actuated tools are trained and carry valid operator's cards.	
		Powder activated tools are stored in individual locked containers, when not in use and are not loaded until ready to use.	
		Powder actuated tools are inspected for obstructions or defects daily before use.	
		Powder actuated tool operators have appropriate PPE.	



RIGGING 29 CFR 1926 Subpart H. EM 385-1-1, Section 15

YES	NO		COMMENT
		Rigging equipment is inspected as specified by the manufacturer, by a qualified person, before use on each shift and as necessary to assure that it is safe.	
		Defective equipment is removed from service.	
		Rigging not in use is removed from the work area, properly stored, and maintained in good condition.	
		Wire rope removed from service for defects is cut up or plainly marked as unfit for use as rigging.	
		The number of saddle clips used to form eyes in wire rope conforms with Table H-20, are spaced evenly and the saddles are on the live side.	
		Chain rigging has a tag clearly indicating load limits, is inspected before initial use, then weekly, and is of alloyed metal.	
		Fiber rope rigging is not used if it is frozen or has been subject to acids or excessive heat.	
		Slings and their fittings and fastenings are inspected before use on each shift and as needed during use.	
		Drums, sheaves, and pulleys on rigging hardware are smooth and free of surface defects that can damage rigging.	
		MATERIAL HANDLING, STORAGE, AND DISPOSAL 29 CFR 1926 Subpart H. EM 385-1-1, Section 14	
YES	NO		COMMENT
		Employees are trained in and use safe lifting techniques.	
		Materials are not moved or suspended over workers unless positive precautions have been taken to protect workers.	
		Conveyors are constructed, inspected, & maintained by qualified persons according to manufacturer's recommendations.	
		All conveyors are to be equipped with emergency stopping devices.	
		Hazardous exposed moving machine parts are guarded mechanically, electrically or by location.	
		Controls are clearly marked and/or labeled to indicate the function controlled.	
		Taglines are used for suspended loads where the movement may be hazardous to persons.	
		Material in storage is protected from falling or collapse by effective stacking, blocking, cribbing, etc.	
		Walkways and aisles are to be kept clear.	
		Materials are not stored on scaffolds or runways in excess of normal placement or in excess of safe load limits.	
		Work areas and means of access are maintained safe and orderly.	
		Tools, materials, extension cords, hoses or debris do not cause tripping or other hazards.	
		Storage and construction sites are kept free from the accumulation of combustible materials.	
		Waste materials and rubbish are placed in containers or, if appropriate, in piles. Waste materials are disposed of in accord with applicable local, state, or federal requirements.	



FLOATING PLANT AND MARINE ACTIVITIES 29 CFR 1926 Subpart O. EM 385-1-1 Section 19

YES	NO		COMMENT
		Floating plants that are regulated by the USCG have current inspections and certificates.	
		Before any floating plant is brought to the job site and placed in service it is inspected and determined to be in safe operating condition	
		Periodic inspections are made such that safe operating conditions are maintained. Strict compliance with EM 385-1-1, Section 19 is expected.	
		Plans are in place for removing or securing the plant and evacuation of personnel endangered by severe weather and other marine emergencies such as; fire, flooding, man overboard, hazardous materials incidents, etc.	
		Means of access are properly secured, guarded, and maintained free of slipping and tripping hazards.	
		Dredging operations follow guidelines as established in EM 385-1-1, Section 19.D.	
		PRESSURIZED EQUIPMENT AND SYSTEMS 29 CFR 1926 Subparts I, F. EM 385-1-1, Section 20	
YES	NO		COMMENT
		Pressurized equipment and systems are inspected before being placed into service.	
		Pressurized equipment or systems found to be unsafe are tagged "Out of Service-Do Not Use".	
		Systems and equipment are operated, inspected, and maintained by qualified, designated personnel.	
		Safe clearance, lockout/tagout procedures are followed as appropriate during maintenance or repair.	
		Air hose, pipes, fittings are pressure-rated for the activity. Defective hoses are removed from service.	
		Hoses aren't laid over ladders, steps, scaffolds, or walkways in a manner that creates a tripping hazard.	
		The use of compressed air for personal cleaning is prohibited. The use of compressed air for other cleaning is restricted to less than 30 psig.	
		Compressed gas cylinders are stored in well-ventilated locations.	
		Cylinders in storage are separated from flammable or combustible liquids and from easily ignitable materials by at least 40 feet or by a minimum five feet tall, ½ -hour fire resistive partition.	
		Stored cylinders containing oxidizing gases are separated from fuel gas cylinders by at least 20 feet or by a minimum five feet tall, ½ -hour fire resistive partition.	
		Cylinder valve caps are in place when cylinders are in storage, in transit, or a regulator is not in place.	
		Compressed gas cylinders in service are secured in substantial fixed or portable racks or hand trucks.	
		Oxygen cylinders and fittings are kept away from, and free from oil and grease.	
		Cylinder Storage areas are posted with the names of the gases in storage and with signs indicating "No Smoking or Open Flame".	
		Cylinders are to be stored such that mechanical and corrosion damage is avoided. Cylinders are not to be stored in areas required as an egress path.	
		Cylinders may be stored in the open outdoors, however, they must be protected from the ground to prevent corrosion and must	



