Corning® ClearCurve® ZBL Optical Fiber

Product Information

CORNING

ColorPro™ Identification

ClearCurve ZBL fiber is also available in colored and

ringmarked variants, enabled

by ColorPro™ identification

technology. Corning fibers with ColorPro™ identification

technology deliver better efficiency in cable manufacturing,

product offering.

How to Order

Contact your sales

representative, or call

the Optical Fiber Customer Service Department:

Ph: 1-607-248-2000 (U.S./Can.) +44-1244-525-320 (Europe) Email: cofic@corning.com Please specify the fiber type, attenuation, and quantity when ordering.

simplify inventory management, and leverage an enhanced fiber

Technology



Designed to meet even the most challenging indoor installations where high transmission rates and low distortion are imperative, Corning® ClearCurve® ZBL optical fiber delivers industry-leading macrobending performance. When subjected to small radius bends, this full-spectrum single-mode fiber exhibits virtually no signal loss. ClearCurve ZBL fiber exceeds the most stringent bend performance requirements of Recommendation ITU-T G.657.B3 and remains compatible and fully compliant with Recommendation ITU-T G.652.D.

Optical Specifications

Maximum Attenuation

Wavelength (nm)	Maximum Value* (dB/km)
1310	≤ 0.35
1383**	≤ 0.35
1490	≤ 0.24
1550	≤ 0.20
1625	≤ 0.23

^{*}Alternate attenuation offerings available upon request.

Attenuation vs. Wavelength

Range	Ref. λ	Max. α Difference
(nm)	(nm)	(dB/km)
1285 – 1330	1310	0.03
1525 – 1575	1550	0.02

The attenuation in a given wavelength range does not exceed the attenuation of the reference wavelength (λ) by more than the value α .

Macrobend Loss

Mandrel Radius	Number of	Wavelength (nm)	Induced Attenuation*
(mm)	Turns		(dB)
5	1	1550	≤ 0.10
5	1	1625	≤ 0.30

^{*}The induced attenuation due to fiber wrapped around a mandrel of a specified radius.

Point Discontinuity

Wavelength	Point Discontinuity
(nm)	(dB)
1310	≤ 0.05
1550	≤ 0.05

Cable Cutoff Wavelength (λ_{cc})

 $\lambda_{cc} \leq 1260 \text{ nm}$

Mode Field Diameter

Wavelength	Mode Field Diameter
(nm)	(μm)
1310	8.6 ± 0.4
1550	9.65 ± 0.5

Dispersion

Wavelength	Dispersion Value
(nm)	[ps/(nm•km)]
1550	≤ 18
1625	≤ 23

Zero Dispersion Wavelength (λ_0): 1304 nm $\leq \lambda_0 \leq$ 1324 nm Zero Dispersion Slope (S_0) : $\leq 0.092 \text{ ps/(nm}^2 \cdot \text{km)}$

Polarization Mode Dispersion (PMD)

Value (ps/Vkm)

	Tanac (P3, Titili)
PMD Link Design Value	≤ 0.06*
Maximum Individual Fiber PMD	≤ 0.2

^{*}Complies with ITU-T G.650-2 Appendix IV, (m = 20, Q = 0.01%), August 2015.

The PMD link design value is a term used to describe the PMD of concatenated lengths of fiber (also known as PMD_Q). This value represents a statistical upper limit for total link PMD. Individual PMD values may change when fiber is cabled.



^{**}Attenuation values at this wavelength represent post-hydrogen aging performance.

Dimensional Specifications

Glass Geometry

Coating Geometry

Fiber Curl	≥ 4.0 m radius of curvature
Cladding Diameter	125.0 ± 0.7 μm
Core-Clad Concentricity	≤ 0.5 μm
Cladding Non-Circularity	≤ 0.7%

Coating Diameter	242 ± 5 μm
Coating-Cladding Concentricity	< 12 μm

Environmental Specifications

Environmental Test	Test Condition	Induced Attenuation 1310 nm, 1550 nm, and 1625 nm (dB/km)
Temperature Dependence	-60°C to +85°C*	≤ 0.05
Temperature Humidity Cycling	-10°C to +85°C up to 98% RH	≤ 0.05
Water Immersion	23°C ± 2°C	≤ 0.05
Heat Aging	85°C ± 2°C	≤ 0.05
Damp Heat	85°C at 85% RH	≤ 0.05

Operating Temperature Range: -60°C to +85°C *Reference temperature = +23°C

Mechanical Specifications

Proof Test

The entire fiber length is subjected to a tensile stress ≥ 100 kpsi (0.69 GPa). Higher proof test levels are available.

Length

Fiber lengths available up to 50.4 km/spool.

Performance Characterizations

Characterized parameters are typical values.

Numerical Aperture	1310 nm: 0.14
Effective Group Index of Refraction $(n_{\mbox{\tiny eff}})$	1310 nm: 1.4670 1550 nm: 1.4677
Fatigue Resistance Parameter (n _d)	20
Coating Strip Force	Dry: 0.6 lbs. (3 N)
Rayleigh Backscatter Coefficient (for 1 ns Pulse Width)	1310 nm: -77 dB 1550 nm: -82 dB