WORK PLATFORMS/SCAFFOLDS 29 CFR 1926 Subparts L, M, N. EM 385-1-1 Sections 21, 22

YES	NO		COMMENT
		Work platforms are erected, used, inspected, tested, maintained and repaired according to manufacturer's requirements.	
		Construction, inspection, and disassembly of scaffolds is under the direction of a competent person.	
		Workers on scaffolding have been trained by a qualified person.	
		Scaffolds are erected on a firm and level surface and are square and plumb.	
		Scaffolds are not loaded in excess of rated capacity.	
		Working levels of work platforms are fully planked or decked.	
		Planks are in good condition and free from obvious defects.	
		Fabricated frame scaffolding four times higher than the base width is secured to building/structure according to manufacturer's instruction and/or OSHA requirements.	
		Working platforms of scaffolding over ten feet in height have guard rails meeting OSHA specifications. Fall protection is suggested at four feet or greater.	
		Scaffolding/work platforms are accessed by means of a properly secured ladder or equivalent. Built on ladders conform to scaffold ladder requirements. Climbing of braces is not allowed.	
		Crane supported work platforms are designed and used in accordance with OSHA standards.	
		Elevating work platforms are operated, inspected, and maintained according to the equipment operations manual.	
		Employees working in aerial lifts remain firmly on the floor of the basket. Employees use fall protection while in an aerial lift basket.	



WALKING AND WORKING SURFACES AND STAIRS 29 CFR 1926 Subparts L, M, X. EM 385-1-1, Sections 21, 22, 24

YES	NO		COMMENT
		Work areas are clean, sanitary, and orderly	
		Work surfaces are kept dry or appropriate means are taken to assure the surfaces are slip-resistant	
		Accumulations of combustible dust are routinely removed.	
		Aisles and passageways are kept clear and marked as appropriate.	
		There is safe clearance for walking in aisles where motorized or mechanical handling equipment is operating.	
		Materials or equipment is stored in such a way that sharp projections will not interfere with the walkway.	
		Changes of direction or elevation are readily identifiable.	
		Aisles or walkways that pass near moving or operating machinery, welding operations or similar operations are arranged so employees will not be subjected to potential hazards.	
		Standard guardrails are provided wherever aisle or walkway surfaces are elevated more than 30 inches above any adjacent floor or the ground and bridges provided where workers must cross over conveyors and similar hazards.	
		There are standard stair rails or handrails on all stairways having four or more risers or with an elevation of 30 or more inches.	
		Stairways are at least 22 inches wide. (General Industry Standard)	
		Stairs angle no more than 50 and no less than 30 degrees, risers are uniform from top to bottom (plus or minus 1/4 inch) and are provided with a surface that renders them slip resistant.	
		Stairway handrails are not less than 36 inches above the leading edge of stair treads and have at least 3 inches of clearance between the handrails and the wall or surface they are mounted on.	
		Where doors or gates open directly on a stairway, there is a platform provided so the swing of the door does not reduce the width of the platform to less than 20 inches.	
		Where stairs or stairways exit directly into any area where vehicles may be operated, there are adequate barriers and warnings provided to prevent employees stepping into the path of traffic.	
		Signs are posted showing the load capacity of elevated storage areas.	
		An appropriate means of access and egress is provided for surfaces with 19 or more inches of elevation change.	
		Material on elevated surfaces is minimized, with that necessary for immediate work requirements piled, stacked, or racked in a manner to prevent it from tipping, falling, collapsing, rolling, or spreading.	
		FLOOR AND WALL HOLES AND OPENINGS 29 CFR 1926 Subpart M. EM 385-1-1, Section 24	
YES	NO		COMMENT
		Floor and roof openings that persons can walk into or fall through are guarded by a physical barrier or covered.	
		Holes (defined as equal to or greater than 2 inches in least dimension) where person could trip must be covered/protected.	
		Unprotected sides and edges on a walking/working surface six feet or more (note four feet in General Industry) are protected by guardrail system, safety net, or Personal Fall Arrest System (PFAS).	
		Unused portions of service pits and pits not actually in use are either covered or protected by guardrails or equivalent.	
		Coverings for holes or other openings must be constructed of sufficient strength to support any anticipated load, must be secured in place to prevent accidental removal or displacement, and must be marked indicating purpose (e.g., stenciled "Hole" or painted contrasting color to surroundings).	



LADDERS 29 CFR 1926 Subpart X. EM 385-1-1, Section 21

	25 of K 1520 outpart X. Livi 505-1-1, Occilon 21	
Ю	-	COMMENT
	Portable ladders are used for their designed purpose only.	
	Portable ladders are examined for defects prior to, and after use.	
	Ladders found to be defective are clearly tagged to indicate "DO NOT USE" if repairable, or destroyed immediately if no repair is possible.	
	Workers are trained in hazards associated with ladder use and how to inspect ladders.	
	Ladders have secure footing provided by a combination of safety feet, top of ladder tie-offs and mud cills or a person holding the ladder to prevent slipping.	
	The handrails of a straight ladder used to get from one level to another extend at least 36 inches above the landing.	
	Ladders conform to construction criteria of ANSI Standards A-14.1 and A-14.2.	
	Wooden ladders are not painted with an opaque covering such that signs of flaws, cracks, or drying are obscured.	
	Fixed ladders are constructed and used according to OSHA Standards, 29 CFR 1910.27 and ANSI A-14.3.	
	Rungs, cleats or steps, and side rails that may be used for handholds when climbing, offer adequate gripping surface and are free of splinters, slivers or burrs, and substances that could cause slipping.	
	Fixed ladders of greater than 24 feet have cages or other approved fall protection devices. (Note General Industry is 20 feet).	
	Where fall protection is provided by ladder safety systems (body belts or harnesses, lanyards and braking devices with safety lines or rails), systems meet the requirements of and are used in accordance with WESTON Fall Protection Standard Practices and are compatible with construction of the ladder system.	
	DEMOLITION	
	29 CFR 1926 Subpart T. EM 385-1-1, Section 23	
10		COMMENT
	person) is completed.	
	All employees engaged in demolition activities are instructed in the demolition plan.	
	It has been determined through the engineering survey and outlined in the plan, if any hazardous materials or conditions (e.g., asbestos, lead, utility connections, etc.) exist. Such hazards are controlled or eliminated before demolition is started.	
\neg	Continued inspections, by a competent person, are conducted to ensure safe employee working conditions.	
		Wooden ladders are not painted with an opaque covering such that signs of flaws, cracks, or drying are obscured. Fixed ladders are constructed and used according to OSHA Standards, 29 CFR 1910.27 and ANSI A-14.3. Rungs, cleats or steps, and side rails that may be used for handholds when climbing, offer adequate gripping surface and are free of splinters, slivers or burrs, and substances that could cause slipping. Fixed ladders of greater than 24 feet have cages or other approved fall protection devices. (Note General Industry is 20 feet). Where fall protection is provided by ladder safety systems (body belts or harnesses, lanyards and braking devices with safety lines or rails), systems meet the requirements of and are used in accordance with WESTON Fall Protection Standard Practices and are compatible with construction of the ladder system. DEMOLITION 29 CFR 1926 Subpart T. EM 385-1-1, Section 23 Prior to initiating demolition activities an engineering survey (by a competent person) and a demolition plan (by a competent person) is completed. All employees engaged in demolition activities are instructed in the demolition plan. It has been determined through the engineering survey and outlined in the plan, if any hazardous materials or conditions (e.g., asbestos, lead, utility connections, etc.) exist. Such hazards are controlled or eliminated before demolition is started.



TREE MAINTENANCE AND REMOVAL 29 CFR 1910 Subpart R. EM 385-1-1, Section 31

YES	NO		COMMENT		
		Tree maintenance or removal is done is under the direction of a qualified person.			
		Tree work, in the vicinity of charged electric lines, is by trained persons qualified to work with electricity and tree work. Appropriate distances are maintained for all workers who are not qualified.			
		Equipment is inspected, maintained, repaired, and used in accordance with the manufacturer's directions.			
		Prior to felling actions are planned to include clearing of the area to permit safe working conditions and escape.			
		Employees must be trained in the safe operation of all equipment.			
		All equipment and machinery is inspected and determined safe prior to use.			
		Work is performed under requirements of FLD 43.			
	BLASTING 29 CFR 1926 Subpart U. EM 385-1-1, Section 29				
YES	NO		COMMENT		
		A blasting safety plan is developed prior to bringing explosives on-site.			
		The transportation, handling, storage, and use of explosives, blasting agents, and blasting equipment must be directed and supervised by a person with proven experience and ability in blasting operations. Licensing of person is verified.			
		Blasting operations in or adjacent to cofferdams, piers, underwater structures, buildings, structures, or other facilities must be carefully planned with full consideration to potential vibration and damage.			
	HAZARDOUS, TOXIC, AND RADIOACTIVE WASTE AND UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK (UST) ACTIVITIES 29 CFR 1926 Subpart D. EM 385-1-1, Section 28				
YES	NO		COMMENT		
		All construction activities performed with known or potential exposure to hazardous waste are conducted in accordance with Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response requirements.			



CONCRETE and MASONRY CONSTRUCTION 29 CFR 1926 Subpart Q. EM 385-1-1, Section 27

YES	NO		COMMENT
		Construction loads are not placed on a concrete or masonry structure or portion of a concrete or masonry structure unless the employer determines, based on information from a person who is qualified in structural design, that the structure or portion of the structure is capable of supporting the loads.	
		Employees are not permitted to work above or in positions exposed to protruding reinforcing steel or other impalement hazards unless provisions have been made to control the hazard.	
		Sections of concrete conveyances and airlines under pressure are secured with wire rope (or equivalent material) in addition to the regular couplings or connections.	
		Structural and reinforcing steel for walls, piers, columns, and similar vertical structures is supported and/or guyed to prevent overturning or collapse	
		All form-work, shoring, and bracing is designed, fabricated, erected, supported, braced, and maintained so it will safely support all vertical and lateral loads that may be applied until the loads can be supported by the structure.	
		Shoring equipment is inspected prior to erection to determine that it is specified in the shoring design. Any equipment found to be damaged is not used.	
		Erected shoring equipment is inspected immediately prior to, during, and immediately after the placement of concrete. Any shoring equipment that is found to be damaged, displaced, or weakened is immediately reinforced or re-shored.	
		Shoring, vertical slip forms and jacks conform with requirements of Section 27.B.08-13 of USACE EM 385-1-1.	
		Forms and shores (except those on slab or grade and slip forms) are not removed until the individual responsible for forming and/or shoring determines that the concrete has gained sufficient strength to support its weight and all superimposed loads.	
		Precast concrete members are adequately supported to prevent overturning or collapse until permanent connections are complete	
		No one is permitted under pre-cast concrete members being lifted or tilted into position except employees required for the erection of those members.	
		Lift slab operations are planned and designed by a registered engineer or architect.	
		Hydraulic jacks used in lift slab construction have a safety device that causes the jacks to support the load in any position if the jack malfunctions	
		No one is permitted under the slab during jacking operations.	
		A limited access zone is established whenever a masonry wall is being constructed.	
		Fall protection is provided to masonry workers exposed to falls of 6 feet or more.	



STEEL ERECTION 29 CFR 1926 Subpart R. EM 385-1-1, Section 27

YES	NO		COMMENT
		Impact wrenches have a locking device for retaining the socket. Containers shall be provided for storing or carrying rivets, bolts,	
Ш	ш	and drift pins, and secured against accidental displacement when aloft.	
		Structural and reinforcing steel for walls, piers, columns, and similar vertical structures shall be guyed and supported to prevent	
		collapse	
		No loading is placed upon steel joists until all bridging is completely and permanently installed.	
		Workers are provided fall protection whenever they are exposed to falls of 1.8 m (6 ft) or more (EM 385-1-1).	
		Temporary flooring in skeleton steel erection conforms with Section 27.F of USACE 385-1-1	
		ROOFING 29 CFR 1926 Subpart M. EM 385-1-1, Sections 21, 22, 24, 27	
Yes	No		COMMENT
165	INO	In the construction, we introduce a construction of societies of societies and the societies are societies as the societies and the societies are societies as the societies are societies are societies as the societies are societies as the societies are soci	COMMENT
		In the construction, maintenance, repair, and demolition, of roofs, fall protection systems is provided that will prevent personnel from slipping and failing from the roof and prevent personnel on lower levels from being struck by falling objects	
	П	On all roofs greater than 4.8 m (16 ft) in height, a hoisting device, stairways, or progressive platforms are furnished for supplying	
		materials and equipment.	
		Roofing materials and accessories that could be moved by the wind, including metal roofing panels, that are on the roof and	
		unattached are secured when wind speeds are greater than, or are anticipated to exceed, 10 mph.	
		Level, guarded platforms are provided at the landing area on the roof.	
		Level, guarded platforms are provided at the landing area on the roof. When their use is permitted, warning line systems comply with USACE Section 27.07 of EM 385-1-1.	
		When their use is permitted, warning line systems comply with USACE Section 27.07 of EM 385-1-1. Workers involved in roof-edge materials handling or working in a storage area located on a roof with a slope -/= to four vertical to	
		When their use is permitted, warning line systems comply with USACE Section 27.07 of EM 385-1-1.	



ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLIANCE

Yes	No		Comments
		Environmental Compliance and Waste Management Plan on file.	
		Waste Determination Made.	
		Manifest and/or Shipping Papers prepared and filed.	
		Manifest Exception Reports Prepared, as necessary. Procedures to track manifests in place.	
		State Annual and EPA Biennial Reporting Information Available.	
		RCRA Personnel Training Records on file.	
		CAA Permits on file.	
		CWA Permits on file.	
		RCRA Permits on file.	
		State and/or Local Permits on file.	
		RCRA Inspections conducted and Documentation on file.	
		Transporter and TSD compliance information on file.	
		Waste Accumulation Areas Managed Properly.	
		Wetlands Areas Identified and Protected.	
		Endangered, Threatened, or Special Concern Species or Areas Identified and Protective Methods Determined.	
		Run-on and Runoff Concerns Identified and Managed.	
		Adjacent Land Areas Protected as Necessary.	
		Non-Hazardous Solid Wastes Managed Properly.	



MISCELLANEOUS REGULATORY and POLICY COMPLIANCE

Yes	No		Comments
		Personnel Training Records for DOT Materials Handling on file.	
		Noise Control Issues Addressed and Managed.	
		Site Security Issues Identified and Managed.	
		Known Historical, Archeological, and Cultural Resources Identified and Managed.	
		WESTON EHS Analysis Checklist In Use.	
		Safety Observation and Recognition Program in place.	
		Weekly EHS Report Card System in place.	
		Federal, State, and Local Required Postings in place.	
		Site specific Lockout/Tagout Program is in place.	
		Site-specific Confined Space Program is in place.	
		Site Safety Officer filing system is in place and up to date.	



APPENDIX C

COMMUNITY AIR MONITORING PLAN (CAMP)



Community Air Monitoring Plan

Study Area Bounded by Pyrex Street, E. Pulteney Street, Post Creek and Chemung River Corning, NY NYSDEC Project ID 851046

June 2014

Prepared for

Corning Incorporated Corning, New York

Prepared by

WESTON SOLUTIONS, INC. West Chester, Pennsylvania 19380

W.O. No. 02005.056.001.0001



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LIST OF ACRONYMS

CAMP Community Air Monitoring Plan

COPCs constituents of potential concern

HASP Health and Safety Plan

mg/m³ milligrams per cubic meter

 $\mu g/m^3$ micrograms per cubic meter

NYSDEC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation

WESTON® Weston Solutions, Inc.



1. INTRODUCTION

This Community Air Monitoring Plan (CAMP) has been prepared by Weston Solutions, Inc. (WESTON®) on behalf of Corning Incorporated to detail the dust control and air monitoring procedures to be performed during the execution of characterization activities at the Study Area located in Corning, New York, bounded by Pyrex Street on the west, E. Pulteney Street on the north, Post Creek on the east and the Chemung River on the south (Study Area). This air monitoring plan will supplement the existing Health and Safety Plan (HASP) and provide an additional measure of protection to potential receptors not directly involved with the characterization activities.

As presented in the Study Area Characterization Work Plan (Work Plan), intrusive characterization activities planned to be conducted within the Study Area may include subsurface soil sampling and groundwater investigations. Since the primary constituents of potential concern (COPCs) at the Study Area are arsenic, cadmium, and lead, air monitoring for dust particulates and dust control techniques will be performed during intrusive activities to provide an additional measure of protection to the surrounding community.

2. METHODS

Perimeter air monitoring for dust particles will be conducted at a minimum of two stations, one generally located upwind, and one generally located downwind of any intrusive characterization activity. In addition, due to the close proximity of playgrounds, athletic playing fields, schools and childcare centers, more stringent CAMP requirements will be necessary. When work areas are within 20 feet of these locations, the continuous monitoring locations for particulates must reflect the nearest potentially exposed individuals. The use of engineering controls such as dust barriers will be considered to prevent exposures related to the work activities and to control dust and odors. Consideration will be given to implementing the planned activities when potentially exposed populations are at a minimum (i.e. during hours when children are not likely to be present). Common-sense measures to keep dust and odors at a minimum around the work areas



will also be implemented to ensure that the children are protected at all times. No visible dust will leave the work area.

As the location of characterization activities will change, the location of the monitoring point relative to the activity will be modified as needed and documented. The monitoring location will be positioned to provide data representative of potential migration of dust in the direction of nearby receptors. The perimeter monitoring equipment will be portable, which will allow the monitoring network to be adjusted if needed to adapt to changes in activities or meteorological conditions.

Particulate monitoring is the measurement of fine liquid or solid particles such as dust, smoke, mist, fumes or smog, in particle sizes less than 10 microns (PM₁₀), in the ambient air. During intrusive activities such as subsurface soil sampling and groundwater monitoring well installation, the generation of dust particles will be monitored. The equipment selected to monitor PM₁₀ will be the Thermo Electron Corporation personal DataRAM (pDR), or equivalent. The pDR is a light-scattering monitor, designed for measuring airborne particulates such as aerosols and dusts. The units are portable and measure the concentration of airborne particulate matter (up to 10 μ m in size) continuously and in real time, with results expressed in milligrams per cubic meter (mg/m³), or 1,000 micrograms per cubic meter (μ g/m³). Particulate concentrations can be measured over the following ranges: 0.01 – 10 mg/m³ (equivalent to 10 – 10,000 μ g/m³) and 0.1 – 100 mg/m³ (equivalent to 100 – 100,000 μ g/m³). The pDR meets performance standard for a real-time particulate monitor according to the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Technical Guidance for Site Investigation and Remediation; May 2010.

3. CALIBRATIONS

Calibration of instruments will be performed prior to the start of daily activities. Additional calibrations will be performed as needed or whenever maintenance is performed involving the functional elements of the unit. Calibration data will be documented in the field log book or on designated calibration log sheets.



4. DATA RECORDING

The data collected during the monitoring program will be used for real-time data display and notification to on-site personnel when the action levels are exceeded (action levels are discussed in Section 5). All ambient air monitoring data will be recorded in the site field logbook or designated field sheets and the results of the air monitoring will be communicated to the NYSDEC and NYSDOH on scheduled basis (i.e. daily for levels which require actions, weekly for routine monitoring data).

5. ACTION LEVELS

The action level established herein will be used as an indicator that potential excessive migration of dust particles may be occurring during the characterization activities. Monitored ambient air concentrations above the action level will result in actions being taken to more stringently control fugitive emissions or trigger quantitative sampling.

The NYSDEC recommended action level for fugitive dust is $100 \,\mu\text{g/m}^3$ greater than background (measured at the upwind location) for a 15 minute period. At this concentration, work may continue with dust suppression techniques provided that no visible dust is migrating from the working area, and the downwind particulate levels do not exceed $150 \,\mu\text{g/m}^3$ greater than background (measured at the upwind location). If the downwind particulate levels exceed $150 \,\mu\text{g/m}^3$ greater than background (measured at the upwind location), work will stop and dust suppression techniques will be re-evaluated.

If the perimeter monitors detect concentrations above the $100 \mu g/m^3$ action level, Site supervisory personnel will be notified. Notifications will be sent to the WESTON Site Manager and the Site Health and Safety Officer. Upon receiving the notification message, the supervisor will assess the situation and initiate appropriate administrative and/or engineering controls to mitigate the migration of dust particles.